Public Document Pack



Tuesday, 5 January 2021

Tel: e-mail -

CABINET

You are summoned a meeting of the Cabinet will be held remotely, via Cisco Webex on **Wednesday**, 13 January 2021 at 2.00 pm.

Giles Hughes Chief Executive

To: Members of the Cabinet

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Councillors: Councillor Michele Mead (Chair), , Councillor Suzi Coul, Councillor Merilyn
Davies, Councillor Jeff Haine, Councillor David Harvey,
Councillor Norman MacRae MBE and Councillor Toby Morris

Due to the current social distancing requirements and guidance relating to Coronavirus Regulations 2020 – Part 3 – Modification of meetings and public access requirements this meeting will be conducted remotely using Cisco Webex.

Members of the public will be able to follow the proceedings through a broadcast on West Oxfordshire District Council Facebook account (You do not need a Facebook account for this).

Recording of Proceedings – The law allows the public proceedings of Council, Cabinet, and Committee Meetings to be recorded, which includes filming as well as audio-recording. Photography is also permitted. By participating in this meeting, you are consenting to be filmed.

As a matter of courtesy, if you intend to record any part of the proceedings please let the Committee Administrator know prior to the start of the meeting.

AGENDA

1. Notice of Decisions

To receive notice of the decisions taken at the meeting held on Wednesday 16 December 2020 (previously circulated)

2. Apologies for Absence

3. **Declarations of Interest**

To receive any declarations from Members of the Committee on any items to be considered at the meeting

4. Participation of the Public

To receive any submissions from members of the public, in accordance with the Council's Rules of Procedure.

5. Receipt of Announcements

Purpose:

To receive any announcements from the Leader of the Council or Members of the Cabinet

6. **Designation of Ascott under Wychwood Neighbourhood Area** Purpose:

To determine the proposed designation of the Ascott under Wychwood Neighbourhood Area by Ascott under Wychwood Parish Council, which encompasses the entire Parish of Ascott under Wychwood and includes an area of land with five properties within the Parish of Shipton under Wychwood.

Recommendation:

That the application for Neighbourhood Area Designation by Ascott under Wychwood Parish Council be approved, as explained in the report at Annex A.

7. Revised Draft Affordable Housing Supplementary Planning Document Purpose:

To agree that a revised draft Affordable Housing Supplementary Planning Document (SPD) is published for the purposes of a six-week public consultation.

Recommendation:

That the revised draft Affordable Housing Supplementary Planning Document (SPD) attached at Annex B is published for a six-week period of public

consultation.

8. Proposed Changes to Contract Procedure Rules

Purpose:

To simplify the procurement process for low value procurements, change the thresholds outlined in the current CPRs and align them with all other Publica Councils. The proposed changes will enable officers to self-serve under £25,000.

Recommendation:

That Council be recommended to adopt the proposed revised Contract Procedure Rules appended to this report, with immediate effect.

9. **2021/22 Budget**

Purpose:

To consider (i) initial base budgets; (ii) fees and charges for 2021/22; (iii) adoption of the Council Tax Base for 2021/22; and (iv) the submission of the business rates return.

Recommendations:

- (a) That Cabinet approves:
 - (i) The draft base budgets for 2021/22 as detailed in Annex A; and
 - (ii) Fees and charges for 2021/22, as detailed in Annex D, for inclusion as part of the Budget recommendations to Council on 24 February 2021;
- (b) That Council be recommended to approve:
 - (i) The Council Tax Base shown in Annex E, calculated as £44,917.91 for the year 2021/22;
 - (ii) Authorising the Chief Finance Officer to submit the National Non-Domestic Rates Return 1 (NNDR1) to the Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government by the submission date of 31 January 2021; and
 - (iii) Authorising the Chief Finance Officer to approve the annual uprating of allowances and non-dependant deductions in the Local Council Tax Support Scheme in line with national regulations.

10. Exclusion of Public and Press

In view of the likely disclosure of exempt information, as defined in paragraph 3 of Part 1 of Schedule 12A to the Local Government Act 1972, the public be

excluded from the meeting for the remaining item of business.

11. Options for the Future Use of the Guildhall, Chipping Norton

Purpose:

To consider options for the future of the Guildhall Chipping Norton.

Recommendations:

- (a) That Cabinet considers the options and decides which option(s) to progress; and
- (b) That the Group Manager for Commissioning be authorised, in consultation with the Cabinet Member for Resources, the Chief Finance Officer and the Monitoring Officer, to approve the final detailed heads of terms for a sale or lease of the site under the options chosen to progress.

(END)

Agenda Item 6

WEST OXFORDSHIRE DISTRICT COUNCIL	West Oxfordshire District Council
Name and date of Committee	Cabinet: Wednesday 13 January 2021
Report Number	Agenda Item No. 6
Subject	Designation of Ascott under Wychwood Neighbourhood Area
Ward affected	Ascott and Shipton
Accountable member	Councillor Jeff Haine, Cabinet Member for Strategic Planning; Email: Jeff.Haine@westoxon.gov.uk
Accountable officer	Giles Hughes, Chief Executive Tel: 01993 861613; Email: Giles.Hughes@westoxon.gov.uk
Summary/Purpose	To determine the proposed designation of the Ascott under Wychwood Neighbourhood Area by Ascott under Wychwood Parish Council which encompasses the entire Parish of Ascott under Wychwood and includes an area of land with five properties within the Parish of Shipton under Wychwood.
Annex	Annex A: Application for Neighbourhood Area Designation by Ascott under Wychwood Parish Council
Recommendation	That the application for Neighbourhood Area Designation by Ascott under Wychwood Parish Council be approved, as explained in this report and Annex A.
Corporate priorities	The designation of the (proposed) Ascott under Wychwood neighbourhood area will enable the pursuit of the Ascott under Wychwood neighbourhood plan which may contribute to the achievement of the following corporate priorities:
	Climate action: leading the way in protecting and enhancing the environment by taking action locally on climate change and biodiversity
	Healthy towns and villages: facilitating healthy lifestyles and better wellbeing for everyone
	A vibrant district economy: securing future economic success through supporting existing local businesses and attracting new businesses to deliver the economic ambitions of the local industrial strategy
	Strong local communities: supporting and building prosperous and inclusive local communities

	meeting the housing needs of our changing population: securing the provision of market and affordable housing of a high quality for a wide range of house holders making their home in West Oxfordshire	
Key Decision	N/A	
Exempt	No	
Consultees/ Consultation	Internal consultation with Planning Policy officers, Portfolio Holder for Strategic Planning and Shipton under Wychwood Parish Council.	

I. BACKGROUND

- 1.1. The Council received an application for the designation of a Neighbourhood Area for the (proposed) Ascott under Wychwood Neighbourhood Plan from Ascott under Wychwood Parish Council on 17 September 2020 (see Annex A)
- 1.2. Cabinet agreed at its meeting on 12 December 2012 that where a Neighbourhood Area designation diverges from the Parish Boundary (if it followed the Parish Boundary the designation would be automatic) and in doing so the Neighbourhood Area would cover two Parishes, the Cabinet would determine the application.
- 1.3. The Neighbourhood Area applied for deviates from the Ascott under Wychwood Parish boundary to include five properties located within Shipton under Wychwood Parish. The part of the parish of Shipton under Wychwood proposed to be included is shown in the shaded area on the plan on page 6.
- 1.4. The application for the designation of the Neighbourhood Area for the (proposed) Ascott under Wychwood Neighbourhood Plan was put to consultation for a six week period (ending 18 November 2020). No objections to the designation were received.
- 1.5. The Cabinet is now required to take a decision on this application for the designation of the Neighbourhood Area of the (proposed) Ascott under Wychwood Neighbourhood Plan.

2. MAIN POINTS

- 2.1. Ascott under Wychwood Parish Council is seeking to produce a Neighbourhood Plan for an area which includes Ascott under Wychwood and land which falls outside its parish boundary (see Annex A) to include five properties which sit within Shipton under Wychwood Parish.
- 2.2. In the application submitted for Neighbourhood Area designation, Ascott under Wychwood Parish Council note that the five properties located within Shipton under Wychood Parish 'straddle, sit on or are very close to the border with Ascott under Wychwood but are up to two miles from the nearest Shipton properties. They have always been treated as part of Ascott Parish; homeowners have traditionally regarded themselves as Ascott residents and have participated in the life of Ascott community'.
- 2.3. This assertion has been supported by the submission of signed consent forms of the five relevant property owners that the whole of their properties curtilage be included within the (proposed) Ascott under Wychwood Neighbourhood Area.
- 2.4. Shipton under Wychwood Parish Council resolved at its meeting on 15 October 2020 to support the Ascott under Wychwood Neighbourhood Area as proposed to include the five properties within its Parish. This consent has been granted with the knowledge that should Shipton under Wychwood Parish Council in the future choose to pursue a Neighbourhood Plan for Shipton under Wychwood Parish these five properties would be excluded from this. Any future Shipton under Wychwood Neighbourhood Area would align with the (proposed) Ascott under Wychwood Neighbourhood Area.
- 2.5. This Council's Planning Policy section acknowledges that due to the proximity of the five properties within Shipton under Wychwood Parish to the built up area of Ascott under Wychwood Parish that the (proposed) Ascott under Wychwood Neighbourhood Area presents a logical geography for Ascott under Wychwood Neighbourhood Plan.
- 2.6. Oxfordshire County Council has confirmed that it has no objections to the (proposed) Ascott under Wychwood Neighbourhood Area.

3. FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

3.1. None

4. LEGAL IMPLICATIONS

4.1. None at this stage.

5. RISK ASSESSMENT

5.1. Not applicable

6. CLIMATE CHANGE IMPLICATIONS

6.1. The Neighbourhood Plan may develop land use proposals and policies to be applied to land within the Neighbourhood Area which respond to the climate emergency.

7. ALTERNATIVE OPTIONS

7.1. The Council could choose not to support the Neighbourhood Area which includes land outside the Ascott under Wychwood parish boundary. Ascott under Wychwood Parish Council would, however, be able to produce a Neighbourhood Plan for a Neighbourhood Area which follows the Ascott under Wychwood Parish Boundary.

8. BACKGROUND PAPERS

8.1. None.

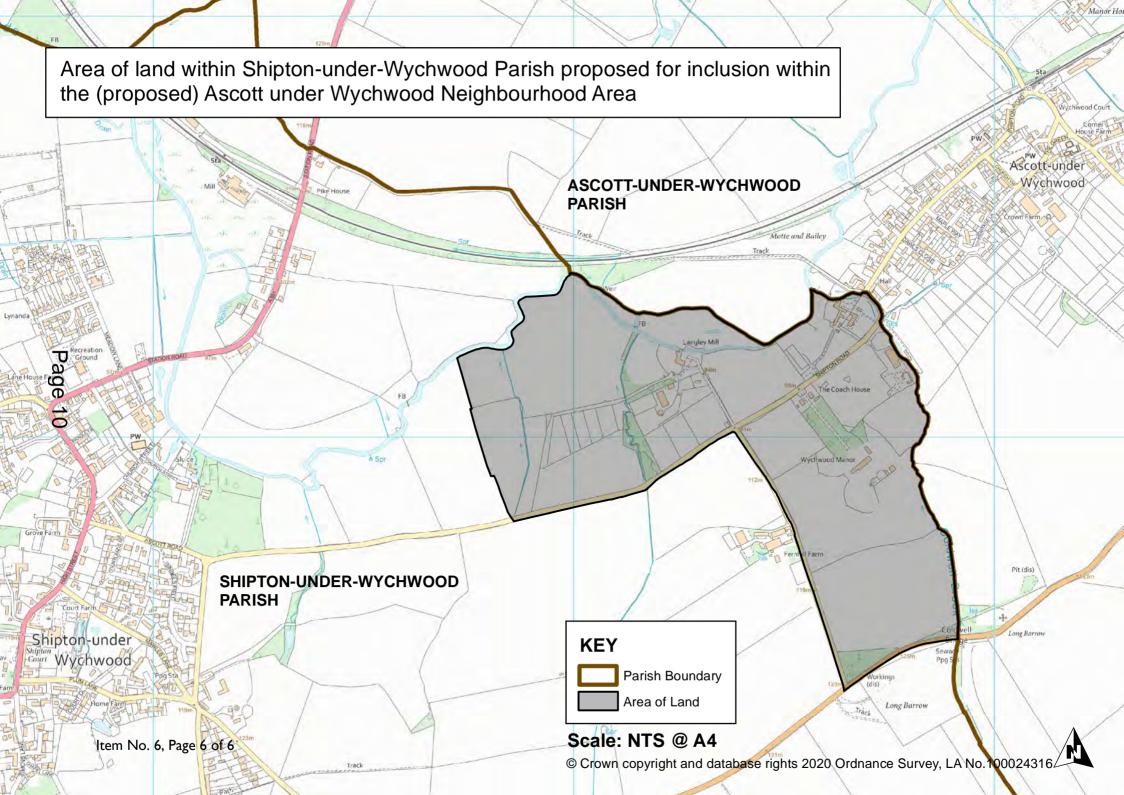
Application to West Oxfordshire District Council for the designation of the Ascott -under-Wychwood Parish Boundary

Plus 5 additional properties within adjacent Shipton-under-Wychwood
Parish

as the Designated Neighbourhood Area for the purposes of producing the Ascott-under-Wychwood Neighbourhood Plan Pursuant to the Neighbourhood Planning (General) Regulations 2012,s5.1.

- Ascott-under-Wychwood Parish Council resolved at its Parish Council Meeting of 11 May 2020 to proceed with the production of a Neighbourhood Plan and this Application is the preliminary stage in that process.
- 2. Ascott-under-Wychwood Parish is predominately rural with 5 outlying farms to the north of the settlement, 1 in the centre of the village and further agricultural land to the south of the settlement.
- 3. The settlement is built mostly along the flat land which follows the line of the river Evenlode and the Cotswold railway line. There are approximately 260 dwellings.
- 4. The western Parish boundary is marked by the Coldwell Brook and a Public Bridleway leading to the A361 close to Shipton-under-Wychwood railway station. It then follows the A361 North East as far as a small woodland named 5 Shilling Corner having crossed the road briefly to include land at Glebe Farm. From 5 Shilling Corner the Boundary meanders south-east through farmland crossing the Oxfordshire Way, the river Evenlode and the Cotswold Railway Line. Close to Smallstones Farm it crosses the B447 and reaches the boundary at Kingstanding before returning north of Fairspear Farm to the B4437 at Coldwell Bridge.
- 5. Neighbouring Parishes are Shipton-under-Wychwood, Lynham, Chilson, Wychwood and Leafield.
- 6. Ascott-under-Wychwood Parish Council agreed that the whole of the Parish should be submitted as the Designated Neighbourhood Area plus an area to include 5 properties in Shipton-under-Wychwood Parish.
- 7. These properties straddle, sit on or are very close to the border with Ascott-under-Wychwood Parish but are up to 2 miles from the nearest Shipton properties.
- 8. Wychwood Manor has held many fundraising events for the village. Melplash Farm, Wychwood Manor, Coldstone House and Coldwell Brook House have the Coldwell Brook (Ascott Parish Boundary) running along their curtilage. Land belonging to Langley Mill which includes a large field and woodland is actually within Ascott Parish.
- 9. Ascott-under-Wychwood Parish Council is a relevant (qualifying) body for the submission of this Application.

http://ascottpc.org.uk



Agenda Item 7

	WEST OXFORDSHIRE DISTRICT COUNCIL
WEST OXFORDSHIRE DISTRICT COUNCIL	
Name and date of Committee	Cabinet: Wednesday 13 January 2021
Report Number	Agenda Item No. 7
Subject	Revised Draft Affordable Housing Supplementary Planning Document (SPD)
Wards affected	All
Accountable member	Councillor Jeff Haine, Cabinet Member for Strategic Planning Email: jeff.haine@westoxon.gov.uk
Accountable officer	Chris Hargraves, Planning Policy Manager Tel: 01993 861686 Email: Chris.Hargraves@publicagroup.uk
Summary/Purpose	To agree that a revised draft Affordable Housing Supplementary Planning Document (SPD) is published for the purposes of a six-week public consultation.
Annexes	Annex A – Schedule of consultation responses received to initial draft SPD consultation including proposed WODC response
	Annex B – Revised Draft Affordable Housing Supplementary Planning Document (SPD)
Recommendation/s	That the revised draft Affordable Housing Supplementary Planning Document (SPD) attached at Annex B is published for a six-week period of public consultation.
Corporate priorities	Securing the provision of high quality affordable homes is a key aspect of the Council Plan 2020 – 2024.
Key Decision	No
Exempt	No
Consultees/ Consultation	A previous period of public consultation on the initial draft affordable housing supplementary planning document (SPD) took place from 10 July – 21 August 2020. See schedule of responses attached at Annex A.

I. BACKGROUND

- 1.1. Securing the provision of new affordable homes is a key priority of the Council as set out in the West Oxfordshire Council Plan (2020 2024) and the West Oxfordshire Local Plan 2031.
- 1.2. Policy H3 of the Local Plan seeks to boost the supply of new affordable homes in a number of ways including on-site as a proportion of larger market housing schemes of 11 or more units, through financial contributions from smaller market housing schemes of 6-10 units and through the provision of rural exception sites (RES).
- 1.3. To provide further detail on the operation of Policy H3, the District Council is in the process of preparing an Affordable Housing Supplementary Planning Document (SPD) which, when adopted, will replace the previous version published in 2007.
- 1.4. An initial draft was published for a six-week period of public consultation from 10 July until 21 August 2020. Consultation responses were received from eight organisations as follows:
 - Tetlow King on behalf of the Aster Group
 - Tetlow King on behalf of Rentplus UK
 - Green Axis
 - AECOM on behalf of Grosvenor Developments Ltd
 - Irwin Mitchell on behalf of Inspired Villages
 - Defence Infrastructure Organisation
 - Turley on behalf of the North Witney Land Consortium
 - Oxfordshire County Council
- 1.5. A full schedule of comments received is attached at Annex A (starting at page 4) together with the proposed WODC response. Where applicable, changes have been made to the revised draft SPD as indicated in the schedule of responses at Annex A and as set out in the revised draft SPD at Annex B (starting at page 28).
- 1.6. Where no change has been made, the reason for this is stated.

2. REVISED DRAFT AFFORDABLE HOUSING SPD

- 2.1. It can be seen from the schedule of comments at Annex A that the responses received to the initial draft SPD consultation were generally supportive, with most comments addressing relatively minor issues including points of clarity and factual accuracy.
- 2.2. Some respondents expressed concerns about the SPD going 'beyond' the policies of the Local Plan 2031 including in relation to the issue of zero-carbon homes.
- 2.3. A number of minor amendments have therefore been made to the revised draft SPD to ensure better alignment with Local Plan policies whilst keeping the overall structure, aims and objectives of the document intact.
- 2.4. The revised draft SPD fully recognises the climate and ecological emergencies which the District Council has declared and the key role that the design and energy efficiency of new homes has to play.
- 2.5. The most significant amendments made to the revised draft SPD are as follows:
 - Inter-relationship with the Council Plan more clearly explained;
 - Clarification provided in respect of affordable housing remaining as such in perpetuity to more fully align with the NPPF 2019;
 - Greater clarity on the indicative nature of the affordable dwelling size requirements contained therein;

- Greater clarity on the Council's affordable housing tenure preferences including increased reference to low cost affordable home ownership options;
- Further explanation provided on the potential role of self and custom-build in meeting affordable housing needs;
- Additional clarity on the Council's requirements in respect of accessible and adaptable dwellings;
- Closer alignment with the Local Plan in respect of renewable and low-carbon energy and sustainable construction;
- Expanded explanation of the potential benefits of Modern Methods of Construction (MMC); and
- Additional text provided in relation to supported living including housing for older people, adults with learning/physical disabilities or sensory problems, mental health problems and adults and young people with a disability.

3. NEXT STEPS

- 3.1. Subject to the agreement of Members, the revised draft SPD will be published for a further period of public consultation (6-weeks) after which point, any further responses and potential changes will be considered before Members are asked to formally adopt the SPD.
- 3.2. At that point the SPD will become a material consideration in the determination of relevant planning applications.

4. FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

4.1. The report raises no direct financial implications.

5. LEGAL IMPLICATIONS

5.1. The report raises no specific legal implications.

6. RISK ASSESSMENT

6.1. The report raises no specific risks.

7. EQUALITIES IMPACT

7.1. The report has no specific implications for any particular equality strand.

8. CLIMATE CHANGE IMPLICATIONS

8.1. The revised draft SPD includes a section addressing the climate and ecological emergency.

9. ALTERNATIVE OPTIONS

9.1. None.

10. BACKGROUND PAPERS

10.1. None.

Annex A – Schedule of Responses

Tetlow King on behalf of the Aster Group Issues raised	WODC response
The production of an updated affordable housing SPD is long overdue as the previous version dates from 2007 and predates the original and revised National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) its purpose was to supplement policy H11 of the West Oxfordshire Local Plan 2011 (adopted June 2006) which has now been superseded by a new local plan. It is appropriate that a new draft SPD has been prepared to supplement the West Oxfordshire local plan policy H3.	Comment noted.
We very much support the overall objectives of the SPD, in particular the objectives to improve the quality and range of affordable housing options in the District and to promote new and innovative approaches to the delivery of affordable housing. Aster is able to assist the Council in achieving these aims and we are pleased to see that Aster listed as a registered provider in Appendix 2.	Support noted.
As a general comment, we note that the SPD refers throughout to the NPPF (July 2018) this document was promptly superseded by NPPF (February 2019) and whilst the later version contains similar policies and wording of the NPPF July 2018, the earlier document was essentially revoked and it is no longer available on the MHCLG website. It is therefore more appropriate to refer to the NPPF (February 2019) as it is most up-to-date national planning policy advice.	Comment noted. The revised draft SPD has been amended to include reference to the NPPF 2019.
We note the comment in section 3.0 (page 7) that there is no singular definition of affordable housing which then follows with the West Oxfordshire definition. Whilst it is accepted that each local authority has a different approach to affordable housing in terms of priorities in addressing local housing need it is generally accepted that the NPPF definition takes primacy. However, we discourage local planning authorities from repeating the NPPF definition verbatim in an SPD as it	Comment noted. It is considered useful to include the NPPF definition in full for clarity and to save the reader having to cross-refer to the NPPF itself.
makes the document less adaptable to future changes and updates to national policy.	A footnote has however been added to the revised draft SPD to make it clear that the District Council will have regard to any amendments to the definition of affordable housing in future iterations of the NPPF.

The SPD is informed by the Oxfordshire SHMA (2014) which was the evidence base to the West Oxfordshire local plan 2031 and policy H3 affordable housing. It is an appropriate evidence base to the triting it will need to be updated to ensure that provides an accurate reflect of the housing market and affordability indicators. Additional text has however been added to the revised draft SPD to make it clear that the SHMA provides an indicative guide only in terms of, for example, the size of affordable homes needed. We note the reference in section 5.2 about the local plan seeking an indicative size mix of affordable housing that includes 65% one and two bedroom homes. It is paragraph 5.64 of the local that refers to one and two bedroom homes but it stated that this required to meet the needs of younger single and couple households, older people and small family households and will be used as guide. We are pleased to note that the last paragraph of section 5.2 states that the Council will at take account of local circumstance and any identified local needs with regards to this indicative requirement. Our main concern with this indicative requirement for 65% one and two bedroom homes is that it could generate more flatted development which are not always ideal from a management perspective. We therefore hope the indicative requirement is flexibly applied. We note at page 16 that West Oxfordshire restricts affordable rents to the lower of either 80% of market rent or the Local Housing Allowance. This is acceptable as long as the guidance within the MHCLG policy statement on Rents for Social Housing is applied, which permits annual rent increases housing will follow MHCLG guidance. No change required. Comment noted. The SHMA (2014) remains the most up to date evidence available on housing need at this point in time. Additional text has however been added to the revised draft SPD to make it clear that the stream of an indicative guide only in terms of of the local Housing an indicative size mix of make it clear t	Issues raised	WODC response
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Government policy on rent increases. By capping affordable rents in perpetuity, it prevents Housing Associations from increasing their affordable rents in line with Government policy. Preventing such inflation can have critical impacts on Registered Providers. For example, a Housing Associations long term assets may experience a static rent against a rise in all of their costs of management and maintenance in the face of inflation. In essence, this would give the effect of a rent cut for these businesses. The significant concern is that this scenario would be highly unsustainable and uncompetitive for Housing Associations and could potentially severely threat the delivery of affordable housing across West Oxfordshire. The draft SPD describes how shared ownership properties will be managed in West Oxfordshire, Comment noted. The text of the proposing a restriction of 50% of shared ownership homes to be sold at shares of 35% or less. revised draft SPD has been amended to state that the Council will 'seek to Although it is recognised that imposing such restrictions would be beneficial in helping to address ensure' rather than 'expect' that at affordability, many housing associations would find comfort with the 50% being expressed as an least 50% of each type and size of aspirational target rather than an expectation to enable greater flexibility of the delivery of shared shared ownership units on each ownership housing. scheme should initially be sold at shares of 35% or below in order to help ensure affordability. Comment noted. The text of the At the bottom of page 9 we notice that the affordable housing SPD seeks to secure all affordable housing in perpetuity. The NPPF's sole reference to retaining affordable housing in perpetuity is in revised draft SPD has been amended to Annex 2 where this is sought for affordable housing delivered on rural exception sites. This more accurately reflect the NPPF. principle is appropriate and supported by Aster as this helps to secure land for delivery of affordable housing in rural areas where housing delivery would otherwise not be supported. Securing affordable housing in perpetuity more widely is not supported for a number of reasons, foremost of which is that it restricts lenders appetite to fund development, as mortgage provision becomes more difficult with greater restrictions on individual properties. We would therefore advise that the council removes any references to securing affordable housing in perpetuity unless referring to rural exception sites.

Issues raised	WODC response
The NPPF states that rural exception sites should provide affordable housing to meet 'identified local needs'. There is a lack of clarification through the draft SPD on how to demonstrate local affordable housing need when considering a rural exception scheme. As the SPD itself mentions that small scale affordable housing schemes will need to meet 'specific local housing needs', the SPD should look to identify the parameters for demonstrating need, i.e. through parish needs surveys, but also for larger settlements where a parish needs survey may not be possible and other evidence may be needed to support a rural exception scheme.	Comment noted. Additional text has been added to the revised draft SPD to provide further clarification.
At page 21, the SPD states the following: "the Council will require larger housing developments of 50 or more units to provide a percentage of new homes as accessible and adaptable housing designed to meet Building Regulations Requirements M4(2). This is broadly equivalent to Lifetime Homes Standards and	Comment noted. The text of the revised draft SPD has been amended to provide greater clarity.
affordable units should be built to provide suitable levels of internal space as set out in the nationally described space standards. As a minimum the council will seek the provision of at least 25% of market and affordable homes to this standard."	
This paragraph is poorly worded as it is not clear if the applicant should be looking to provide 25% of market housing to the NDSS or to the M4(2) requirements. The Local Plan does not seek a proportion of homes to meet the NDSS and it would be inappropriate for an SPD to impose new policy. Local Plan policy H4 does however require that 25% of homes are designed to meet M4(2) which is an appropriate requirement.	
Tetlow King on behalf of Rentplus UK	
Issues raised	WODC response
The Rentplus model of affordable rent-to-buy aims to help those hard-working families and households unable to access ownership either through shared ownership, starter homes or homes on the open market, to overcome the mortgage 'gap'. This is achieved through a defined period of affordable Intermediate Rent at no more than 80% of local market value (including service charge) during which all Rentplus residents are able to save towards a deposit to supplement the 10% gifted deposit received from Rentplus.	Comments noted.

It is important to note that in 2018 the National Planning Policy Framework (the 'Framework') was revised to incorporate a wider definition of affordable housing, now providing four categories; rent-to-buy is included within category d) Other affordable routes to homeownership. The revised Framework also expanded the scope of 'Affordable housing for rent' to include not just 'traditional' affordable and social rented housing, but any scheme which meets criteria where the rent is at least 20% below local market rents, where the landlord is a registered provider, and where any public subsidy is recycled for future provision. Rentplus (working with its partner Registered Providers (RPs)) meets each of these

criteria; it does not rely on public subsidy and therefore there is no requirement to recycle it. The then- Planning Minister confirmed in a letter in 2019 that Rentplus meets the Government's expectation of rent to buy.

In this context, the Rentplus model is a hybrid and falls within both categories of affordable housing, as either part of the 'affordable housing to rent' element, or as an 'affordable route to home ownership'. This has also been recognised by several councils across England with whom Rentplus has worked with to deliver homes in recent years. The Rentplus model offers the opportunity for the Council and RPs to diversify the local housing offer without further recourse to public subsidy. The affordable rented period provides families and households with security of tenure, with certainty of management and maintenance by a local partner RP, and critically the opportunity to save towards purchase. As affordable rent to buy meets needs for affordable rent (the only difference being marked by the expectation by all parties of purchase), it comes with a significant benefit of freeing up existing affordable rented homes for others in priority need, as demonstrated by Rentplus schemes across England.

In diversifying the overall housing mix, Rentplus can help to create mixed and balanced communities. Rentplus tenants are on a clear path to homeownership, meaning they are more likely to remain in their property for the long-term and therefore better settle into their community. This helps to create a stronger sense of place in new developments in the long run. Paragraph 3.2 now sets out the broad categories of affordable housing and footnote 5 explains that they could be updated in future revisions of national policy. This is welcome as it allows the SPD to respond to changing circumstances should the Framework be amended in the future. Furthermore, Page 8 includes a useful table, providing further information regarding various forms

Comments noted. The text of the revised draft SPD has been amended accordingly.

of affordable housing such as Rent to Buy, this inclusion is welcomed. Similarly, the Council's identification of rent to buy as a rented product is welcome – as set out earlier in this representation, Rentplus meets the definition of 'affordable housing for rent' in Annex 2 of the Framework.

However, we recommend updating the definition of Rent to Buy. There are various models of rent to buy and the Council's definition as drafted would only encompass a few of these. Revised wording is set out below:

A government scheme to help first time buyers, or those returning to the market following relationship breakdown. Households are able to rent a home at 80% of the market value an affordable or intermediate rent, providing an opportunity to build up a deposit. If after the initial five years of letting the landlord wishes to sell the property, the existing tenant should have the right of first refusal to buy it. Similarly, if after the first five years the tenant submits a request to buy their home, it is expected that the landlord would agree. There are different models of rent to buy with different terms and conditions but generally households rent the property for a defined period with the expectation of purchase at the end of the period. Some rent to buy schemes include support towards purchase such as gifted deposits.

Paragraph 4.1 outlines the Affordable Housing Need within West Oxfordshire. These figures are taken from the Oxfordshire Strategic Housing Market Assessment (SHMA). The SHMA was produced in 2014 and therefore does not reflect the latest NPPF definition for affordable housing and reflects housing needs as matters stood some six years ago. With this in mind, we urge the Council to commission an updated SHMA that addresses these. Rentplus has worked with Lichfields to produce a methodology for assessing needs for rent to buy, which we are happy to share with the Council.

Comment noted. The SHMA (2014) remains the most up to date evidence available on housing need at this point in time. However, additional text has been added to the revised draft SPD to ensure that the status and age of the SHMA is clearly understood.

Section 5.0 (Future Affordable Housing provision in West Oxfordshire) deals with instances where viability issues mean the affordable housing proportion is reduced. Page 14 explains what will happen where the full proportion cannot be achieved. The SPD 'misses out a step' in this respect since it does not cover the potential to change the mix of tenures first. Rentplus notes from recent experience that Councils have accepted adjustments to the overall mix of tenures, to

Comment noted. The text of the draft SPD is reflective of Policy H3 of the Local Plan. The suggested text is effectively seeking to re-draft Policy H3

ensure that the full proportion of affordable housing can be delivered. For example, some which would not be appropriate within the context of the revised draft SPD. authorities have accepted Rentplus in place of affordable rented housing since the Rentplus model meets the Framework's definition of 'affordable housing to rent' (the only difference being the expectation of purchase by all parties) but generates higher rates of return than some other Notwithstanding this, a minor affordable products, therefore supporting development viability. amendment to the text of the revised draft SPD has been made to more The third paragraph on Page 14 should therefore be amended, and suggested wording is set out closely align with Policy H3. below: Policy H also recognises that in some instances, it may not be possible, even on larger market housing schemes, to deliver affordable housing on-site e.g. it is not physically possible or feasible, or there is evidence that a separate site may be more suitable to meet local need. Development proposals which seek to depart from these targets and tenure mix must be supported by evidence that explains why the affordable housing target is "not viable or otherwise appropriate" (Policy H3). If this is the case, the applicant should notify WODC as early as possible through pre-application discussions. In the first instance, the Council will consider adjustments to the tenure mix where this will maximise the overall proportion of affordable housing. Section 5.3 (Preferred Tenure Mix) outlines that the West Oxfordshire Local Plan highlights a Support noted. significantly greater need for rented accommodation than for the various forms of intermediate housing, with a ratio of 2:1 in favour of affordable rented homes. Despite this, it also states that each proposal will be a determined on a case by case basis. The draft SPD also provides further guidance with regards to each tenure mix which is welcomed. The 'A West Oxfordshire Living Rent' section states that "WODC is currently undertaking a Comment noted. The text of the study to explore a Living Rent model for West Oxfordshire including the level of discount from revised draft SPD has been amended to market rent required to be realistic for local people having regard to typical household incomes." provide a clear explanation of the With this in mind, Rentplus would welcome the opportunity to discuss this matter further. The current position in respect of the potential introduction of a Living Rent above sections demonstrate that the Rentplus have considerable experience in this field and their affordable rent to buy model would be an ideal fit for West Oxfordshire. in West Oxfordshire. We welcome the production of the Affordable Housing SPD and recommend some minor changes Support noted – see various to the policy wording, in order to reflect the requirements of national policy in securing affordable amendments outlined above. home ownership. Changes are also needed to better reflect the range of rent to buy schemes, which include the Rentplus model which offers greater degree of flexibility and the benefit of a gifted deposit.

Green Axis	
Issues raised	WODC response
It would be useful to add clarification that self <u>and</u> custom build are treated the same in terms of being a more affordable route to home ownership and hence classified as affordable under the SPD. We suggest including custom build in the 1000 homes site example on page 19 and perhaps include self and <u>custom</u> build in the tabulated definitions on pages 8 and 9.	Comment noted. The text of the revised draft SPD has been clarified in respect of self and custom build housing.
It is encouraging to see the commitment to zero-carbon homes as part of the SPD, together with the extract from the LETI design guide. Our experience is that cost effective low energy housing can be delivered when there is a clear direction and expectation from early stages of a scheme development.	Comments noted. The text of the revised draft SPD has been amended to address a number of other comments made on this section.
As buildings become more energy efficient in operation, by combination of good fabric design and the increasing supply of renewable energy, embodied carbon increases as a proportion of the whole carbon picture and takes on more prominence. We would like to see the SPD recommending the embodied carbon be reviewed as part of the zero carbon design process. This is noted in item 4 of the LETI extract on page 21 but should be made more explicit in the body text.	
It would be useful to provide a hyperlink to the LETI climate emergency design guide alongside the one provided for the Passivhaus Trust.	
We would be please to review and offer comment on the Sustainable Design and Construction Checklist when this has reached a draft stage.	
We fully support the inclusion of MMC as part of the solution to increasing speed of housing delivery.	Comment noted. The text of the revised draft SPD has been expanded to provide further explanation of the
This section primarily discusses the potential for MMC systems to contribute to energy efficiency and compliance with the Future Homes standard. For those readers unaware of the potential benefits which offsite construction brings, we would suggest that the content of this section be expanded to encourage MMC uptake and articulate some or all of the following:	benefits of MMC.

- Reduced site waste and disposal.
- Faster completion reduces impact on local residents.
- Less reliance on site trades improved quality from factory production.
- Improved quality and clear stages for inspection to address thermal bridging and airtightness key contributors to the industry wide gap between designed and as-built performance.
- Typically lightweight potential to build adjacent to or over existing buildings (per page 20).

It may be suitable to provide hyperlinks to appropriate trade/professional bodies for further information on MMC specification, design and certification.

AECOM on behalf of Grosvenor Developments Ltd	
Issues raised	WODC response
We support the production of the SPD, which updates the previous Affordable Housing SPD	Support noted.
completed in 2007, which provides an update on additional tenures, types of housing and evidence	
of need to help in the interpretation of Policy H3 and the refinement of affordable housing	
provision as a part of new development.	
Whilst the SPD covers the entire District and will a material consideration for all planning	Comments noted. The Garden Village
applications within West Oxfordshire, the OPA for OGV will be determined based on the	AAP and associated Outline Planning
updated policies within the Area Action Plan (AAP) as this becomes part of the formal	Application (OPA) are being taken
Development Plan. The AAP provides a separate affordable housing and overall housing policy	forward through separate processes to
(Policy 23, 24, 25 and 26). These policies are informed by a bespoke piece of evidence produced in	the Affordable Housing SPD.
the form of the Housing Strategy prepared by Iceni (as referenced in the draft SPD). The Reg 19	
AAP therefore provides an 'indicative guide' for both affordable and market homes to aid the	
determination of the OPA and subsequent Reserved Matters Applications.	
Grosvenor has been liaising with the Affordable Housing Officers and as part of the planning	
application has produced an Affordable Housing Statement outlining the situation at the point of	
submission. Building on the pre- and post-submission working with WODC's officer team, the	
Section 106 agreement will therefore outline the affordable housing contributions as part of the	
development. These discussions are referenced in the WODC affordable housing team's initial	

response to the submitted outline planning application, which also outlines the need to include consideration of the wider viability work to help "agree the affordable housing percentage, tenure mix and dwelling mix". Grosvenor is currently working with WODC and Oxfordshire County Council (OCC) to bring Comments noted. The Garden Village forward an optimal solution for the Garden Village and its supporting Infrastructure, including AAP and associated Outline Planning provision to meet the sub area needs beyond the development itself. Much of this has been Application (OPA) are being taken identified as a key element of placemaking, as part of the site-specific evidence base and to meet forward through separate processes to the ambitions for the Garden Village. This wider infrastructure outlined through the AAP and the the Affordable Housing SPD. OPA supporting documents, notably the site-specific Infrastructure Delivery Plan, will be secured through the Section 106 agreement and Section 278 highway agreement mechanisms. The required infrastructure to support the Garden Village is likely to be extensive, such that the draft CIL charging schedule, currently also out for consultation, states that "it should be noted that the five strategic sites allocated in the West Oxfordshire Local Plan 2031 are 'zero-rated' for the purposes of CIL for reasons of viability". This does not mean that the level of infrastructure provided is reduced based on this zero rating. The CIL work includes assumptions for typical section 106 agreements based on the Council's evidence base provided and concludes that "the Strategic Site test results all indicate marginal negative viability due to the significant site opening up costs and the site specific \$106 infrastructure contribution requirements". Grosvenor fully agrees that Design Standards for affordable housing should be no lower than that Support noted. for market housing and that all developments should be tenure blind. Comments noted. The text of this The draft SPD outlines how any planning applications must take full consideration of the policy requirements of the Local Plan. However, it is clear that the type of housing supported under the section of the revised draft SPD has Zero Carbon homes section far exceed these standards and are therefore not covered by the been amended accordingly. Local Plan viability assessment or the assumptions within the CIL viability assessments. Whilst WODC outline a position where they 'support and encourage' the delivery of this type of housing, it is clear that the full costs of delivering this should be considered for all sites, particularly those with large on and off site infrastructure associated with their delivery as outlined above. The draft SPD continues to say that those applications which "achieve exemplary standards in line with the Sustainable Design and Construction Checklist will be favoured in the determining

of planning applications for affordable housing" although this is not clear how this relates to wider development or allocated sites.

As a result it would be useful for the SPD to outline the different costs associated with a building regulations compliant form of affordable housing against one with exemplary standards of fabric-energy efficiency, net-zero carbon in operation and 100% of its annual energy demand provided for by roof mounted solar advocated in the SPD. If this is not available, the uplift in costs associated with these extra features to meet aims beyond the provision of affordable homes would also be very helpful, alongside any evidence that this can be delivered at scale. It would also be useful to outline these costs, both before and after the tenure type discount (Social rent/ shared ownership etc) is applied, and for WODC to be clear on if they are advocating accepting a lower level of affordable housing built to higher standards (ultimately the same cost to the developer of a site) or maintain the overall level of affordable housing but increase build costs. This is particularly important for those already identified to deliver 50% affordable housing.

The future AAP, which again has different housing policies and Fabric Energy Efficiency Standards (FEES), should be supported by appropriate viability work which supports all of the policy requirements and is due to be imminently released for consultation. The supporting evidence base to support the polices of the AAP, in line with the standards advocated in the SPD, could be useful in informing in the SPD.

The summary tables provided in the draft SPD provides a useful outline of the different types of affordable housing, both for sale and rent, which could form part of affordable housing provision across West Oxfordshire. Whilst not covering all forms, the below section refers to a number of forms of affordable housing referenced in the draft SPD:

First Homes

Whilst it was anticipated in the draft, the Government proposals on the introduction of 'First Homes' began during the consultation period for this SPD.

Given the current consultation on First Homes and the Government's transitional proposals to include 25% of all affordable housing as First Homes, the indicative mix within the SPD may have to be amended to reflect this potential new tenure aimed at first time buyers (i.e. I & 2 bed

Comments noted. The Garden Village AAP is being taken forward through a separate process to the Affordable Housing SPD.

Comments noted. The text of the revised draft SPD has been amended to include clearer reference to the potential role of First Homes as part of the overall mix of affordable housing solutions in West Oxfordshire.

With regard to the SHMA (2014) at the current time, it remains the most up to date evidence available on housing need in West Oxfordshire including affordable housing need. However, additional text has been

homes). The indicative size mix for affordable housing appears to reflect the SHMA which was added to the revised draft SPD to dated 2014, and may not consider current demand due to changes in welfare reforms. ensure it is clear that the SHMA Furthermore, the dwelling size mix is not reflective of the waiting list which provides more up to provides an indicative size mix only and date evidence. The choice base lettings evidence clearly shows that 85% of affordable housing that the Council will have regard to more recent information including the should be 1 & 2 bed, not 65% as per the proposed split. This is further confirmed in the last 3 years waiting lists which all show the same data (over 85% needing 1 & 2 bed homes). latest housing register information. Local Housing Allowance - If Affordable Rent is capped at Local Housing Allowance (LHA) levels, Comment noted. Affordable rent even Social Rent is not required as the LHA ensures that households on full benefits can afford the rent if capped at Local Housing Allowance charged. As a result, the inclusion of Social Rent would not increase access to housing (i.e no Levels is still potentially less affordable additional households would be able to access a Social Rented tenure, who would otherwise not than social rent. They are two different 'products' and one does not supersede be able to access a Local Housing Allowance capped tenure). the need for the other. No change. Comment noted. The text of the WODC living rent - Whilst the principle of Living Rent is supported, increasing the proportion of Shared Ownership in current policy may provide a simpler solution, with first refusal for existing revised draft SPD has been amended to tenants. Furthermore, if Living Rent is introduced, the increase in transfer value from Affordable provide a clear explanation of the Rent to Shared Ownership should be paid to the developer/landowner as this tenure offers a current position in respect of the higher transfer value. potential introduction of a Living Rent in West Oxfordshire. Given the build out timescales associated with OGV, the uptake of Living Rent may alter the relationship between shared ownership and affordable rent at later stages of the project and could create uncertainty in delivering different tenures of affordable housing on site in the future. The SPD states that full details on the Living Rent will be available in Q3 2020. At mid-August, we are fairly advanced into Q3 and it would be useful to understand when this report will be available, what level of discount is envisaged and sufficient consideration given ahead of the next draft of the SPD. Starter homes - In respect of Starter Homes it would be helpful to set out what level is sought on Comment noted. The text of the development sites. The 20% requirement is not consistent with WODC's proposed tenure ratio, revised draft SPD has been amended to as it would result in 30% rented and 20% starter homes (or 60/40 split), compared to WODC's clarify that the District Council will proposed 2:1 ratio (66/33 split). Furthermore, this split does not include other affordable consider the potential for starter home

ownership tenures such as Shared Ownership, which WODC has stated as its preferred ownership tenure.	provision alongside consideration of other low cost affordable home ownership options.
Other Specialist Housing - The provision of key worker housing, particularly during the current climate, is supported and the clear identifier that WODC will "seek innovative methods to bring forward proposals to provide key worker accommodation and offer assistance in facilitating liaison with key contacts" is very helpful. Will these workers be given any priority in future lettings/sales and if so will the tenure mix be amended to reflect the need for affordable ownership tenures? It is also useful for the draft SPD to include specific reference to Community-led housing which is also an aspiration for OGV. It would be useful to provide additional detail on the forms of affordable (and market) community led housing forms WODC have listed in the SPD and the ways in which their delivery will be supported by WODC. Furthermore, there is little reference towards extra care/elderly housing in the draft SPD. Given the growing and pressing demand for this form of housing. It would be useful to see how this has influenced the proposed housing mix to form the basis of future proposals for this form of housing across the District.	Support noted. The text of the revised draft SPD has been amended to make it clear that where new affordable homes are provided on the basis of them being made available to essential local workers/key workers, the District Council will take this into account in discussions with the developer/applicant and Registered Providers in determining the most appropriate tenure mix. In addition, a weblink has been provided within the revised draft SPD to take the reader to the Council's community led housing web pages to provide further detail. Additional text has been included in the revised draft SPD in respect of potential specialist housing provision including extra-care.
Section 4 also needs to include affordable homes provided from grant funding, such as Homes England's Affordable Housing Programme, and the Oxfordshire Affordable Housing Programme, so that a full picture of affordable housing delivery is provided. This should also be broken down to sub areas and also include affordable ownership and other ownership tenures to provide the	Comments noted. It is not considered necessary to include specific information on

full picture. The information provided highlights the disparity between the high need for I bed affordable homes provided from grant accommodation and the majority of existing affordable provision which is 2 & 3 bed across the funding within the SPD. District. It would also be useful to have sub area housing need identified so that specific sites can consider specific affordable housing needs. Affordable housing needs have not been defined on a sub-area basis either through the Oxfordshire SHMA (2014) or the West Oxfordshire Local Plan 2031 so it is not possible to provide this information within the SPD either. Section 8.3 of the draft SPD usefully outlines the nomination, choice based letting and allocation Comments noted. West Oxfordshire processes operating in West Oxfordshire. What is unclear however is the role of Oxford City, District Council and Oxford City the agreement with West Oxfordshire to provide for some of their unmet need and their role in Council is in the process of entering the allocation process. This would therefore likely influence both the OGV site and the West into a memorandum of understanding on this issue which will be made Eynsham Strategic Development Area which this SPD covers. This is something that the Reg 19 AAP indicates is 'ongoing'. publicly available in due course. Additional text has been added to the revised draft SPD to explain this process.

Issues raised	WODC response
Under Shared Ownership, references made to Registered Providers (RPs) should be amended to	Comment noted. The explanation of
'the freeholder'. Whilst RPs are the normal owner, other organisations can now own Shared	shared ownership already refers to the
Ownership dwellings, and this should be reflected accordingly in the definition.	freeholder, which is usually a registered
	provider. This is considered to
	adequately cover the point being made.
The reference that all affordable housing should be provided in perpetuity or for the	Comment noted. The text of the
sales/proceeds to be recycled is not in line with the National Planning Policy Framework, as this is	revised draft SPD has been amended to
only required in rural exception sites or grant funded sites. This would also make rent to buy	more accurately reflect the NPPF.
tenures difficult to implement. It should be made clear in the SPD that where developer	
contributions enable affordable housing without grant funding, this restriction should be removed.	
The different tenures proposed may impact viability and will need to be appropriately tested to	Comment noted. The text of the
conclude the levels of overall affordable housing. It will also be important for larger sites to be	revised draft SPD has been amended to
assessed on a site by site basis, considering both the existing affordable housing in the local area,	emphasise that the size and tenure
along with demand from the waiting list based upon those who have stated a preference for the	mixes included are indicative only and
local area, and planned provision of affordable via grant funding and other nearby sites.	that each proposal will be considered
	on an individual case-by-case basis.
Given the Government's recent proposals in 'Changes to the Current Planning System' and 'White	Comment noted.
Paper', the reference to s106 agreements and delivery of affordable homes may require an update	
to include the proposals and appropriate caveats accordingly.	
Irwin Mitchell on behalf of Inspired Villages	
Issues raised	WODC response
Inspired Villages operates and develops retirement communities and are majority owned and	Comments noted.
funded by Legal & General. At the time of writing, there are six operational Inspired villages	
throughout England; which provide some 800 residents with an independent lifestyle, whilst also	
providing the care and support that may be required throughout retirement as they age in place.	
Inspired Villages is committed to expanding their provision in the UK and aim to be running 50 operational villages within the next ten years. In fact, they are proposing a new retirement community within West Oxfordshire, which is intended to provide up to 160 units of C2 accommodation along with associated communal and care facilities.	

We are concerned that the Council's draft SPD, as drafted, fails to take into account the different operating models that comprise housing for the elderly (and in particular the distinctions between retirement communities and sheltered housing).

Retirement communities have higher levels of non-revenue generating floorspace than a typical sheltered housing scheme (or standard residential development), and higher operating costs due to staffing, maintenance, etc. By way of illustration the proposed retirement community for West Oxfordshire would have a gross internal area of approximately 17,000 sq.m of which approximately 4,200 sq.m would be communal facilities, communal areas, i.e. 25% of the floor space would be non-saleable. This does have an impact on the overall viability of such developments, which reduces their ability to provide affordable housing contributions at all.

The Council has recognised this, in part, by reducing the level of affordable housing required from retirement communities, although we do remain concerned that the levels set in the Council's local plan do over-estimate the amount of financial headroom available on extra-care development schemes. This is particularly true when the impact of the proposals in the draft SPD are considered in combination with the proposed CIL charge for extra care schemes (which is also currently out for consultation).

We welcome the SPD's recognition that not all developments will be able to provide a policy compliant level of on-site affordable housing because of their viability position. Unfortunately, despite the efforts the Council has already made to date, we are concerned that the policy level of provision for extra care developments has been set too high. As such, we suspect that most new extra-care developments that come forward within the district are likely to have concerns over viability that will need to be addressed through the planning application process.

A key feature of an Inspired village is that, with the exception of the care services, the entire village is managed and looked after by a single operator. The single management structure is vital for ensuring an integrated service for our residents, so they can access the care and support that they require easily and efficiently. The facilities that form part of an Inspired village are funded through service charges, which are levied at a flat rate per unit – every household contributes the same amount regardless of the size or value of the unit. The service charge structure adopted by Inspired has been chosen to ensure that every incoming resident has a complete understanding of how the service charge is calculated, how it is spent and the value for money that it provides. For

Comments noted. The viability of Local Plan Policy H3 including the requirement for affordable housing as a proportion of market-led extra-care housing schemes has already been independently tested and it is not the role of the SPD to revisit that analysis or the conclusions reached.

Additional text has however been added to explain the conclusion reached through the Local Plan process.

Comments noted. Local Plan Policy H3 clearly sets out the circumstances in which a financial contribution towards off-site provision of affordable housing may be appropriate.

This is considered to be adequately reflected in the SPD as is the fact that

this reason, the way that Inspired's service charges are calculated is fixed centrally and broadly consistent across all Inspired villages.

The importance of the single management structure to the operation of an Inspired Village, and the need to maintain certainty and transparency for all residents over service charges, means that it is very difficult to incorporate traditional rental tenures of affordable housing into a retirement community. The need to maintain the single management of the whole development does not sit easily with the requirements of a registered provider, who often like to retain control over the maintenance of their units and the services provided to them. Similarly, registered providers often seek a reduction in service charges for the units that they take. This is extremely difficult to facilitate on an Inspired development, as the changes to the service charge structure would need to be explained to all residents, which would not assist in the integration of any affordable housing units to the wider development. It would be inherently unfair if those residents of the private units were required to subsidise those in the affordable units, with the service charge paying towards the provision of all services and facilities on-site which all residents have equal access to.

With this in mind, it is often preferable for any affordable housing contribution from retirement communities to be provided off-site; as it allows greater freedom of choice for the Council as to who is able to occupy the affordable housing units. On-site provision in a retirement community will necessarily be restricted to potential residents who are over 65 and either in need of care or likely to be in need of care in the foreseeable future.

Where on-site provision is required, the tenures of affordable housing which are more likely to integrate successfully are those which allow for the single overall management of the development – i.e. those types of discount market sale, discount market rent and shared ownership models which do not require the involvement of a registered provider and can be managed, maintained and sold/rented out by the operator.

Whilst the Council's draft SPD does make reference to a wide range of potential forms and tenures of affordable housing being permitted, this is undercut by the Council's decision not to adopt Discretionary Social Housing Relief as part of its CIL consultation. If this decision is not amended, then all non-traditional forms of provision (such as discount market sale), will be charged CIL at the same rate as those units for sale on the open market. This is likely to negatively impact on the viability of those schemes that are best suited to non-traditional tenures, such as

the precise nature of any on-site provision will be considered on a case by case basis.

As such, no change is considered to be necessary.

Comment noted. The Council's CIL consultation is a separate process and the issue of discretionary social housing relief will be considered as part of that process.

retirement communities, which will only serve to reduce the overall levels of affordable housing that these developments can provide.	
Issues raised	WODC response
We would urge the Council to: I. Amend its affordable housing SPD to recognise retirement communities as a form of development which are:	Comments noted. Additional text has been added to the revised draft SPD in respect of specialist housing including extra-care.
 a. more likely to have viability concerns over the headline level of affordable housing provision required by the Council; b. more likely to need to provide contributions to off-site affordable housing provision; and c. Where on site provision is feasible, likely to need to adopt a mix of less-traditional tenures, such as discount market rent, discount market sale or shared ownership. 	With the viability of Local Plan Policy H3 already having been tested as part of the Local Plan examination (and reduced rates applied to extra-care housing accordingly) it would not be appropriate for the SPD to revisit issues of viability.
2. Adopt discretionary social housing relief from CIL so as to avoid penalising developers who do opt for less traditional tenures as part of their developments.	As set out above, Policy H3 and in turn the SPD as currently drafted already adequately recognise the potential circumstances in which an off-site financial contribution may be appropriate as well as the fact that the precise nature of any on-site provision will be considered on a case by case basis.
	The Council's CIL consultation is a separate process and the issue of discretionary social housing relief will be considered as part of that process.

Defence Infrastructure Organisation Issues raised	WODC response
We welcome the recognition in the document that military personnel are essential local workers so provision for their accommodation would count towards meeting affordable housing needs. We would also point to the proximity need for such provision and national guidance applicable which may mean that the mix being sought for other types of affordable housing may not be appropriate.	Comment noted.
Turley on behalf of the North Witney Land Consortium	
Issues raised	WODC response
It is essential that the preparation of this SPD should not fetter or obstruct in any way, the ability of the Local Plan to support sustainable development over the period to 2036. More fundamentally, we note that the SPD seeks to establish new policy requirements and expectations which are not contained within Development Plan Documents. We note that the PPG explains the role of SPDs and states that: "Supplementary planning documents (SPDs) should build upon and provide more detailed advice or guidance on policies in an adopted local plan. As they do not form part of the development plan, they cannot introduce new planning policies into the development plan. They are however a material consideration in decision-making. They should not add unnecessarily to the financial burdens on development." Consequently, this SPD should only provide more detailed advice or guidance on policies in the adopted Local Plan. The SPD should not, as appears to be the case in some circumstances, seek to amend or change the requirements of the Local Plan.	Comment noted.
The Affordable Housing SPD seeks to build on the guidance contained within the adopted Local Plan 2031 which sets the overarching requirements in respect of affordable housing under Policy H3. It is clear from the consultation document that there continues to be a significant need for affordable housing in the District and that the SHMA identified need for 274 affordable dwellings per annum has only been met in 2019/20, with significant shortfalls in the preceding years of the Plan period.	Comment noted.

It is important therefore that the SPD helps to maximise the level of affordable housing which can be delivered and does not reduce the rates achieved by introducing additional requirements with an increased cost burden which may reduce the viability of schemes, particularly given the proposed move towards introducing CIL in the District.

We support the recognition that the indicative size mix for affordable housing as set out in the Local Plan is a guide only and that consideration of local circumstances and any identified local needs will need to be taken account of. The same recognition is equally applied to the preferred tenure mix, whilst noting the higher need for rented accommodation. It is noted that the Council are currently undertaking further work on a potential Living Rent model and we will wish to review and provide comments on this when available as part of future work on the SPD.

Custom and self-build. We consider that this section of the SPD should be deleted entirely. Policy H5 of the Local Plan requires that all housing developments of 100 or more dwellings to include 5% of the residential plots to be serviced and made available for custom and self-build housing. The SPD states that on qualifying sites, 5% of the affordable homes should also be made available for custom and self-build housing. It is considered that further evidence is required to demonstrate the support of the registered providers to enable this form of delivery to ensure this will not delay and restrict the delivery of much needed affordable homes. Policy H5 of the Local Plan states that if any of the serviced plots/units offered for custom/self-build/self-finish remain unsold after 12 months marketing, they may be built out by the developer. It is unclear within the wording of the SPD how this work in respect of the affordable housing element and whether the plots would revert to the developer (and revert to market housing) or to the registered provider. Currently concern is raised that the proposed approach will result in further delays and uncertainty in the delivery of affordable housing and reduce the viability of schemes accordingly.

Support noted. The text of the revised draft SPD has been amended to provide a clear explanation of the current position in respect of the potential introduction of a Living Rent in West Oxfordshire.

Comments noted however the definition of self-build and custom-build housing set out in the NPPF makes it clear that such housing can be either market or affordable housing.

Notwithstanding this, the text of the revised draft SPD has been amended to clarify the Council's approach and to make it clear that the provision of affordable custom and self-build opportunities on qualifying sites will be a matter for discussion on a case by case basis factoring in all relevant considerations. Further information has also been added in relation to the reversion of such plots to a developer/registered provider in the event of insufficient interest from those on the Council's custom/self-build register.

Design criteria. Whilst the proposed design criteria are generally supported, it is considered that they should recognise the likelihood of affordable housing being provided in clusters for ease of management. The third bullet should therefore be amended as follows:	Comment noted. The text of the revised draft SPD has been amended to refer to 'clusters' of affordable housing units as suggested.
• Affordable units should be distributed evenly <u>in clusters</u> throughout the development where practicable to promote social inclusion and mixed communities. The exception to this is in relation to the design and provision of housing for older people and developers will need to demonstrate why a deviation is required when seeking approval.	units as suggested.
Issues raised	WODC response
Space standards - It is important to recognise that it will not be appropriate or achievable to meet the nationally prescribed space standards for housing in all instances. The design of developments will need to take account of individual site characteristics, viability and market demand. As such the proposed recognition of the SPD that these standards cannot be required on all developments is supported.	Comments noted. It is important to note that the SPD is not seeking to require the use of the Government's nationally prescribed space standards for new housing, rather it explains that this will be encouraged which is very
Furthermore the NPPF and PPG make clear that the nationally prescribed space standard should only be required where the need for an internal space standard has been justified. No such justification has been provided in support of the SPD and as such reference to the standards should be deleted.	different. No change.
Zero-carbon homes. We are unclear why the Affordable Housing SPD is considered to be the appropriate mechanism for seeking to introduce additional measures to seek to tackle the climate and ecological emergency the Council has declared.	Comments noted. The text of this section of the revised draft SPD has been amended accordingly.
It is understood that at this stage these measures are proposed to be required in relation to affordable homes only, an approach seemingly at odds with the design criteria requirement for tenure blindness. From the consultation document it is unclear what discussions the Council has had with registered providers with regards to the additional costs required to go above and beyond in terms of delivering exemplary standards of sustainability and whether any viability assessment has been undertaken. Indeed it is noted that the requirement has not been assessed in the viability assessment to inform the current CIL Charging Schedule consultation. The proposed requirement to go above and beyond is also open to significant differences in interpretation and provides no clarity as to what is actually required by the Council.	

In light of the above comments it is considered that this element of the SPD should be removed. If the Council wish to introduce greater sustainability requirements this should be in the form of a separate SPD and consider all forms of development, including non-residential, and should include the Sustainable Design and Construction Checklist currently proposed to be developed. The requirements of any future SPD should also be considered in a review of the Council's CIL to ensure it does not render developments unviable.	
Viability. We note the Council has highlighted that the viability of the level of affordable housing provision required was tested at the Local Plan stage. It is important to note however that the SPD is seeking to introduce a series of additional requirements which will add to the cost of delivery of affordable housing. These additional costs will need to be weighed in the development of proposals for the site to maintain viability, particularly in light of the proposed introduction of CIL. Policy H3 remains the relevant and appropriate policy context and it is considered unnecessary for this SPD to add to those requirements.	Comments noted.
Oxfordshire County Council	1
Issues raised	WODC response
Oxfordshire County Council are broadly supportive of the SPD, but recommend a small number of amendments including reference to OCCs Market Position Statement 2019 and a statement requiring developers to consider the need for supported living developments within housing developments.	Support noted.
Section 5.1 page 12 - Support range of 35%-50% affordable housing on qualifying sites. Request explanation as to why this drops for Extra Care Housing as larger schemes are more viable than smaller ones and the greatest need for ECH units is for those at social or affordable rent.	Comment noted. The reduced affordable housing requirement for extra-care housing was considered and agreed as part of the examination of the West Oxfordshire Local Plan based on development viability considerations. Additional text has been added to the revised draft SPD to explain this.
Section 5.2 page 15 - Request increase in proportion of one bed properties in line with CBL data	Comment noted. The text of the
= 52% need for I bed properties. The pressure on one beds is exacerbated by the need to	revised draft SPD has been amended to
accommodate single young people, care leavers and homeless adults who are moving on from supported housing. Also request that WODC consider requiring that a proportion of affordable	highlight the importance of I-bed properties.
supported nousing. 7430 request that 77000 consider requiring that a proportion of anormable	Properties.

rented housing be provided in the form of HMOs to ensure a supply of shared accommodation for single people under the age of 35, particularly in market towns (on the basis that under 35s only qualify for the single room rate in terms of the housing costs covered by Universal Credit).

Issues raised	WODC response
Section 5.3 page 16 - Would like developers to be required rather than to explore to provide new	Comment noted. However, Policy H3
homes at social rent levels rather than 'affordable' levels which are still out of reach of many single	of the West Oxfordshire Local Plan
people and lower income households.	and the viability evidence which
	underpins it is predicated on the basis
	of a combination of affordable rent and
	intermediate forms of affordable
	housing rather than social rent. As
	such, it would not be appropriate for
	the SPD to effectively introduce a
	policy requirement for social rent.
Section 6.0 page 20 - Support high design standard for affordable housing. Request that bedroom	Support noted. Additional text has
sizes in 3 bed properties adhere to the Housing Act to accommodate full size bed and furniture	been added to the revised draft SPD to
and avoid overcrowding.	address the issue of bedroom sizes in
	3-bed properties.
Section 6.2 page 20 - Support need for 5% of homes to be wheelchair accessible with sufficient	Support noted. The 5% requirement
internal space. Request that in these homes the ceilings are strong enough to support track hoists	relates to wheelchair adaptable
and to allow stairlifts to be fitted where there is a need.	dwellings rather than wheelchair
	accessible dwellings, however some
	additional text has been added to refer
	to the issues of ceiling strength and
	stairlift provision.
Section 6.3 page 27 - Welcome wide definition of keyworkers and prioritised classification on	Comment noted. Blenheim key
choice based lettings. Welcome development of keyworker housing by Blenheim Estate. Suggest	workers are not just for those
that these could be made available to key workers employed outside of Blenheim.	employed by Blenheim and as such, no
	change to the revised draft SPD is
	considered necessary.

We would like to see reference made to Oxfordshire County Council's market position Comment noted. Additional text has statement 2019 and a statement requiring developers to consider the need for supported living been added to the revised draft SPD to developments within housing developments. These are generally 4-8 unit blocks of address this issue. accommodation for people with a learning disability and/or autism and need to be situated close to infrastructure and facilities. We have a significant shortage of this type of accommodation to meet current and future needs.

Issues raised	WODC response
This is a supplementary planning document and as such sets out the supporting information in light of the adopted policy Local Plan policy H3. It provides clarification of what is considered affordable housing and other definitions relating to the policy including when and how financial contributions may be more appropriate than on site provision.	Comment noted.
On review there are no specific amendments which would be required in terms of the remit of the Estates team and their land interest within the West Oxfordshire District.	
It is noted however that with the recent release of the planning white paper and opening of consultation on various policy tools, including First Homes, the proposed SPD may require an early review or amendments.	
Section 2.1 page 6 - The SPD refers to NPPF revised in July 2018, there has since been the February 2019 update.	Comment noted. The revised draft SPD has been amended to include reference to the NPPF 2019.

Contents

1.0	Preface	3
	I.I Background	3
	I.2 Scope	4
	I.3 Status	4
	I.4 Consultation	5
2.0	Legislative and Policy Context	5
	2.1 The NPPF	5
	2.2 The West Oxfordshire Local Plan 2031	5
	2.3 The West Oxfordshire Council Plan	6
3.0	What is affordable housing?	7
	3.1 West Oxfordshire Definition	7
	3.2 NPPF Definition	7
4.0	Existing Affordable Housing Need and Provision in West	
	Oxfordshire	12
	4.1 Affordable housing need	12
	4.2 Current affordable housing provision	13
5.0	Future Affordable Housing provision in West Oxfordshire	12
	5.1 'Qualifying' sites –	14
	When will affordable housing or a contribution toward affordabl housing be required?	е
	5.2 The size of affordable homes needed	17
	5.3 Preferred Tenure Mix	18
	5.4 Rural Exception sites and Entry Level Exception Sites	21
	5.5 Self and custom-build	23

6.0	Affordable Housing Standards and Design Requirements	25
	6.1 Design criteria	25
	6.2 Accessibility and adaptability	26
	6.3 Space Standards	27
	6.4 The Climate and Ecological Emergency	27
	6.5 Modern Methods of Construction (MMC)	29
7.0	Viability	30
	7.1 Approach to viability considerations in West Oxfordshire	30
8.0	Delivery Mechanisms	31
	8.1 S106 agreements	31
	8.2 Timing of provision	31
	8.3 Occupancy	32
	8.4 Essential Local Workers (otherwise referred to as Key Worke	ers) 32
	8.5 Housing Options for Members of the Armed Services	34
	8.6 Community-led housing	34
	8.7 Supported Living	36
9.0	New routes to delivery	31
	9.1 Blenheim approach	37
	9.2 Partnerships with legacy landowners	37
10.0	Oxfordshire Housing and Growth Deal	37
11.0	Monitoring and Review	38
Glo	ssary of Terms	
А рр	<u>pendices</u>	
Арр	pendix I - Policy H3 Affordable Housing	40
Арр	pendix 2 - Useful Contact Details	42
App	pendix 3 - Example S106 Agreement	43

Preface

I.I Background

The District Council's current Affordable Housing Supplementary Planning Document (SPD) was published in 2007. Following adoption of the West Oxfordshire Local Plan 2031 and the publication of the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF – Feb 2019) there is now a need to revise and update the SPD.

The purpose of this revised draft Supplementary Planning Document (SPD) is to provide detailed guidance to support the local authority, developers, housing providers and local communities on how West Oxfordshire District Council will meet its objective of securing the delivery of affordable housing through the application of Local Plan Policy H3 – Affordable Housing and related core objectives (including Core Objective 6 (CO6).

The SPD will supplement the Local Plan and whilst this does not in itself make it policy, it will be a material consideration in the determination of planning applications.

The overall objectives of the SPD are:

- To provide clear and transparent guidance on the application of Policy H3 and CO6 to assist those proposing developments to make successful planning applications and improve the delivery rates of affordable housing in West Oxfordshire.
- To deliver a better balance between the affordable housing need and the supply of affordable accommodation with particular reference to location, housing mix and tenure type proposed on developments.
- To improve the quality and range of affordable housing options available within the District.
- To ensure that new affordable housing addresses the climate change emergency.
- To secure improved housing affordability through the provision of a broad range of different forms of affordable housing.
- To promote new and innovative approaches to the delivery of affordable housing.
- To help sustain and improve the vitality, vibrancy and quality of life of local communities.

1.2 Scope

This draft SPD provides detailed guidance on how Policy H3 and Core Objective 6 of the WODC Local Plan will be implemented in order to support proposed development and help deliver sustainable communities. In particular, it contains guidance on the following:

- Developments where affordable housing will be sought qualifying sites and thresholds
- Quantity of affordable homes needed
- Size and Mix of Affordable Homes
- Off-site provision / Financial contribution
- Viability
- Standards and Design
- Section 106 Agreements
- Nominations, Key Worker and Local connection provision
- Timing of Provision
- Occupancy
- Delivery Mechanisms
- Alternative Affordable Housing delivery routes

1.3 Status

This is the revised draft version of the Affordable Housing Supplementary Planning Document (SPD) which has been published following an initial period of public consultation on an earlier draft in June 2020.

A number of amendments have been made to the revised draft SPD to address the comments raised. The revised draft version of the SPD will be subject to a further 6-week period of public consultation and following on from that, the Council will seek to formally adopt it having regard to the need for any further amendments.

Once adopted, the SPD will be a material consideration in the determination of relevant planning applications, replacing the Council's current Affordable Housing SPD (2007).

Please see the Glossary at the end of the document for an explanation of the abbreviations and terms used in this document.

1.4 Consultation

The revised draft SPD will be the subject of public consultation for a period of six weeks. The consultation will run from **XX** to **XX**

There are a variety of ways to respond to the consultation:

- Electronic representation should be sent by email to <u>planning.policy@westoxon.gov.uk</u>
- By posting a response to:
 Affordable Housing SPD Consultation, Planning Policy,
 West Oxfordshire District Council,
 Elmfield, New Yatt Road, Witney, Oxon OX28 IPB

All comments received will be carefully considered and taken into account in any decision to formally adopt the SPD (expected - spring 2021).

2.0 Legislative and Policy Context

2.1 The NPPF (2019)

The Government's National Planning Policy Framework – NPPF (most recently updated in February 2019) and associated Planning Practice Guidance (PPG) requires local authorities to deliver a sufficient number and range of homes to meet the needs of present and future generations.

The NPPF states:

'Within this context, the size, type and tenure of housing needed for different groups in the community should be assessed and reflected in planning policies – including but not limited to, those who require affordable housing, families with children, older people, students, people with disabilities, service families, travellers, people who rent their homes and people wishing to commission or build their own homes'.

2.2 The West Oxfordshire Local Plan 2031

The West Oxfordshire Local Plan was formally adopted in September 2018. It seeks to provide at least 15,950 homes in the period 2011 – 2031 and identifies a significant need for new affordable housing.

Policy H3 relates to affordable housing and is set out in full at Annex I. In short, the policy requires the provision of on-site affordable housing as part of larger market housing schemes of II or more units varying by location from 35% - 50%.

Smaller market housing schemes of 6-10 units within the Cotswolds Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty (AONB) are required to make a financial contribution towards the provision of affordable housing within the District. The policy also addresses the issue of housing mix

and the provision of affordable housing in rural areas including through Rural Exception Sites (RES).

Policy H3 is supported by Core Objective 6 (CO6) of the Local Plan which seeks to:

'Plan for an appropriate mix of new residential accommodation which provides a variety of sizes, types and affordability with special emphasis on the provision of homes for local people in housing need who cannot afford to buy or rent at market prices including those wishing to self-build, as well as homes to meet the needs of older people, younger people, black and minority ethnic communities, people with disabilities, families and travelling communities'.

2.3 The West Oxfordshire Council Plan (2020 – 2024)

Part of the vision of the current West Oxfordshire Council Plan is to meet the housing needs of the District's changing population, securing the provision of market and affordable housing of a high quality for the wide range of householders making their home in West Oxfordshire.

Key actions of particular relevance to the revised draft SPD include:

- Ensuring an adequate overall supply of housing to meet identified needs including those in need of affordable housing;
- Measures to increase the number of affordable housing units delivered annually, including the promotion of innovative housing solutions, so that we can reduce the housing waiting list;
- The promotion and delivery of self-build and custom-build plots and opportunities to meet the needs of those on the Council's self-build register;
- Investigating a new West Oxfordshire living rent to ensure that affordable homes are truly affordable for local people and key workers;
- Using the planning system to ensure that new developments provide a range of housing products, including low-cost home ownership models and the right size and flexibility of properties and property types to meet the current and future needs of our residents; and
- Exploring and developing new partnerships (for example the Blenheim approach) to deliver on: modern methods of construction to reduce carbon footprints, more landowner provided housing and genuine community-led housing opportunities.

3.0 What is affordable housing?

There is no singular definition of affordable housing.

3.1 West Oxfordshire definition

The West Oxfordshire Local Plan 2031 defines affordable housing as 'that which is affordable to those who cannot afford market priced housing locally to rent or purchase'. It is housing provided with either public or private subsidy for people who would otherwise be unable to resolve their housing requirements in the local housing market because of the relationship between housing cost and local incomes'.

3.2 NPPF definition

The NPPF (February 2019) provides the following, specific definition of affordable housing:

Affordable housing: housing for sale or rent, for those whose needs are not met by the market (including housing that provides a subsidised route to home ownership and/or is for essential local workers); and which complies with one or more of the following definitions:

- a) Affordable housing for rent: meets all of the following conditions: (a) the rent is set in accordance with the Government's rent policy for Social Rent or Affordable Rent, or is at least 20% below local market rents (including service charges where applicable); (b) the landlord is a registered provider, except where it is included as part of a Build to Rent scheme (in which case the landlord need not be a registered provider); and (c) it includes provisions to remain at an affordable price for future eligible households, or for the subsidy to be recycled for alternative affordable housing provision. For Build to Rent schemes affordable housing for rent is expected to be the normal form of affordable housing provision (and, in this context, is known as Affordable Private Rent).
- b) Starter homes: is as specified in Sections 2 and 3 of the Housing and Planning Act 2016 and any secondary legislation made under these sections. The definition of a starter home should reflect the meaning set out in statute and any such secondary legislation at the time of plan-preparation or decision-making. Where secondary legislation has the effect of limiting a household's eligibility to purchase a starter home to those with a particular maximum level of household income, those restrictions should be used.
- c) Discounted market sales housing: is that sold at a discount of at least 20% below local market value. Eligibility is determined with regard to local incomes and local house prices. Provisions should be in place to ensure housing remains at a discount for future eligible households.

¹ It should be noted that the District Council will have regard to any amendments to the definition of affordable housing as set out in any subsequent iterations of the NPPF.

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d) Other affordable routes to home ownership: is housing provided for sale that provides a route to ownership for those who could not achieve home ownership through the market. It includes shared ownership, relevant equity loans, other low cost homes for sale (at a price equivalent to at least 20% below local market value) and rent to buy (which includes a period of intermediate rent). Where public grant funding is provided, there should be provisions for the homes to remain at an affordable price for future eligible households, or for any receipts to be recycled for alternative affordable housing provision, or refunded to Government or the relevant authority specified in the funding agreement.

A more detailed explanation of how each affordable housing tenure type works in practice in West Oxfordshire is given in the following table:

Rental Housing	
a) Social rented housing:	Social rented housing is housing owned and managed by registered providers, for which target rents are determined through the Government's rent policy for Social Rent. It may also include rented housing owned or managed by other persons and provided under equivalent rental arrangements to the above, as agreed with the local authority or with Homes England as a condition of grant. Typically social rented housing costs 50-60% of market rented housing.
b) Affordable Rent housing	Let by private registered providers of social housing to households who are eligible for social rented housing. Affordable Rent housing must meet all of the following conditions:
	i. The rent must be no more than 80% of the local market rent (including service charges, where applicable) and not exceed the level of the Local Housing Allowance for the size of property, whichever is the lower;
	ii. the landlord is a registered provider, except where it is included as part of a Build to Rent scheme (in which case the landlord need not be a registered provider); and for Build to Rent schemes, Affordable Private Rent housing is expected to be the normal form of affordable housing provision.
c) Rent to Buy	A scheme to help first time buyers, or those returning to the market following relationship breakdown. Households are able to rent a home at an affordable or intermediate rent, providing an opportunity to build up a deposit. There are different models of rent to buy with different terms and conditions but generally households rent the property for a defined period with the expectation of purchase at the end of the period. Some rent to buy schemes include support towards purchase such as gifted deposits.

d) Build to Rent

Build to rent refers to purpose built housing that is 100% rented and can form part of a wider multi-tenure development scheme comprising flats or houses. Schemes will usually offer longer tenancy agreements of 3+ years and will be part of a professionally managed stock in single ownership and management control. The NPPF states that "20% is generally a suitable benchmark for the level of Affordable Private Rent homes to be provided (and maintained in perpetuity) in any Build to Rent scheme". The guidance also stipulates that Affordable Private Rent should be at least 20% cheaper than the rest of the scheme in line with the Affordable Rent product. In addition affordable units within Build to Rent developments are not expected to be managed by a registered provider, but should be under common management control by the private operator managing the whole site / block.

Affordable units should be distributed throughout the development and physically indistinguishable from the market rent homes within the development in terms of quality and size. Build to Rent developments will be secured under a \$106 agreement details of which can be found in Appendix 3.

Build to Rent market rent assessments should be carried out by Build to Rent Developers using the definition of the International Valuation Standards Committee as adopted by the Royal Institute of Chartered Surveyors. WODC reserve the right to benchmark this rate against evidence from a relevant local housing needs assessment and if necessary use this evidence to justify an amendment to the rate required. Equally, there is also provision for developers, in exception, to make a case seeking to differ from the benchmark.

Intermediate Housing - Home	es for sale and rent provided at a cost above social rent but
below market sale and rent levels	s. It includes a range of low cost home ownership products
a) Shared ownership:	The purchaser buys a proportion of the value of the home, e.g. 50%, and the remaining share is kept by the freeholder which is usually a registered provider. A subsidised rent is paid on the remainder of the equity. The proportion offered for sale by the registered provider should not be fixed in advance, but tailored to the individual circumstances of the individual household. The initial equity share must be between 25% and 75% and the Council willseek to ensure that a good proportion of each type and size of shared ownership units are initially sold at shares at the lower end of this range in order to help ensure affordability. When they can afford to, purchasers have the opportunity to 'staircase', i.e. to buy further equity shares until they own 100% of the property.
b) Shared equity	The purchaser acquires the whole of the property but effectively only pays a proportion of the value, e.g. 75%. The remaining 25% is secured by an equity loan without any rental obligation.
c) Discount market sale	Discount Market Sale is a low cost home ownership product where a new build property is purchased at a discounted price, usually around 20% of the market value, and aims to help low and middle earners get onto the property ladder.
d) First Homes ²	In February 2020, the Government consulted on a new 'First Homes' policy designed to help first time buyers by offering a discount of at least 30% from market values. In August 2020, the Government published a summary of the consultation responses and the Government's view on the way forward. The response demonstrates a clear commitment to taking the proposals forward with further detail to be taken forward through revisions to the NPPF and associated Planning Practice Guidance. The intention is that First Homes will be delivered as a proportion of Section 106 affordable housing contributions (at least 25%). Further consultation on the technical detail is to follow.

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² https://www.gov.uk/government/consultations/first-homes

The NPPF 2019 definition of affordable housing outlined above makes it clear that most forms of affordable housing should remain affordable in perpetuity (i.e. for future occupants). Affordable housing for rent (affordable rent and social rent) for example must include provisions to remain at an affordable price for future eligible households, or for the subsidy to be recycled for alternative affordable housing provision. Similarly, in respect of discount market sales housing, provisions should be in place to ensure that housing remains at a discount for future eligible households.

Other affordable routes to home ownership such as shared-ownership, where public grant funding is provided, should also include provisions for the homes to remain at an affordable price for future eligible households, or any receipts to be recycled for alternative affordable housing provision.

In accordance with the NPPF, the Council will seek to ensure that where relevant and appropriate, affordable housing is secured as such for the benefit of future eligible households (for example by remaining at an affordable price or with subsidy/sale proceeds being recycled into alternative affordable housing provision).

Prospective developers are recommended to contact the Council's planning and housing services at an early stage for more detailed advice on the provision of affordable housing in connection with particular development proposals, prior to submission of a planning application. Early discussion with planning officers helps ensure better quality applications are submitted.

Full details on pre-application advice include the application form and details of costs can be found on the Council website.³

The provision of affordable housing also requires consultation with the council's affordable housing development team. The team works closely with planning officers and registered providers to ensure new communities are sustainable and will input into the delivery, tenure mix, location and transfer arrangements with the chosen provider. Contact details for the team can be found in Appendix 2.

Where the affordable housing is to be transferred to a Registered Social Landlord (RSL) or Registered Provider (RP) detailed discussions should be held with them on the layouts and specifications e.g. Space standards. Any RSL / RP must be able to meet the Council's eligibility criteria, full details of which are available from the Council's Housing Services.⁴

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³ https://www.westoxon.gov.uk/planning-and-building/planning-permission/get-advice-on-your-application/

⁴ https://www.westoxon.gov.uk/housing/

4.0 Existing Affordable Housing Need and Provision in West Oxfordshire

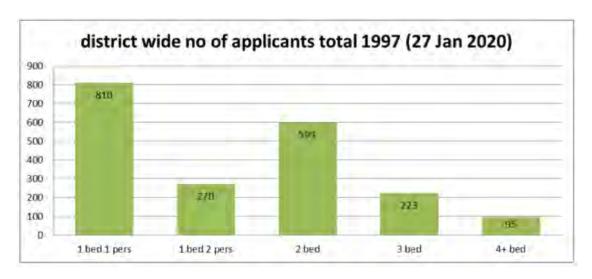
4.1 Affordable housing need

The provision of new housing in West Oxfordshire is a critically important issue and a recurring theme in the Local Plan. The Oxfordshire Strategic Housing Market Assessment (SHMA) whilst published in 2014, at the current time remains the most recently published countywide assessment of housing need for Oxfordshire. For West Oxfordshire, the SHMA identified the need for 660 homes per year over the plan period to 2031, of which 274 should be affordable. Increasing delivery of the number, type and distribution of affordable housing for both rent and subsidised sale is therefore a key priority for West Oxfordshire.

Policy H3 of the West Oxfordshire Local Plan 2031 seeks to secure an increase in the supply of affordable homes by increasing the number of developments which support affordable housing and increasing the number of affordable homes on those developments.

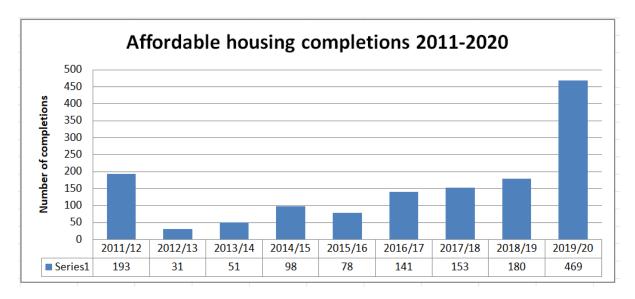
The Council also aims to widen the choice of dwelling size and tenures available to redress the imbalance in the housing market. Local Plan Policy H4 – Type and Mix of New Homes is a particularly relevant consideration in this respect seeking to ensure that a good, balanced mix of new homes are provided within all new residential developments.

In addition to the level of affordable housing need identified in the SHMA, the Council's housing register provides a more up to date indication of affordable housing need in the District. The graph below shows the total number of applicants as of 27 Jan 2020 broken down by preference for particular property sizes. It is relevant to note that the main need is for I and 2-bed properties. The issue of affordable housing size requirements is further considered in Section 5.2 below.



4.2 Current affordable housing provision – supply and type by location

Delivery of both affordable and market housing in West Oxfordshire has fluctuated since the start of the Local Plan period 2011. The lower rates of affordable housing delivery in the early years can be attributed to a number of factors including wider economic conditions, development viability and national policy changes. WODC has continued to work closely with developers to accelerate delivery of housing in the district and there has been a steady increase in the number of affordable housing completions since 2012/13 as shown below. This is expected to continue.

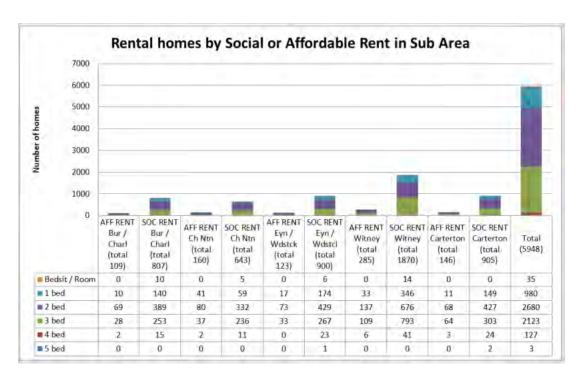


This increase in housing delivery demonstrates the positive approach to affordable housing by WODC and we will continue to seek innovative ways of working with developers to increase both the number and speed of affordable homes delivered across the District.

The table below shows the current levels of Social and Affordable Rental properties available in West Oxfordshire based on the five Local Plan sub-areas:

- Witney sub-area
- Carterton sub-area
- Chipping Norton sub-area
- Eynsham Woodstock sub-area
- Burford Charlbury sub-area

It can be seen that in terms of the current affordable housing stock, there is a predominance of social rented properties across all areas, in particular within the Witney sub-area.



5.0 Future Affordable Housing provision in West Oxfordshire

5.1 'Qualifying' sites – when will affordable housing or a contribution towards affordable housing be required?

On-site provision of affordable housing

In accordance with the Local Plan, the Council will seek between 35% and 50% affordable housing on all qualifying sites except within the Cotswolds Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty (AONB), where a financial contribution in lieu of on-site provision applies.

Policy H3 states that housing schemes of 11 or more dwellings, or which have a maximum combined gross floor space of more than 1,000m² will be required to provide affordable housing on-site as a proportion of the market homes as follows:

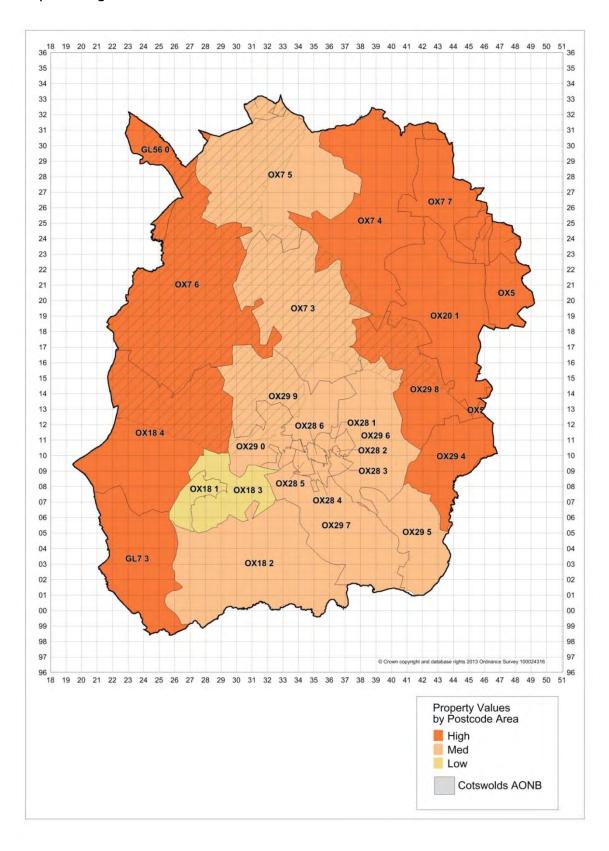
- High value zone 50%
- Medium value zone 40%
- Low value zone 35%

The above requirement also applies to sheltered housing but a reduced level of provision will be sought in respect of extra-care housing as follows:

- High value zone 45%
- Medium value zone 35%
- Low value zone 10%

The lower requirement for extra-care housing was determined as part of the Local Plan examination and is based on the typical development viability of such schemes which tend to have large areas of communal space (i.e. non-saleable).

A map showing the extent of the three value zones is shown below:



Off-site Provision / Financial Contributions

There are a number of circumstances in which the Council will or may accept a financial contribution towards affordable housing in lieu of on-site provision.

Under Policy H3, within the Cotswolds AONB, market housing schemes of 6-10 units and which have a maximum combined floor space of no more than $1,000\text{m}^2$ will be required to make a financial contribution for off-site affordable housing provision within the District. This amount is £100 per m^2 based on the Gross Internal Area (GIA) of the proposed market units.

Policy H3 also recognises that in some instances, it may not be possible, even on larger market housing schemes, to deliver affordable housing on-site e.g. it is not physically possible or feasible, or there is evidence that a separate site may be more suitable to meet local need and contribute to the creation of mixed communities.

In such circumstances, a financial contribution in lieu of on-site provision (or a combination of on-site provision and a financial contribution) may be appropriate. This will be determined on an individual site basis. In accordance with Local Plan Policy H3, affordable housing mix and tenure will be responsive to identified local needs and site-specific opportunities.

Financial contributions received from developers will be held in a specific affordable housing fund to support the provision of new affordable homes which will be administered by the Strategic Affordable Housing Team.

The financial contributions will be ring fenced to enable the Local Authority to provide stimulus to the affordable housing market by:

- local authority development including estate renewal; WODC is currently developing a parcel of land at Langford for affordable housing and funding can be used to increase the % of affordable units delivered on the site.
- support of a registered providers development; WODC is working with registered
 providers to promote small sites in rural locations to meet local need. In general
 these rural exception sites will be to meet local need and would not normally be
 considered for development. Commuted sums can be used to increase the % of
 affordable units delivered and will reviewed on a case by case basis.
- housing purchased on the private market to be transferred to a registered provider;
 additionality is being sought from developers with funding through either the
 Growth Board or commuted sums.
- vacant properties bought back to use; WODC is interested in securing vacant properties to provide additional affordable housing particularly in the main service centres of Witney, Carterton and Chipping Norton.
- other housing schemes that qualify under planning policy.

5.2 The size of affordable homes needed

The existing housing stock in West Oxfordshire is dominated by larger properties and the Council's aim is to redress this imbalance by providing smaller family homes for younger households and those wishing to downsize.

The Oxfordshire SHMA (2014) remains at the current time, the most recent assessment of housing need in West Oxfordshire and provides an indication of the size of affordable homes needed (by bedroom size) in the period 2011 - 2031. The indicative mix of dwelling sizes is as follows:

I-bedroom 28.4%
2-bedroom 34.7%
3-bedroom 30.4%
4+ bedroom 2.6%

This is reflected in the West Oxfordshire Local Plan which includes the following <u>indicative</u> size mix for affordable housing:

- 65% one and two-bedroomed homes
- 35% three and four-bedroomed homes

More recent evidence prepared by ICENI⁵ in support of planned growth at Eynsham, identifies a similar indicative affordable housing size mix as set out in the table below.

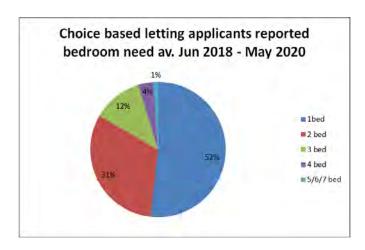
	I-bed	2-bed	3-bed	4-bed
Social/affordable	30-35%	30-40%	30-35%	5%
rent				
Affordable	20-25%	40%	25-30%	5-10%
home				
ownership				

Further intelligence on the size of affordable homes needed in West Oxfordshire is provided by the Council's Choice Based Lettings database⁶ which shows that of those registered in need of affordable rented accommodation, the greatest requirement is for I-bed properties (52%) and 2-bed properties (31%) as shown in the chart below.

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⁵ https://www.westoxon.gov.uk/media/mbwnzsw2/housing-strategy-advice-west-oxfordshire.pdf

⁶ Homeseeker Plus data May 2020



I bed	52%
2 bed	33%
3 bed	12%
4 bed	4%

In determining the most appropriate mix of affordable property sizes in any qualifying development, the District Council will have general regard to the indicative guidelines provided by the SHMA (2014) and in the case of growth in the Eynsham area, the more recent housing evidence prepared by ICENI.

Alongside this, the Council will consider registered property size requirements from the Council's Choice Based Lettings database as well as any other specific evidence of local need, the nature of the development and any relevant practical management considerations.

5.3 Preferred Tenure Mix

WODC welcomes a mix of tenure for affordable housing to ensure a balanced community is delivered on each development. Developers are encouraged to commence discussions with Registered Providers at the earliest opportunity to understand the affordable housing type and tenure required for their proposed development to achieve this aim.

As an indicative starting point, the West Oxfordshire Local Plan 2031 highlights a significantly greater need for rented accommodation than for the various forms of intermediate housing, with a ratio of 2:1 in favour of affordable rented homes. This is however a general guide only and the precise mix will be determined on a case by case basis. Further guidance is provided below.

Rented Affordable Products

Due to the high property values in West Oxfordshire, access to affordable housing is a key challenge with the highest level of need being for rented accommodation. There are several forms of rented affordable products as outlined earlier, including affordable rent, social rent and affordable private rent (in the context of Build to Rent schemes).

The West Oxfordshire Local Plan 2031 and evidence which supports it, is predicated on the basis of new affordable housing schemes in the District comprising two-thirds affordable rent to one-third intermediate housing (shared ownership etc.).

The District Council will therefore continue to seek the provision of a high proportion of affordable rent as part of all affordable housing proposals although the precise proportion will be a matter for negotiation on a case by case basis, having regard to all relevant circumstances including identified needs, the specific characteristics and location of the site and where applicable, any issues of development viability.

Where affordable rent is provided, Affordable rent levels should be set with reference to Local Housing Allowance levels and at no more than 80% of market rental taking into account the local context for the rent levels. Full details can be found on the MHCLG Policy statement on rents for Social Housing⁷.

The West Oxfordshire Local Plan 2031 makes no specific reference to the provision of social rent in West Oxfordshire, however as it represents the most 'affordable' type of rented affordable housing, the District Council is keen to facilitate the provision of social rent wherever possible within the District to provide a balanced mix of options and to increase affordability. The pre-submission draft Area Action Plan for Salt Cross Garden Village for example, seeks to ensure that social rented homes are provided as part of the overall mix of affordable homes.

Elsewhere, developers will be encouraged to include a proportion of social rent as part of the overall mix of affordable homes in other schemes, particularly larger schemes which provide the opportunity for a greater mix of different tenure types.

As a matter of principle, the Council will support the provision of purpose built, build to rent properties in sustainable, accessible locations. In accordance with national policy, affordable housing for rent (referred to as affordable private rent) will be the expected form of affordable housing provision.

A West Oxfordshire 'Living Rent'

In August 2020, the District Council commissioned Oxford Brookes University to undertake a study on the merits of introducing a 'Living Rent' scheme in West Oxfordshire.

A Living Rent is one which is linked to a tenant's income, meaning that more disposable income is left after paying housing costs for household essentials or, for example, saving for a deposit for a mortgage. The term is not new, it has been around since about 2015, but it has gained currency in recent years as house and rental costs have spiralled, particularly in the private sector, and new forms of 'affordable' rent for social housing have been

https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/781746/Policy_Statement.pdf

⁷

introduced. Different rent thresholds are used but it is generally accepted that spending between 28% and 33% of median income on housing costs is seen as a 'living' rent.

The aim of the research was to provide recommendations on whether a Living Rent initiative is required with particular reference to those residents in the rent/buy gap and, if so, the structure and implementation methodology of such a model(s).

The main conclusions reached are as follows:

- 1. In WODC affordable rents are generally within a Living Rent range (28-33% of median wage) but not low enough to allow families in the private rental sector to save for a deposit in a reasonable timeframe.
- 2. There are significant geographical differences within the District in terms of both rent levels and house prices.
- 3. Introduction of a Living Rent would make accessing home ownership easier however this would be a long term process due to the high cost of houses in the district making saving for a suitable deposit still out of reach for many.
- 4. Unaffordability across the District may be driven more by high house prices than rent levels.
- 5. Availability of accurate data for WODC is a significant issue when calculating a suitable Living Rent level and further localised earning data is required.

The key recommendations from the report are:

- I. In the review of the Local Plan in 2021 WODC should look to re-evaluate the current value zones applied to seeking affordable housing across the district.
- WODC may also want to consider the amount of affordable housing sought on new developments based on the house prices and incomes differences highlighted in the report
- 3. WODC need to consider whether a Living Rent should be targeted at low-cost home ownership or more broadly across the rented sector
- 4. WODC to consider a pilot partnership with a developer / landowner /RP to test a Living Rent model.
- 5. WODC might look to secure a better rental product e.g. Build to Rent and look at affordable rent level differences across the district

On this basis, the Council proposes to take forward a pilot study as a next step forward in investigating the applicability of a living rent policy in West Oxfordshire.

Affordable Home Ownership

In addition to rented affordable products, there are various existing and emerging forms of affordable home ownership options including starter homes, discount market housing, shared ownership, relevant equity loans, rent to buy and other low cost homes for sale. As outlined earlier, in February 2020, the Government consulted on a new 'First Homes' policy designed to help first time buyers by offering a discount of at least 30% from market values and in a response to the consultation published in August 2020, the Government confirmed that this proposal will be taken forward through revisions to the NPPF and associated Planning Practice Guidance.

Of these affordable home ownership options, WODC favours the provision of Shared Ownership as it provides a clear route to home ownership with occupants having the opportunity to increase their equity share over time. Typically, a person acquires a 25% share initially (with rent paid on the remaining 75%) and can eventually 'staircase' up to 100% ownership.

Other Shared Ownership models at 40% initial purchase levels have been supported on some developments in West Oxfordshire and developers are encouraged to consider shared ownership in their viability modelling as WODC consider it is the most accessible route to home ownership.

Whilst the Council's preference is for shared-ownership properties, WODC recognises the need to offer a balanced mix of tenures on all developments and welcomes early discussions between developers and RP's to ensure a suitable blend of tenures is provided to attract the widest mix of residents.

This will include consideration of all relevant options including shared equity, discount market sale properties, rent to buy and when formally introduced, First Homes in line with national policy and associated planning practice guidance.

At the current time, the future of Starter Homes is rather unclear given the proposed introduction of First Homes and the Council will therefore keep under review whether or not Starter Homes (as defined in the Housing and Planning Act 2016) should comprise part of the agreed mix of affordable developments in West Oxfordshire moving forwards.

5.4 Rural Exception sites and Entry Level Exception Sites

Rural Exception Sites

The NPPF describes rural exception sites as follows:

'In rural areas, planning policies and decisions should be responsive to local circumstances and support housing developments that reflect local needs. Local planning authorities should support opportunities to bring forward rural exception sites that will provide affordable housing to meet identified local needs, and consider whether allowing some market housing on these sites would help to facilitate this'.

The WODC Local Plan defines rural exception sites as land whereby affordable housing is provided in locations that would not normally be allowed for new housing and recognises that such sites may come forward as speculative 'windfall' development.

The Council will continue to identify suitable sites for affordable housing through rural exception sites (RES). This is reflected in Policy H3 – Affordable Housing which states that West Oxfordshire District Council and its partners will work with parish councils, registered providers of affordable housing and local housing, community land and self-build trusts to identify additional suitable rural sites for small scale affordable housing schemes to meet specific local housing needs which cannot be met in any other way.

Evidence of the scale and quantum of need for individual Rural Exception Sites will be drawn from a variety of relevant sources including where available, local/parish housing needs surveys, parish and town neighbourhood plans, and the WODC choice based letting systems which can provide details on those on the housing waiting list with a local connection or who are key workers with accommodation requirements.

In accordance with national policy, all new homes on these sites will remain affordable in perpetuity to people in housing need who have a local connection with the parish or appropriate adjoining parishes. Sites will be well-related to the existing built-up areas of towns and villages. Where family homes are proposed priority will be given to locations within a reasonable walking distance of a primary school.

In accordance with the NPPF, Policy H3 recognises that an element of market housing may be appropriate as part of the overall mix within a rural exception site. In such cases, it will be for the developer or landowner to demonstrate not only why the site is suitable for housing, but also why a traditional rural exception site approach (i.e. 100% affordable housing) is not appropriate or achievable. Any market housing will be expected to be a subsidiary element of a predominantly affordable housing scheme.

Any such proposal will be considered against the relevant policies of the Local Plan including in particular Policy OS2: Locating development in the Right Places and Policy H2: Delivery of new homes.

Neighbourhood Plans provides a further opportunity to identify small-scale affordable housing sites again potentially with an element of market housing. The District Council will work proactively with local communities to identify any such opportunities.

The NPPF states that

'Local planning authorities should support the development of entry-level exception sites, suitable for first time buyers (or those looking to rent their first home), unless the need for such homes is already being met within the authority's area.

These sites should be on land which is not already allocated for housing and should: a) comprise of entry-level homes that offer one or more types of affordable housing as defined in Annex 2 of this Framework; and

b) be adjacent to existing settlements, proportionate in size to them, not compromise the protection given to areas or assets of particular importance in this Framework, and comply with any local design policies and standards.

Entry-level exception sites should not be larger than one hectare in size or exceed 5% of the size of the existing settlement. In addition they should not be permitted in Areas of Outstanding National Beauty or land designated as Green Belt'.

To date, the Council has had no such proposals put forward, but in accordance with the NPPF, the Council will support the development of entry-level exception sites subject to relevant policy considerations within the NPPF and West Oxfordshire Local Plan 2031.

5.5 Self-build and custom-build housing

The NPPF defines self-build and custom-build housing as 'housing built by an individual, a group of individuals, or persons working with or for them, to be occupied by that individual'.

The NPPF also states that such housing can be either market or affordable housing.

The Government is supportive of custom build housing which it sees as a more affordable route to home ownership and an opportunity to create bespoke, well-designed and sustainably constructed new homes. It also offers the opportunity for small local builders and contractors creating local jobs and contributing to the local economy.

West Oxfordshire District Council maintains a self-build register where those wishing to express an interest in self and custom build can register. The register allows the District to gauge the level of demand locally and the type of route they are interested in e.g. serviced plot, self-finish, custom build etc. and examine how many meet the locally applied criteria. These criteria include local connection, future occupation as sole residence, financial capability etc.

There is a clear level of interest in self-build and the Council is keen to promote greater diversity in the local housing stock, innovative design and more affordable and sustainable construction.

In addition to maintaining an accurate picture of need/demand for self and custom build within West Oxfordshire, the Local Plan 2031 outlines a number of other measures which the Council will pursue in order to encourage such provision. These include:

- Offering support and advice to those wishing to undertake a custom/self-build project in the District;
- Working with individuals and self-build groups to help identify suitable and deliverable sites including through the development of Neighbourhood Plans;
- Endeavouring to offer a suitable plot to those individuals/organisations within a reasonable period of time;
- Utilising affordable housing commuted sums secured under Policy H3 to acquire land in order to promote affordable custom/self-build projects; and
- Encouraging the re-use of existing buildings through custom/self-build projects.

The principal mechanism introduced by the Council through the Local Plan is Policy H5 - Custom and Self-Build Housing, which requires all housing developments of 100 or more dwellings to include 5% of the residential plots to be serviced and made available for this purpose. This can include the partial completion of units to be made available for self-finish.

The NPPF makes it clear that self-build and custom-build housing can be either market or affordable. A service plot made available for the purpose of self-build might for example be made available at a discount from market value. Similarly, a self-finish property could be provided by a housing association and sold at below market value to local people in housing need, or available on a shared ownership basis.

As such, on larger schemes of 100 or more homes, where the 5% self/custom build requirement applies, the District Council will enter into discussions with the relevant developer to agree how some or all of the 5% self/custom build requirement could contribute towards the relevant on-site affordable housing requirement for that site (which under Policy H3 of the Local Plan ranges from 35% to 50% depending on location).

As an illustrative example, on a scheme of 1,000 homes, where the requirement is for 40% affordable housing, the total number of affordable homes would be 400. The self/custom build requirement would be 5% or 50 homes.

Assuming it was agreed that 40% of the self/custom build requirement would be made available as 'affordable' this would equate to 20 homes. Total affordable provision on the site would therefore be as follows:

- 380 'standard' affordable homes (i.e. affordable rent, shared ownership etc.)
- 20 affordable self/custom build plots/shells

The precise level of affordable self/custom build provision will be a matter for discussion on a case-by-case basis taking into account all relevant factors including the overall mix of dwellings proposed, the proportion and type of affordable housing proposed, the specific characteristics of the site and proposed development and where relevant, development viability considerations.

Where involvement of an RP is required to enable this form of delivery early consultation will be required. The Developer and RP will be required to undertake the marketing of the plots at any expenses incurred to promote self-build. Design elements will be controlled through creation of a 'plot passport' to ensure units are in keeping with the surrounding development. If after a period of 3 months advertising there is insufficient interest from the self-build register the affordable plots can be completed by the developer and form part of the RP's affordable housing provision.

The Council will also encourage the re-use of existing buildings through custom/self-build projects and welcome submissions from groups and individuals for the conversion / re-purposing of existing buildings.

6.0 Affordable Housing Standards and Design Requirements

Design Standards for affordable housing should be no lower than that for market housing and should be tenure blind i.e. not distinguishable by its external appearance. Housing supplied for a Registered Provider should be constructed to the standards approved by the RP and it is critical that the design process recognises at an early stage the need to accommodate a mix of affordable tenures.

This mix must meet the needs of, and be attractive to, RP's and applicants are encouraged to undertake early discussions with RP's, considering alternative designs where necessary in order to accommodate on site the affordable housing requirement. When designing new homes, developers should adhere to the Housing Act, ensuring that designs can accommodate suitable furniture in order to avoid overcrowding.

6.1 Design criteria

In order to achieve mixed and balanced communities, each development should look to meet the following design criteria:

- there should be no distinction between affordable units and market units, i.e. the development should be 'tenure blind';
- the same level of parking provision should be made for the affordable housing units as for market units, and;
- affordable units should be distributed evenly in clusters throughout the development where practicable to promote social inclusion and mixed communities. The exception to this is in relation to the design and provision of housing for older

people and developers will need to demonstrate why a deviation is required when seeing approval.

6.2 Accessibility and adaptability

The WODC Local Plan has identified the requirement for housing to meet the needs of different groups in the community including specialist housing provision such as housing for older people including sheltered and extra-care as well as housing for people with other specific needs including those with a disability and others who may have particular needs and requirements.

The Oxfordshire SHMA (2014) suggests that across Oxfordshire demographic trends are expected to lead to a growth in the number of households with disabilities and will seek to ensure that new homes are able to meet the changing needs of occupants as their needs change to enable them to remain in their homes as they age.

In recognition of this, under the Local Plan, the Council will require larger housing developments of 50 or more units to provide at least 25% of market and affordable homes to meet Building Regulations Requirements M4(2)⁸ in relation to accessible and adaptable housing.

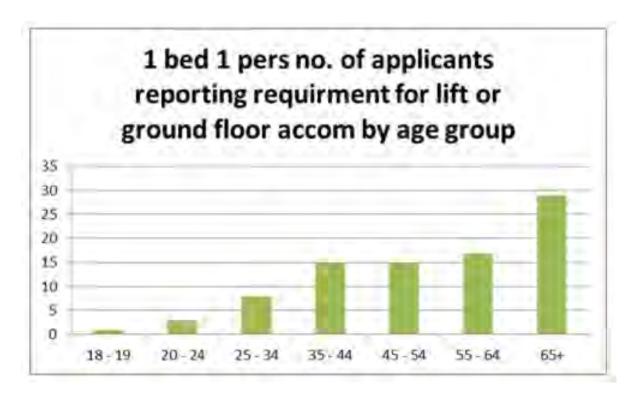
In addition, a minimum of 5% of market and affordable homes should be designed to meet Building Regulation Requirement M4(3) relating to wheelchair adaptability. Where wheelchair adaptable homes are provided they will be counted as contributing towards the 25% accessible and adaptable homes requirement.

Developers will be encouraged to ensure that ceilings are strong enough to support track hoists and to allow stairlifts to be fitted where there is a need.

Furthermore, data from the WODC Homeseeker+ register shows an increasing demand for either lift access or ground floor properties increasing with age and developers are encouraged to consider this need when designing new developments.

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⁸ https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/access-to-and-use-of-buildings-approved-document-m



6.3 Space standards

In March 2015 the Government set out the nationally prescribed space standards for new housing. The guidelines set out the gross internal floor area for new dwellings at a defined level of occupancy as well as dimensions for key parts of the home, notably bedrooms, storage and floor to ceiling height. Whilst it is not a policy requirement of the Local Plan, WODC supports the use of this guidance and encourages developers to apply these as a minimum when designing new homes.

6.4 Tackling the Climate and Ecological Emergency

WODC has declared a climate and ecological emergency. In the wake of that emergency, as part of a suite of overall measures, the Council now expects developers and applicants to take an ambitious approach towards energy and sustainable design to ensure new homes being delivered in West Oxfordshire are fit for the future.

Core objective 18 (CO18) of the Local Plan aims to 'improve the sustainable design and construction of new development, including improving energy, water efficiency and water management'.

 ⁹https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment data/file/524531/
 160519 Nationally Described Space Standard Final Web version.pdf

This is reflected in a number of Local Plan policies including Policy OS3 – Prudent Use of Natural Resources which requires all development proposals (including affordable housing) to show consideration of the efficient and prudent use and management of natural resources through various means including:

- Making the most efficient use of land and buildings;
- Minimising the need to travel;
- Minimising the use of non-renewable resources;
- Minimising impact on the soil resource;
- Minimising energy demands and energy loss;
- Minimising summer solar gain, maximising passive winter solar heating, lighting, natural ventilation, energy and water efficiency and reuse of materials;
- Maximising resource efficiency, including water with all new residential development will be expected to achieve the optional building regulations requirement for water efficiency of 110 litres/person/day;
- Minimising risk of flooding;
- Making use of appropriate sustainable drainage systems;
- Using recycled and energy efficient materials; and
- Minimising waste and making adequate provision for the re-use and recycling of waste and causing no deterioration and, where possible, achieving improvements in water or air quality.

Policy EH6 - Decentralised and renewable or low carbon energy development (excepting wind turbines) states that for all residential development for 100 dwellings or more and all residential developments in off-gas areas for 50 dwellings or more, that an energy feasibility assessment or strategy which assesses viability and practicability for decentralised energy systems, including consideration of the use of local wood fuel biomass and other renewable energy initiatives will be required.

Where feasibility assessments demonstrate that decentralised energy systems are practicable and viable, such systems will be required as part of the development, unless an alternative solution would deliver the same or increased energy benefits.

The Local Plan includes a range of other policies relating to the climate and ecological emergency including policies on biodiversity, green infrastructure, transport, flood risk, environmental protection and so on.

WODC will expect all applicants to take full consideration of these policy requirements and demonstrate, within their planning application, how the design of new affordable homes is consistent with the aims, objectives and where applicable, specific requirements of each policy.

As part of its consultation on the Future Homes Standard¹⁰ the Government is seeking an uplift to Part L of the Building Regulations and changes to part F (ventilation). The aim is to increase the energy efficiency requirements for new homes and require all new build homes to be future-proofed with low energy heating and world leading levels of energy efficiency. The new standards will be introduced in 2025. WODC are in support of the new standards as a mean to address the climate emergency and reduce energy bills for our residents, especially those in affordable housing.

WODC is committed to working in partnership with developers/landowners to support and encourage the wide-scale delivery of affordable housing designed to exemplary standards. This will include discussions around the scope to deliver high standards of fabric efficiency, the use of renewable energy and ways in which embodied carbon can be reduced including through the use of modern methods of construction (see Section 6.5 below).

Nationally, there are a number of award winning affordable housing schemes, the most notable being the Goldsmith Street for Norwich City Council, a 100% affordable housing scheme which has been built to Passivhaus standards.

Sustainable Design and Construction Checklist

To aid developers and landowners, WODC is in the process of producing a 'Sustainable Design and Construction Checklist' for applicants. This will be presented within the context of Government's proposed and enhanced standards being implemented through Building Regulations and Future Homes Standard.

Further advice and guidance can be obtained from WODC's Climate Change Manager and applicants are encouraged to discuss their proposals at the earliest stage.

6.5 Modern Methods of Construction (MMC)

Modern methods of construction (MMC) are homes built using a high proportion of components produced using modern and technologically driven methods of manufacture off site and then assembled on site.

Such homes can be built up to 30% quicker than by traditional methods of construction, and with potentially a 25% reduction in costs. Studies have also suggested that MMC can reduce embodied carbon by around 30% compared with traditional methods of construction.

Other potential benefits include:

- Reduced site waste and disposal;
- Improved quality from factory production;

¹⁰ https://www.gov.uk/government/consultations/the-future-homes-standard-changes-to-part-l-and-part-f-of-the-building-regulations-for-new-dwellings

- Clear stages for inspection to address issues such as thermal bridging and airtightness; and
- Typically lightweight potential to build adjacent to or over existing buildings to make the most efficient use of land.

WODC therefore very much welcomes the use of modern methods of construction including off site construction as a delivery mechanism to increase the speed of delivery and quality of new homes in the district and would welcome discussions with potential developers, applicants and registered providers on this basis.

7.0 Viability

7.1 Approach to viability considerations in West Oxfordshire

The provision of affordable housing will affect the value of land for residential development but will not generally render it uneconomic for residential development. The costs of delivering a workable, high quality development should be anticipated and reflected in the price paid for land and not reduce the ability of a site to provide what is required under the planning obligation.

This is reflected in the Government's practice guidance on viability which states that the total cost of all relevant policy requirements including contributions towards affordable housing should be taken into account when defining benchmark land values¹¹.

Policy H3 of the Local Plan has been subject to viability assessment through the preparation of the Local Plan 2031 and is a known requirement of residential development in West Oxfordshire. As such, there will be a presumption that developments will include full and appropriate provision for affordable housing unless it can be robustly demonstrated otherwise.

This is consistent with the Government's practice guidance on viability which states that 'where up-to-date policies have set out the contributions expected from development, planning applications that fully comply with them should be assumed to be viable' 12.

On this basis, it is up to the applicant to demonstrate whether particular circumstances justify the need for a viability assessment at the application stage. Such circumstances could include, for example where development is proposed on unallocated sites of a wholly different type to those used in viability assessment that informed the plan; where further information on infrastructure or site costs is required; where particular types of development are proposed which may significantly vary from standard models of development for sale (for example build to rent or housing for older people); or where a recession or similar significant economic changes have occurred since the plan was brought into force.

¹² Viability Planning Practice Guidance - Paragraph: 007 Reference ID: 10-007-20190509

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¹¹ Viability Planning Practice Guidance - Paragraph: 012 Reference ID: 10-012-20180724

In such instances, the onus is on the developer to demonstrate viability providing a full economic appraisal of the cost of development including returns from sale of housing, contribution to local infrastructure and services and required profit margin. The appraisal should be presented on a residual land value basis and include a valuation of the site in its current use, not the purchase price or hope value, and should accompany the planning application or form part of the pre-application discussions.

In accordance with the Government's viability practice guidance, where a viability assessment is submitted to accompany a planning application this should be based upon and refer back to the viability assessment that informed the Local Plan; and the applicant should provide evidence of what has changed since then.

Any viability assessment should reflect the government's recommended approach to <u>defining</u> <u>key inputs</u> as set out in National Planning Guidance.

Where the Council requires independent advice to validate a viability appraisal, the cost will be borne by the applicant.

Where the Council is satisfied that viability would be jeopardised by full provision of affordable housing it will consider supporting external subsidy to enable full provision. Consideration will also be given to altering the mix including size and tenure in accordance with Policy H3.

As a last resort the number of affordable dwellings sought will be reduced to make the development viable.

8.0 Delivery Mechanisms

8.1 \$106 agreements

The Council will generally expect affordable housing to be secured by a \$106 agreement. The Heads of Terms of any agreement will need to be established before determination of a planning application the cost of which will be borne by the applicant. An example of a standard \$106 agreement can be found in Appendix 3. This is for guidance only as individual heads of terms will need to be agreed for each development.

8.2 Timing of provision

Affordable housing should be provided at the same time as open market housing on a site to ensure that there is no imbalance in the supply of affordable housing in the creation of new communities. Developments that seek to delay provision of affordable housing to the end of the development will not be considered favourably by WODC.

Where infrastructure may be substantial the Council may permit the sale of an agreed percentage of market homes before the sale or transfer of affordable homes with the remainder to be provided in tranches alongside the market housing.

However no development should commence until the affordable housing scheme has been approved and a contract entered into with a Registered Provider and a copy of the contract provided to the Council.

8.3 Occupancy:

Nomination and allocation

All applicants seeking social housing will complete the same process and will be assessed against the same clear set of criteria. Depending on their circumstances, applicants will be placed into one of four bands Emergency, Gold, Silver or Bronze. Local connection will be applied to the majority of vacancies to help each local authority meet their housing demand or where it is a legal requirement.

Once a successful application has been made, applicants are advised of their banding and application date, together with details of how to access the Choice Based Lettings (CBL) system. This enables them to bid for affordable housing vacancies being advertised in West Oxfordshire.

Homeseeker Plus

West Oxfordshire District Council is one of seven local authorities that operate Homeseeker Plus, a CBL scheme run in partnership with the Social Housing Landlords operating within West Oxfordshire. Affordable homes made available for rental tenures in the district are allocated using this scheme.

Homeseeker Plus enables Social Housing landlords to advertise their homes and applicants are asked to bid for them. The majority of social rented housing vacancies are advertised as per local nomination agreements, however social housing landlords may choose to apply their own published allocation policies.

Once a bid is placed the computer system will place applicants in order of band, and whether they meet the criteria of the advert. Priority for properties goes to those who have a local connection with the local authority in which the property is located, then to those who have a local connection with any of the other Homeseeker Plus districts and finally to anyone else. Responsibility for letting each available property lies with the Social housing landlord. An application for sheltered and extra care housing for certain schemes may need an assessment of the support needs, prior to an offer being made.

8.4 Essential Local Workers (otherwise referred to as Key Workers)

The NPPF defines 'essential local workers' as including 'Public sector employees who provide frontline services in areas including health, education and community safety – such as NHS staff, teachers, police, firefighters and military personnel, social care and childcare workers'.

The NPPF definition of affordable housing includes housing that provides a subsidised route to home ownership and/or is for essential local workers.

WODC recognises that housing affordability is critical to attracting and retaining essential local workers/key workers in the district and participates in ongoing collaboration with Oxfordshire County Council in identifying and promoting opportunities for key worker accommodation. Oxfordshire County Council has published a document 'Finding A Home In Oxfordshire – A Guide For Key Workers' 13

Furthermore, WODC recognises that in addition to the health, education, emergency, police and military services traditionally associated with key workers, the definition should be expanded and not limited. Key workers can be employed in commercial, industrial, public bodies, care, farming/agricultural and transport industries as examples. Enabling people to live close to their place of work may also be considered a reason to award Key / Essential Worker status.

The Council seeks to attract investment and as a place for new businesses to grow. As part of the Oxford-Cambridge Innovation Arc future concentration of investment and growth is anticipated. Key workers are vital to the economic success of the district.

WODC are supportive of, and will seek, innovative methods to bring forward proposals to provide key worker accommodation and offer assistance in facilitating liaison with key contacts.

Legal agreements and supplementary documents such as Local Lettings Plans are suggested as platforms for promoting key worker accommodation on agreed schemes. Applicants to the Council's Choice Based Lettings system may be awarded a prioritised classification if they can demonstrate their Key / Essential Worker status. It is expected that those applying for key worker will be expected to meet other qualifying criteria for affordable housing.

Where new affordable homes are provided on the basis of them being made available to essential local workers/key workers, the District Council will take this into account in discussions with the developer/applicant and Registered Providers in determining the most appropriate tenure mix.

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¹³ https://www.oxfordshire.gov.uk/sites/default/files/file/adult-social-and-health-care/FindAHomeInOxfordshire.pdf

8.5 Housing Options for Members of the Armed Services

West Oxfordshire District Council supports the Oxfordshire Armed Forces Community covenant¹⁴. We administer the waiting list for all housing association properties that are situated in West Oxfordshire and applications are prioritised according to housing need. Serving members of the Armed Forces are eligible to register on the list, they do not need to have a local connection to West Oxfordshire but if they do, their application will have more priority.

Former members of the Armed Forces are also eligible to register on the housing waiting list if they have a local connection to West Oxfordshire. However, even if there is no local connection, former Armed Forces members can register within five years from their date of discharge from the Forces.

Bereaved spouses or civil partners of those serving in the regular forces are also eligible to register where (i) the bereaved spouse or civil partner has recently ceased, or will cease to be entitled, to reside in Ministry of defence accommodation following the death of their service spouse or civil partner, and (ii) the death was wholly or partly attributable to their service.

Existing or former members of the reserve forces who are suffering from a serious injury, illness, or disability which is wholly or partly attributable to their service are also eligible.

8.6 Community-led housing

WODC is supportive of Community Led Housing Initiatives and has a long standing tradition of supporting this type of housing delivery. Stonesfield Community Land Trust in West Oxfordshire is one of the first CLT's in the country and has been supported by WODC to deliver a number of affordable housing schemes within the village since 1983. WODC is currently working with other local groups interested in delivering community led schemes in the district.

These schemes are set up and run by a local, independent, not-for-profit organisation which has often been specifically created for the purpose of building affordable homes for the community.

This can be a collection of individuals, a parish or town council, a developer or a registered provider looking to work in partnership with the community initially by providing a site and offering further support as the development progresses.

The organisation will ensure homes for rent, sale or shared ownership remain affordable for local people. The housing is usually developed by, with and for the community and the community group have the opportunity to develop skills and expertise along the way.

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¹⁴ https://www.westoxon.gov.uk/housing/housing-advice/armed-forces-housing-options/

Community-led housing is highly flexible depending on the type of scheme required such as co-housing; self-help housing; Community Land Trusts and co-operative and resident-controlled housing.

What Issues can Community-led Housing Tackle?

Community-led housing can involve market sale, discount market sale, shared ownership, market rent, affordable rent, rent to buy or a combination of these. This way it can empower local communities, making them more resilient and able to address issues and groups such as affordability; downsizing; an ageing population; first time buyers and fuel poverty.

What are the guidelines for Community-led Housing?

Community-led housing proposals should ensure that:

- Meaningful community engagement and consent occurs throughout the development process. The community does not necessarily have to initiate and manage the process, or build the homes themselves
- The local community group or organisation owns, manages or stewards the homes in a manner of their choosing. This may be done through a mutually supported arrangement with a registered provider that owns the freehold or leasehold for the property
- The benefits to the local area and/or specified community must be clearly defined and legally protected in perpetuity

Models of Community-Led Housing

Community Land Trusts (CLTs) - a form of community-led Housing, set up and run by people to develop and manage homes as well as other assets. They act as long-term stewards of land and housing. In this model they may delegate the development work and/or management of the asset to a project partner such as a housing association or the CLT may become a registered provider itself. For more information visit the National CLT Network¹⁵.

Co-housing - groups of self-contained dwellings with the benefit of shared additional facilities all managed by a group. The facility may be a large kitchen where group meals are shared or a hall where meetings and classes may be hosted. It can be a communal garden facility. For more information visit UK Cohousing¹⁶.

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¹⁵ http://www.communitylandtrusts.org.uk/

¹⁶ https://cohousing.org.uk/

Co-operatives - a form of community-led housing where it is built (or renovated) and managed by members of a group with democratic collective control to influence the scheme and its management. The tenure would be shared ownership or affordable rent. For more information visit The Confederation of Co-operative Housing¹⁷.

Community Custom and Self-Build - where an individual or an association of individuals, or persons working with or for individuals or associations of individuals, build or complete houses to be occupied as homes by those individuals. For more information visit the National Custom and Self build Association¹⁸.

For more information about Community Led Housing in WODC please see the council web pages¹⁹

8.7 Supported Living

'Supported living' provides support to help people live as independently as possible. It includes various accommodation options and can be suitable for a variety of different people including older people, adults with learning/physical disabilities or sensory problems, mental health problems and adults and young people with a disability who have spent time in residential care and are moving towards independent living or transitioning to adulthood.

Policy H4 of the Local Plan (Type and Mix of New Homes) provides in principle support for the provision of specialist housing including for older people as well as those with a disability.

Oxfordshire County Council has produced a Market Position Statement²⁰ for care services in Oxfordshire aimed at existing and potential providers of care homes, home support, mental health services, Extra Care Housing, Supported Living, employment and daytime opportunities, and any other care services.

It highlights a number of specific priorities and future requirements in respect of extra-care housing, care homes and supported living including a significant shortage of accommodation for those with a learning disability and/or autism.

The District Council will therefore work closely with Oxfordshire County Council and developers/applicants and RPs to consider the provision of such specialist accommodation as part of the overall mix of market and affordable homes on residential schemes within West Oxfordshire.

18 https://nacsba.org.uk/

¹⁷ https://www.cch.coop/

¹⁹ https://www.westoxon.gov.uk/housing/community-led-housing/

²⁰ https://www.oxfordshire.gov.uk/sites/default/files/file/adult-social-and-health-care/OxfordshireMPS2019-22.pdf

9.0 New routes to delivery

West Oxfordshire District Council is interested in working in partnership with our neighbouring Oxfordshire Local Authorities and local landowners to accelerate the delivery of affordable housing in the District. Through potential partnership arrangements we will seek to establish a pipeline of suitable sites for development and look to increase the speed with which new homes can be constructed for the residents of West Oxfordshire.

9.1 Blenheim approach

WODC has a longstanding partnership with Blenheim Estate and has been working closely with Blenheim on an innovative model for delivering an increased level of affordable housing at between 60 – 80% of market rental costs. This model has been successfully implemented in Long Hanborough and will also be offered on their other sites for development at Woodstock East. It is the intention of Blenheim to retain ownership of the rental properties so they can be held in perpetuity for local people, especially those within the key worker categories. Shared ownership properties are also available under the model and residents can staircase up to 100% ownership with Blenheim having first refusal on purchase if the properties subsequently come to the market.

All allocations for affordable housing properties are handled through WODC's Homeseeker Plus team for affordable rent and Help to Buy South²¹ for shared ownership.

9.2 Partnerships with legacy landowners

WODC is also interested in partnering with other legacy landowners to accelerate delivery of affordable housing in the district and would welcome discussions with those landowners who are considering development as part of their long term legacy planning. Rural exception sites that would help meet the affordable housing needs of our smaller rural settlements are particularly of interest. Please contact the Strategic Affordable Housing Team for further discussion.

10.0 Oxfordshire Housing and Growth Deal

In 2017 Oxfordshire's six local authorities together with the Oxfordshire Local Enterprise Partnership began collaboration with the Government (Oxfordshire Housing and Growth Deal).

As part of this collaboration, Oxfordshire received £215 million of new funding to support provision of 100,000 new homes in Oxfordshire by 2031.

Of this total, £150 million focuses on infrastructure to help accelerate delivery of these new homes.

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²¹ https://www.helptobuyagent3.org.uk/

It also includes £60 million for a bespoke programme to deliver at least 1320 additional affordable homes by March 2021 (named the Oxfordshire Affordable Housing Programme) although this has now been extended to March 2022 – see below. This fund is additional to the existing Homes England Affordable Homes Programme which is ongoing and will continue alongside it.

Whilst use of the Growth Deal funding will not be a material consideration in planning applications, it is intended that it will help facilitate additional affordable housing to that secured through legal agreements.

By releasing its funds early in the development process, it is intended that Growth Deal becomes attractive to developers in the financing of their schemes.

Future West Oxfordshire Affordable Housing Programme

The Oxfordshire Housing and Growth Deal will work to secure further public and private funding to support the ambition of providing 100,000 new homes by 2031.

Post COVID-19 pandemic, an extension to the Growth Deal program to include a 4th year has now been agreed. Additionally, through collaboration and use of grant funding, West Oxfordshire District Council seeks to establish a lasting programme that will, via a pipeline of schemes, strategic partnerships and innovative delivery vehicles, provide a material uplift in the level of new affordable housing in Oxfordshire and seek to increase the pace of its delivery.

11.0 Monitoring and Review

The delivery of affordable housing will be monitored in the Council's Annual Monitoring Report and reported on through the Council's annual Infrastructure Funding Statement IFS).

Glossary

Annual Monitoring Report

Information on the implementation of planning policies in West Oxfordshire published and submitted to Central Government at the end of each calendar year.

Discount Market Housing

Affordable Housing which is wholly owned by the occupier but is always sold at a discount on full market price.

Homeseeker+

West Oxfordshire District Council's register of residents seeking affordable housing. Residents are required to register with Homeseeker+ to be eligible to apply for affordable housing units that become available within the district.

Intermediate Housing

Affordable Housing which is wholly or partly owned by the occupier but acquired at below full market price. Shared Ownership and Discount Market Sale are types of intermediate housing.

Nominations Agreement

An agreement between the Council and a Registered Provider of affordable housing which allows the council to specify key criteria for the occupiers of the housing.

Registered Provider

The term 'Registered Providers' includes both private registered providers of social housing (mainly housing associations) and local authorities that are registered with the Regulator²² of Social Housing. Registered Providers **Shared Ownership**

Affordable housing which is part owned by the occupier who also pays rent on the remainder of the property, usually an RP.

Supplementary Planning Document (SPD)

A document that supplements and elaborates policies and proposals in the Local Plan document.

²²

Appendix I - Policy H3 Affordable housing

In order to address identified affordable housing needs, the Council will require 'qualifying' market housing schemes to make an appropriate contribution towards the provision of affordable housing within the District.

Within the Cotswolds AONB, housing schemes of 6-10 units and which have a maximum combined gross floorspace of no more than 1,000m2 will be required to make a financial contribution towards the provision of affordable housing off-site within the District. This commuted sum will be deferred until completion of the development to assist with viability.

Across the District as a whole, housing schemes of 11 or more units or which have a maximum combined gross floorspace of more than 1,000m2 will be required to provide affordable housing onsite as a proportion of the market homes proposed as follows:

- High value zone (50%)
- Medium value zone (40%)
- Low value zone (35%)

The following levels of affordable housing provision will be applied in relation to sheltered housing and extra-care housing: Sheltered housing

- High value zone (50%)
- Medium value zone (40%)
- Low value zone (35%)

Extra-care housing

• High value zone (45%)

- Medium value zone (35%)
- Low value zone (10%)

In circumstances where it can be demonstrated that the level of affordable housing being sought would make a scheme unviable, a revised mix and type of housing will be considered before a lower level of affordable housing provision is accepted.

Where external funding is available it may be applied to schemes to ensure affordability of rental levels or to increase the number or to change tenure or type of homes to meet priority needs.

Affordable housing mix and tenure will be responsive to identified local needs and site specific opportunities. A financial contribution for the provision of affordable housing on other sites in West Oxfordshire in lieu of on-site provision may be appropriate if it can be demonstrated that: • It is not physically possible or feasible to provide affordable housing on the application site; or

 There is evidence that a separate site would more satisfactorily meet local housing need and contribute to the creation of mixed communities.

In some instances, a combination of onsite provision and a financial contribution may be appropriate.

West Oxfordshire District Council and its partners will work with parish councils, registered providers of affordable housing and local housing, community land and self-build trusts to identify additional suitable rural sites for small scale

affordable housing schemes to meet specific local housing needs which cannot be met in any other way. All new homes on these sites will remain affordable in perpetuity to people in housing need who have a local connection with the parish or appropriate adjoining parishes. Sites will be well-related to the existing built-up areas of towns and villages. Where family homes are proposed priority will be given to locations within a reasonable walking distance of a primary school.

The Council will consider the inclusion of an element of market housing in rural exception sites (RES) provided it is demonstrated to be necessary to delivery (eg. by subsidising the affordable element). In such cases, any market housing would be expected to be a subsidiary element of a predominantly affordable housing scheme.

Appendix 2 - Useful Contacts

West Oxfordshire District Council, Elmfield, New Yatt Road, Witney, Oxon OX28 IPB

https://www.westoxon.gov.uk

Strategic Housing Manager – for information on housing need and types of affordable housing

Planning Policy Manager – for general planning advice

Area Planning Manager – for site specific and pre-application advice.

Planning: 01993 861420

Email: planning@westoxon.gov.uk

Registered Providers

Cattoria Llausina Association Cattoria	T-I, 01002, 000000
Cottsway Housing Association, Cottsway	Tel: 01993 890000
House, Heynes Place, Avenue Two, Witney,	Web: www.cottsway.co.uk
Oxfordshire, OX28 4YG	
Sovereign, Woodlands, 90 Bartholomew	Tel: 0300 5000 926
Street, Newbury, RG14 5EE	Web: www.sovereign.org.uk
Clarion Housing, Level 6, 6 More London	<u>Tel: 0300</u> 500 8000
Place,	Web: www.clarionhg.com
Tooley Street, London, SEI 2DA	-
Aster Group, Sarsen Court, Horton Avenue,	Tel: 0333 400 8222
Cannings Hill, Devizes, Wiltshire, SN10 2AZ	Web: www.aster.co.uk
Sanctuary Housing Association, Chamber	Tel: 0800 131 3348
Court, Castle St, Worcester, WRI 3ZQ	Web: www.sanctary-housing.co.uk
GreenSquare, Methuen Park, Chippenham,	Tel: 01249 465465
Wiltshire, SN14 0GU	Web: www.greensquaregroup.com
SOHA, Royal Scot House, 99 Station Rd,	Tel: 01235 515900
Didcot, OXII 7NN	Web: www.soha.co.uk
Sage Housing, Orion House, 5 Upper St	Tel: 020 3369 043 I
Martin's Ln, West End, London, WC2H 9EA	Web: www.sagehousing.co.uk
Platform Housing Group, Progress House,	Tel: 0333 200 7304
Midland Rd, Worcester, WR5 IDU	Web: www.platformhg.com
Stonewater Housing Association, Montpelier	Tel: 01926 859857
House, Southbank Rd, Kenilworth, CV8 ILA	Web: www.stonewater.org
Hanover, The Heal's Building, Suites A&B,	Tel: 0800 731 2020
3rd Floor, 22-24 Torrington Place, London,	Web: www.anchorhanover.org.uk
WCIE 7HJ	
Housing 21, Tricorn House, 51–53 Hagley	Tel: 0370 192 4000
Road,	Web: www.housing21.org.uk
Birmingham, B16 8TP	

Appendix 3- Example \$106 Agreement Affordable Housing Schedule

1. Definitions

In this Schedule

- 1.1 "Affordable Housing" means dwellings that will be available to households who are otherwise unable to secure private sector housing for purchase or rent locally in prevailing economic circumstances such housing being provided for in conformity with the advice contained in the National Planning Policy Framework published by the Department for Communities and Local Government and who have in the opinion of the District Council a need for such housing and which housing is to be constructed on the Site
 - 1.2 "Affordable Housing Dwellings" means at least % of the Dwellings to be built as part of the Development as Affordable Housing and constructed and provided in accordance with the Affordable Housing Scheme
 - 1.3 "Affordable Rent" means a rent up to 80% of the local market rent for an equivalent property for the size and location, based on a valuation in accordance with a method recognised by the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors and not higher than the relevant local housing allowance maximum amount set for eligibility for housing benefit
 - 1.4 "Affordable Rented Units" means (unless otherwise agreed in writing by the District Council) 70% of the Affordable Housing Dwellings let by a Registered Provider and offered at an Affordable Rent (and subsequently varied in line with those rents from time to time) and on terms complying with the HCA's good practice guidance for such rents and associated service charges
 - 1.5 "Affordable Housing Scheme" means a scheme including a plan setting out the location size type specification and Tenure of the Affordable Housing Dwellings which shall be approved by the Council pursuant to the terms of this Deed and with such amendments as the Council may approve from time to time
 - 1.6 "Applicant" means a person who is on the District Council's Waiting List and is in need of Affordable Housing
 - 1.7 "Build Standards" means unless otherwise agreed by the District Council Dwellings that achieve at least the minimum requirements of Building for Life 12 (which is a

- government endorsed industry standard for well-designed homes)
- 1.8 "Contract" means a contract to transfer the Affordable Housing Dwellings

 (together with all necessary rights of way and easements) to the Registered Provider
- 1.9 "District Council's Waiting List" means the list for allocating Affordable Housing as set out in the Housing Nominations Scheme or any equivalent or similar replacement from time to time in existence
- 1.10 "HCA" means the Homes and Communities Agency created pursuant to the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008 exercising the functions in relation to the funding of affordable housing and includes any successor body exercising similar functions
- 1.11 "HCA Model Lease" means a lease in a form which has been approved and or prescribed by the HCA for shared ownership which allows a lessee to acquire up to and including 100% of the equity of the Shared Ownership Unit and the freehold
- 1.12 "Head of Planning and Strategic Housing" means the officer of the District Council who is responsible for the affordable housing in the District Council's area or such other officer as may be appointed from time to time
- 1.13 "Housing Nominations Scheme" means the prevailing District Council Housing Nominations Scheme which sets out eligibility for Applicants on the District Council's Waiting List and the procedure for nominations from the waiting list to Affordable Housing Dwellings within the District Council's administrative area at the time when allocations are made
- 1.14 "Mortgagee" means any mortgagee or chargee of: -
- 1.14.1 any Affordable Housing Dwelling and/or;
- 1.14.2 a Registered Provider or the successors in title to such mortgagee or chargee or any receiver (including an administrative receiver) or manager appointed pursuant to the Law of Property Act 1925
- 1.15 "Nomination" means the nomination by the District Council to the Registered Provider of the Qualifying Person for an Affordable Housing Dwelling
- 1.16 "Practical Completion" means actual completion of the construction of the Affordable Housing Dwellings in accordance with the Contract which save for minor defects permits beneficial use and occupation of the same
- 1.17 "Qualifying Person" means an individual who is on the District Council's Housing Register

- 1.18 "Registered Provider" means an affordable housing provider as provided for in the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008 and which
 - is registered with the HCA (or its replacement body) and which has been approved by the District Council
 - can demonstrate that it has sufficient stock within the West Oxfordshire
 District and/or can provide evidence of effective community engagement to
 ensure that high quality management and service standards will be employed,
 and
 - can demonstrate that it will work jointly with the District Council in meeting the Housing Allocations Policy and agrees to enter into a formal nominations agreement with the District Council upon entering into the Contract

PROVIDED ALWAYS that if Registered Providers shall have ceased to exist or have been superseded then the expression shall be taken to mean such nearest equivalent body whose objectives include the provision of low cost housing for renting or shared ownership by local people as the District Council may reasonably approve for the purposes of this Agreement

- 1.19 Tenure means Affordable Housing Dwellings which comprise one or more of the following tenures types
 - 1.19.1 Affordable Rented Unit; and/or
 - 1.19.2 Shared Ownership Unit
- 1.20 "Shared Ownership Unit" means (unless otherwise agreed in writing by the District Council) 30% of the Affordable Housing Dwellings provided by a Registered Provider where a proportion of the equity is sold on a long lease to the purchaser and the remainder of the equity is initially retained by the Registered Provider subject to rent being charged on the retained equity on terms that are set out in the HCA Model Lease or such other form of lease reasonably requested by the Registered Provider and which shall be first approved by the Council and in accordance with the following:
 - 1.20.1 the initial percentage of equity sold is between 40% (or such other lower percentage as may be agreed by the District Council) and 70% which shall be calculated to ensure the Shared Ownership Units are affordable to those in housing need with regard to local incomes and local house prices;

- 1.20.2 rent on unsold equity is initially set at no more than 2.75% or such other percentage as may be agreed by the District Council (acting reasonably); and
- 1.20.3 charges for services are levied in accordance with the good practice guidance issued by the HCA but provided always that this shall provision shall not prevent each such unit being responsible for contributing of a fair and reasonable proportion of any service charge levied for the Development and/or that part of the Development within which such each unit shall be situate
- 1.21 "Size Standard" means compliance with the Government's Nationally Described Space Standard for each and every unit type of Affordable Housing Unit
- 2. The Owner covenants with the District Council as follows:-
- 2.1 Not to cause or permit the Implementation of Development until a Contract has been entered into with a Registered Provider and the Affordable Housing Scheme has been approved in writing by the District Council
- 2.2 To provide the Affordable Housing Dwellings on the Site in accordance with the Affordable Housing Scheme as approved by the District Council
- 2.3 Unless otherwise agreed in writing by the District Council % of the Affordable Housing Dwellings shall be I or 2 bedroom Dwellings to accommodate singles, couples, smaller families and older people and % of the Affordable Housing Dwellings shall be large enough to accommodate households of four or more people and this can include two bedroom houses
- 2.4 To provide (unless otherwise agreed by the District Council) the Affordable Housing Dwellings so that they meet the Build Standards and the Size Standard
- 2.5 To ensure that all the Affordable Housing Dwellings shall be built "tenure blind" in respect of external design and features so that they are materially indistinguishable from the General Market Housing save to the extent any variation is required to meet the specification requirements of a Registered Provider
- 2.6 Not to Occupy or cause or permit the Occupation of more than

- 2.6.1 30% of the Dwellings which are General Market Housing (or such other number as may be agreed in writing by the District Council) until fifty Affordable Housing Dwellings have been built to Practical Completion and transferred pursuant to the Contract with the Registered Provider
- 2.6.2 60% of the Dwellings which are General Market Housing (or such other number as may be agreed in writing by the District Council) until all the Affordable Housing Dwellings have been built to Practical Completion and transferred pursuant to the Contract with the Registered Provider
- 2.7 Save for the disposal of the Affordable Housing Dwellings pursuant to the Contract from the date of Practical Completion the Affordable Housing Units shall (subject to the remaining provisions of this paragraph 2.7) not be used other than for Affordable Housing to be provided to Qualifying Persons in accordance with the District Council's Housing Nominations Scheme and shall be retained in perpetuity as Affordable Housing to meet the needs of people locally who are financially unable to rent or purchase a private dwelling on the open market save that:-
 - 2.7.1 where an Affordable Housing Dwelling is occupied in accordance with this clause nothing in this Agreement shall prevent the occupation of that Affordable Housing Dwelling by the spouse partner survivor or dependants of that person or such other category of person entitled to occupy or continue to occupy under prevailing housing legislation
 - 2.7.2 any tenant or its successors in title who has exercised the right to buy/acquire pursuant to the Housing Act 1996 or any other statutory provision or contractual right to buy for the time being in place in respect of a particular Affordable Housing Dwelling will not be bound by this Agreement
 - 2.7.3 any tenant or its successors in title of a Shared Ownership Unit who has acquired 100% of the equity to the Shared Ownership Unit will not be bound by this Agreement
 - 2.7.4 any Mortgagee shall not be bound by this Agreement provided that the Mortgagee has first complied with paragraph 2.7.5 of this Schedule

- 2.7.5 a Mortgagee (whether or not the mortgagee is in possession) shall not dispose of one or more of the Affordable Housing Dwellings or commence proceedings for possession of the Affordable Housing Dwelling unless it shall
 - a) in the case of proceedings for possession have first given to the
 District Council no less than seven days prior notice of the
 commencement of such proceedings and at the time it commences
 such proceedings shall send copies of any notices or documents
 served in relation to such proceedings to the District Council's Head
 of Planning and Strategic Housing
 - b) in the event that the Mortgagee chooses to exercise its power of sale or leasing it shall serve written notice to that effect on the District Council and shall use its reasonable endeavours over a period of three months from the date on which it served notice on the District Council to dispose of the Affordable Housing Dwelling(s) (as the case may be) to a Registered Provider on terms which will retain the Affordable Housing Dwellings as Affordable Housing provided that the Mortgagee shall not be required to dispose of the Affordable Housing Dwelling(s) at less than market value taking into account the terms of this Agreement for a consideration less than the monies owed to the Mortgagee such consideration to include all accrued principal monies interest and costs and expenses
 - c) In the event that the Mortgagee is unable to dispose of the Affordable Housing Dwellings within the said period of three months the Mortgagee shall be entitled to dispose of the Affordable Housing Dwelling(s) at its discretion free from all the obligations or restrictions in this Deed and following such disposal the disponee and its successors in title will not be bound by this Agreement

2.8 Nominations to all Affordable Rented Units on first and subsequent occupation shall be made by the District Council in accordance with the District Council's Housing Nominations Scheme and a nomination agreement to be entered into between the District Council and the Registered Provider.

Agenda Item 8

WEST OXFORDSHIRE DISTRICT COUNCIL	WEST OXFORDSHIRE DISTRICT COUNCIL
Name and date of Committee	Cabinet: Wednesday 13 January 2021
Report Number	Agenda Item No. 8
Subject	Proposed Changes to Contract Procedure Rules
Wards affected	All
Accountable member	Councillor Toby Morris, Cabinet Member for Resources Email: toby.morris@westoxon.gov.uk
Accountable officer	Ciaran O'Kane – Senior Procurement Business Partner, Tel: 01285 623311; Email: ciaran.okane@publicagroup.uk
Summary/Purpose	Procurement wish to simplify the procurement process for low value procurements. To support this change, we are looking to change the thresholds outlined in the current CPRs and align with all other Publica Councils. The proposed changes will enable officers to self-serve under £25,000.
Annexes	Annex A – proposed Contract Procedure Rules
Recommendation	That Council be recommended to adopt the proposed revised Contract Procedure Rules appended to this report, with immediate effect.
Corporate priorities	Modern Council Services and Sustainable Finance
Key Decision	No
Exempt	No
Consultees/ Consultation	Keith Butler– Head of Democratic Services Phil Martin – Group Manager Business Services.

I. BACKGROUND

- 1.1. A key priority highlighted in the Publica Business Plan is to simplify procurement processes across Publica Councils. To support this, we are looking to propose changes to the thresholds outlined in the current Contract Procedure Rules (CPRs). All Councils adopted the Publica Business Plan in March 2020.
- 1.2. Another priority in the Publica Business Plan is to "Get Commissioning Right". The Procurement team is in the final stages of preparing a Procurement and Commissioning User Guide for all officers. The proposed changes to the Contract Procedure Rules (CPRs) are aligned with the user guide.

2. MAIN POINTS

- 2.1. The proposed changes will enable officers to self-serve under £25,000. The Procurement, Counter Fraud and Legal teams will provide training to coincide with the rollout of self-serve toolkit documentation. The Procurement team currently approve all Purchase Orders over £10,000. This will not change under the new process and therefore the team will retain an element of control over the self-serve process.
- 2.2. It should also be noted that allowing officers to self-serve would result in an increase in spend levels with local contractors (where appropriate) resulting in benefits to the local economy.
- 2.3. The last review of the Contract Procedure Rules was carried out in 2012 and since then the Procurement Department have an introduced improvements such as an eProcurement portal which provides improved contract management in response to recent audit reports.
- 2.4. Whilst undertaking the review of the CPRs, the necessary changes have been made to terminology in preparation for the UK's transition out of the EU on 31 December 2021. These changes are minimal and have no legal implications.
- 2.5. This report and Annex A were considered by the Finance and Management Overview and Scrutiny Committee at its meeting on 9 December 2020, and the Committee was supportive of the approval of the proposed changes.

3. FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

3.1. The report has no financial implications.

4. LEGAL IMPLICATIONS

4.1. None.

5. RISK ASSESSMENT

5.1. None Identified.

6. ALTERNATIVE OPTIONS

6.1. Set out details of any alternative options that have been considered

7. BACKGROUND PAPERS

7.1. None.

Annex A

Contract Rules

CONTENTS

	Section 1 – General Compliance and Scope
1.	Compliance
2.	Scope
	Section 2 – Common Requirements
3.	Calculation of Contract Values
4.	Authorised Officers and their responsibilities
5.	Contract Values
6.	Waivers Section 3 –
	Tendering Process
7.	Advertising
8.	Suitability assessment and Pre-Qualification
9.	Electronic Tendering
10.	Dividing into Lots
11.	Submission and Opening of Tenders and Quotes
12.	Arithmetical Errors and Post Tender Clarification
13.	Evaluation
14.	Awarding Contracts
15.	Debrief
	Section 4 – Contract Formalities
16.	Execution of contracts
17.	Records of Quotes, Tenders and contracts
18.	Bonds and Parent Company Guarantees
19.	Embedded Leases and Embedded Derivatives
	Section 5 – Specific Types of Tendering
20.	Framework Agreements and Dynamic Purchasing
	Systems
21.	Draw Down Agreements
22.	Collaborations and joint working
23	Procurement by Consultants
24	Nominated and Named Sub-Contractors
25	Amendments to Contracts
26	Contract management
	Definitions

CONTRACT RULES

SECTION 1: GENERAL COMPLIANCE AND SCOPE

1. COMPLIANCE

- 1.1 Every contract entered into by the Authority shall be entered into pursuant to or in connection with the Authority's functions and shall comply with:
 - 1.1.1 All relevant statutory provisions including codes and statutory guidance e.g. Local Government Transparency Code
 - 1.1.2 The relevant European procurement rules when applicable and whilst they have a direct effect in the UK (i.e. the EC Treaty, the general principles of EC law and the EC public procurement directives implemented by the UK Regulations);
 - 1.1.3 The Authority's Constitution including these Contract Rules, the Authority's Financial Rules and Scheme of Delegation;
 - 1.1.4 The Authority's strategic objectives, Procurement Strategy,
 Procurement Code (which includes template documentation) and
 relevant policies
- 1.2. The policy of the Authority, and the objective of these Contract Rules, is to ensure that all works, goods and services:
 - 1.2.1 Are obtained with probity and propriety to ensure the proper expenditure of public funds;
 - 1.2.2 Are appropriate for the purpose for which they are obtained;
 - 1.2.3 Ensure Best Value for Money.

2. SCOPE

- 2.1 These Contract Rules apply to any arrangement made by, or on behalf of, the Authority for the carrying out of works , the provision of services or the supply of supplies
- 2.2. These Contract Rules do not apply to:
 - 2.2.1 contracts of employment which make an individual a direct employee of the Authority;
 - 2.2.2 the acquisition, disposal, or transfer of land (which must be carried out by the Executive Director of Finance and Assets or any other officer with delegated authority)) except where services or works are required by the Authority as part of the land transaction.

 E.g. development agreements
 - 2.2.3 contracts relating to the placement of deposits or raising of loans under the treasury management strategy;

Commented [CO1]: This may be updated further following publication on the awaited Green Procurement which will deal with any change once we transistion out of the EU on Dec 31st

- 2.2.4 purchases made at public auction.
- 2.2.5 the giving of grants

SECTION 2: COMMON REQUIREMENTS

3. CALCULATION OF CONTRACT VALUES

- 3.1 Unless otherwise stated, the calculation of the estimated value of a procurement shall be based on the total amount payable in pounds sterling, net of VAT, as estimated by the Authority over the entire contract period, including any proposed extension to the initial contract period.
- 3.2 The estimated value is to be calculated as at the date the contract is first advertised or the Candidates are contacted, whichever occurs first.
- Contracts should be for a fixed term, but where this is not possible (e.g. hire agreements) the contract value should be calculated by multiplying the monthly value by 48.
- 3.3 Contracts must not be artificially under or over-estimated or divided into two or more separate contracts where the effect is to avoid the application of these Contract Rules or the Regulations

4. AUTHORISED OFFICERS AND THEIR RESPONSIBILITIES

- 4.1 Authorised Officers are persons responsible for carrying out the procurement in question and who have received corporate training on these Contract Rules, the Regulations and the Procurement Code
- 4.2 The Authorised Officer must proceed with the procurement in a manner commensurate with its complexity and value, by:
 - 4.2.1 appraising the need for the expenditure and its priority;
 - 4.2.2 defining the objectives of the procurement;
 - 4.2.3 assessing the risks associated with the procurement and how to manage them;
 - 4.2.4 considering what procurement method is most likely to achieve the purchasing objectives, including internal or external sourcing, partnering, packaging strategy and collaborative procurement arrangements with another local authority, government department, statutory undertaker or public service purchasing consortium and frameworks;

- 4.2.5 consulting users as appropriate about the proposed procurement method, contract standards and performance and user satisfaction monitoring;
 - 4.2.6 Checking to see if a corporate contract already exists. E.g. stationery contract.
 - 4.2.7 Where the procurement involves a potential change to services provided by the Authority the Authorised Officer ensuring compliance with
 - the Authority's duty to consult under Section 3 Local Government Act 1999
 - the Authority's duties under the Equality Act 2010.
 - The Public Social Value Act 2012 for contracts for services over the EU threshold to ensure how the procurement might improve the economic, social and environmental well-being of the geographical area the Authority serves
 - 4.2.8 Ensuring the Budget Holder has sufficient budget to sustain the contract for the life of the contract.
 - 4.2.9 for Quotes with a value of £25,000 or less attaching the relevant standard terms and conditions to the purchase order or otherwise draw the attention of the Supplier to these standard terms and conditions;
 - 4.2.10 for Tenders with a value above£25,000, instructing the Council's Solicitor in writing to draft or approve the formal written contract terms and conditions that are to apply to the proposed contract;
 - 4.2.11 ensuring that a purchase order is raised for the contract.
- 4.3 Where any procurement may result in any employee either of the Authority or of a service provider being affected by any transfer arrangements, Authorised Officers must ensure that the application of the Transfer of Undertaking Protection of Employment Regulations 2006 (TUPE) is considered and obtain legal advice before proceeding with inviting Tenders or Quotes.
- 4.4 Any procurement that is:
 - · over EU threshold and TUPE applies or
 - is over budget

shall be referred to the Cabinet for decision, unless otherwise stated elsewhere in the Authority's Constitution.

CONTRACT VALUES

5.1 Where the total value for a purchase is within the values in the first column below, unless the Holder procures via a compliant Framework Agreement, Draw Down Agreement or Dynamic Purchasing System the award procedure in the second column must be followed:

Estimated Total Contract Value	Contract Letting Requirements & Forms of Contract
£10,000 and below	The Budget Holder can purchase from the source that offers the Best Value for Money to the Authority.
	This could be demonstrated by the obtaining of two written Quotes, where possible and via the Procurement Portal where appropriate
	Contracts shall be by purchase order with the relevant standard terms and conditions attached or otherwise drawn to the attention of the Supplier.
Above £10,000 to £25,000	At least three written quotes shall be sought through the Portal using the Request for Quote template
	Where a procurement opportunity with a value estimated to be £25,000 or above is Advertised, it must also advertised on Contract Finder using the Portal within 24 hours of nay adverts appearing with unrestricted and full direct internet access to relevant contract documents.
	A pre- qualification stage is not permitted but appropriate suitability questions may be asked in the Rest for Quote.
	If the lowest Quote received exceeds £25,000, the contract shall not be awarded unless the contract is below the relevant Threshold and either
	 a waiver is approved in accordance with Rule 6.1 or approval is given by the Section 151 Officer.
	Unless a waiver or approval of the Section 151 Officer is given, a new procurement will be required which must be carried out in accordance with the above £25,000 to

	Threshold procedures
Above £25,000 to	
Threshold	
	A full competitive procurement shall be undertaken through the Portal using an Invitation to Tender.
	The opportunity must be advertised on Contract Finder (within 24 hours of any other adverts appearing) (and/or other public advertisement as determined by the Authorised Officer) together with unrestricted and full direct internet access to relevant contract documents.
	A pre-qualification stage is not permitted except for procurements of works contracts above the Threshold for supplies and services. A PAS91 pre-qualification questionnaire must be used.
	A formal written contract prepared or approved by the Authority Solicitor must be used
	If the lowest Tender received exceeds the relevant Threshold then the contract shall not be awarded. A new procurement will be required which must be carried out in accordance with the Threshold and Above procedure
EU Threshold and Above	A full competitive procurement shall be undertaken through the portal using an Invitation to Tender
	Procurement opportunities shall be advertised • Either in the Find a Tender Service as
	required by law On Contract Finder within the time limit specified in the Regulations
	The Procurement Advisor, consultation with the Authority's Solicitor, shall advise on the most appropriate procurement procedure to be used when conducting a procurement. The Regulations set out the permitted procurement procedures; the two most common procedures are:
	 Open Procedure – a one stage process where anyone can submit a tender Restricted Procedure – a two stage

Commented [CO2]: Official Journal of the European Union will be replaced by Find a Tender, from the 1st January

process where a Selection Questionnaire is used to shortlist Candidates who are then invited to submit a tender.

The following procedures can only be used in certain circumstances. See the Procurement Code for further detail.

· Innovation Partnership;

This may be used when the Authority is seeking innovative ideas where solutions are not already available on the market and there is also an intention to include both the development of the outcome and its subsequent purchase (subject to meeting agreed performance levels and maximum costs) in the procurement.

A structured partnership will be established for the development of an innovative product, service or works and the subsequent purchase of the resulting supplies, services or works, provided that they correspond to the agreed performance levels and costs.

• Competitive dialogue

This can be used where either of the following apply:

- the need of the Authority cannot be met without adaption of the readily available solutions;
- II. they include design or innovative solutions;
- specific circumstances relaxed to the nature, the complexity or the legal and financial makeup or because of the risks attaching to them;
- IV. the technical specifications cannot be established with sufficient precision with reference to a standard UK Technical Assessment, common technical specification or technical reference;
- V. where, in response to an open or a restricted procedure, only irregular or unacceptable tenders were submitted, provided that the Authority includes in the procedure all of, and only, the Candidates that meet certain criteria and submitted tenders in accordance with the formal requirements of the failed

procedure

Competitive Procedure with negotiation

This procedure can be used for the same reasons as competitive dialogue. With this procedure, the Authority can negotiate with Candidates who have submitted tenders to seek improved offers.

A formal written contract prepared or approved by the Authority's Solicitor must be used.

Light Touch Regime

Contracts involving the following goods and services are subject to a 'light touch' regime if the value of the contract is below the prescribed threshold contained in the prescribed Threshold

- · Health, social and related services
- Administrative social, educational, healthcare and cultural services
- Compulsory social security services
- Benefit services
- Other community, social and personal services including services furnished by trade unions, political organisations, youth associations and other membership organisation services
- Legal services
- Other administrative services and government services
- Provision of services to the community
- Prison related services, public security and rescue services
- Investigation and security services
- International services
- Postal services

 Miscellaneous services listed in schedule 3 of the Public Contract Regulation 2015

Advice must be sought from the Procurement Adviser before undertaking a light touch regime procurement.

	A formal written contract prepared/approved by the Authority's Solicitor must be utilised.
Concessions	A concession contract is an agreement where Suppliers are given the right to exploit works or services provided for their own gain. Suppliers can either receive consideration for their services solely through third party sources or partly through payment from the contracting authority along with income received from third parties e.g. a services concession is where a supplier has a contract to manage an Authority's catering services for its staff. The Authority does not pay the Supplier to run the services and its income is solely through the staff using the facilities. The risk in the concession making a profit is with the Supplier and not the Authority.
	A formal written contract prepared/approved by the Authority's Solicitor must be utilised
Disposal of assets (other than land)	Where the Authority is selling or disposing of assets without the provision of services then the Authority's obligation is to achieve the best value for the items. This could be achieved by obtaining quotes or conducting a full tender depending upon the items being disposed of. Any disposal must be in accordance with the Authority's Finance Rules.
Disposal of Land	These contract rules apply where the Authority is disposing of or acquiring land and there is an element of services or works required by the Authority as part of the transfer (E.g. regeneration projects)

6. WAIVERS

- 6.1 Subject to the written approvals referred to in Contract Rule 6.2 below, waivers of any of these Contract Rules shall only be given in the following exceptional circumstances:-
 - 6.1.1 Where the supplies, works or services are of a unique or specialised nature or are identical or similar to or compatible with an existing

provision so as to render only one or two sources of supply appropriate, including:

- an upgrade or
- where the contract concerns, wholly or mainly, repairs to or the supply of parts for existing proprietary machinery, plant or equipment and the repairs to or the supply of parts cannot be carried out practicably by alternative Suppliers

or

- 6.1.2 The goods or materials to be purchased are proprietary articles or are sold only at fixed prices; or
 - 6.1.3 The price of services, or supplies to be purchased is controlled by trade organisations, or if for other reasons there would be no genuine competition; or
 - 6.1.4 Where in the opinion of the Authorised Officer in consultation with the s151 Officer and the Authority's Solicitor considers that the services to be provided or the work to be executed or the goods or materials to be purchased are urgent; (subject to the action being reported to the next Cabinet Meeting) or
- 6.1.5 Specialist consultants, solicitor, barrister, agents, artist or professional advisers are required and:
 - · There is no satisfactory alternative; or
 - Evidence indicates that there is likely to be no genuine competition; or
 - It is, in the opinion of the Authorised Officer, in the Authority's best interest to engage a particular consultant, solicitor, barrister, agent, artist or adviser;

or

- 6.1.6 Where the Authority is purchasing a property, or is taking a service back in-house, which has associated contracts and in the opinion of the Authorised Officer it is in the Authority's best interests to acquire those contracts; or
- 6.1.7 The works to be executed or the goods or materials to be purchased can only be carried out or supplied by a statutory body.
- These Contract Rules cannot be waived for the procurements above the prescribed relevant Threshold.

Where it is possible to waive these Contract Rules, any such waiver must be agreed by:

- 6.2.1 Cabinet for contracts above £100,000.00 or the Head of Paid Service in consultation with the Leader of the Authority, the Section 151 Officer and the Authority's Solicitor if the matter requires an urgent decision and a meeting of the Cabinet cannot be called; or
- 6.2.2 The Budget Holder (if authority do so has been delegated to them in accordance with the Constitution), in consultation with the Section 151 Officer and the Council's Solicitor if the contract does not exceed £100,000.00
- 6.3 A record of the decision and the reasons for it shall be kept and the wavier itself shall be kept by the Authority's Solicitor.

SECTION 3: QUOTATION AND TENDERING PROCESS

- 7. ADVERTISING (above£25,000)
- 7.1 Adverts shall include as a minimum:
 - · Date and time response to be received by the Authority
 - How and to whom the Supplier must respond
 - · Any requirements for participating in the procurement
- 7.2 Where adverts are placed on Contract Finder unrestricted and full direct internet access to relevant contract documents shall be available on the Authority's website and the Authority's Procurement portal free of charge when the advert is placed.
- 7.3 Opportunities with a value over the relevant relevant Threshold must also be advertised on the Find a Tender website by submitting a Contract Notice using the Authority's Procurement portal
- 8. SUITABILITY ASSESSMENT (under threshold) AND PRE-QUALIFICATION (above threshold only)
- 8.1 Authorised Officers are responsible for ensuring that all Candidates for a contract are suitably assessed. Financial and due diligence checks must be undertaken for all contracts where the value of the contract is above £10,000

Under Threshold

- 8.2 As part of the tender or quotation process Authorised Officer shall establish that the potential Candidates meet minimum requirements or minimum standards of :
 - Suitability.
 - Capability.
 - Legal status; and
 - · Financial standing

- 8.3 The assessment questions must be
 - relevant to the subject matter of the procurement and
 - proportionate
- For works contracts above the lower EU threshold (supply and services level)a pre-Qualification Questionnaire (PQQ) stage is permitted. Officers must use PAS91 or such other required template required by law or by the Government.

8.5 Above Threshold

Procurements above the Threshold can use a pre-Qualification stage. Officers must use the Selection Questionnaire form issued by the Government or for works contract form PAS91 or such other templates as required by law or by the Government.

Any deviations from the standard form must be reported to the Cabinet Office. Changes to the form are not permitted without the consent of the Procurement Advisor, Section 151 Officer and the Authority's solicitor

8.6 Any Candidate eliminated from a procurement where a pre-qualification process has been undertaken must be notified following evaluation of that stage in the process

8.7 for all contracts

8.8 the EU Regulations shall comply the the

9. ELECTRONIC TENDERING

- 9.1 On the 18th October 2018, electronic procurement and electronic communications became compulsory for above Threshold procurements. Except in the limited circumstances contained in the Regulations, all communication and information exchange, including electronic submission of tenders, shall be performed used electronic means of communication in accordance with the requirements of the Regulations.
- 9.2 Except for procurements with a value of £10,000 or below, the procurement shall be carried through the Portal unless otherwise permitted by these Contract Rules or by the Procurement Advisor and the Section 151 Officer. For quotes under £10,000 the Portal should

10. DIVIDING TENDERS INTO LOTS

10.1	Authorised Officers may decide to award a contract in the form of
	separate lots and may determine the size and subject-matter of
	such lots.

- 10.2 For an above Threshold procurement, If the contract is not split into lots the main reasons for this decision shall be included in the procurement documents and the Regulation 84 Report.
- 10.3 Authorised Officers shall include in the notice and or tender documents whether:
 - 10.3.1 tenders can be submitted for one, for several or for all of the lots or.
 - 10.3.2 if there is a limit on the numbers of lots that can be tendered for.
 - 10.4 Where more than one lot may be awarded to the same tenderer, Awarding Officers may award contracts combining several or all lots where they have specified in the contract notice or in the invitation to tender that they reserve the possibility of doing so and indicate the lots or groups of lots that may be combined.

11. SUBMISSION AND OPENING OF TENDERS AND QUOTES

- 11.1 Tenders and Quotes shall be submitted in accordance with requirements set out in in the Invitation to Tender or Request for Quote
- Tenders and Quotes must be submitted electronically via the
 Portal and the Authorised Officer shall ensure that the submissions
 are kept secure and unopened until the specified date and time.
 The Authorised Officer shall carry out opening of the Tenders and
 Quotes in accordance with instructions given by the Procurement
 Adviser.
- 11.3 No Tenders or Quotes received after the specified date and time for receipt shall be accepted or considered by the Authority unless the Authorised Officer, after consulting with the Procurement Adviser, the Section 151 Officer and the Authority's Solicitor is satisfied that there is sufficient evidence that either;
 - the Tender or quote was dispatched in sufficient time for it to have for it to have arrived before the closing date and time
 - Technical difficulties with the Portal prevented the Tender or Quote from being submitted before the closing date and time

12.5

12 ARITHMETICAL ERRORS, POST TENDER CLARIFICATION AND ABNORMALLY LOW TENDERS

- 12.1 Candidates can only alter their Tenders or Quotes after the date specified for their receipt but before the formal acceptance of the Tender or Quote, where examination by officers of the Tender or Quote reveals arithmetical errors or discrepancies which affect the Tender or Quote figure. The Candidate shall be given details in writing of such errors or discrepancies and afforded an opportunity of confirming, amending or withdrawing their offer in writing.
- in and above Threshold Procurement, the Authority must require tenderers to explain the price of costs proposed in the tender where the tender appears to be abnormally low in relation to the works, supplies or services.

All other post-tender clarifications shall:

- 12.2.1 only be undertaken following consultation with the Procurement Adviser and the Authority's Solicitor; and
- 12.2.2 not disclose commercially sensitive information supplied by other Candidates

13 EVALUATION

- Tenders and Quotes shall be evaluated in accordance with the relevant regulations and the award criteria set out in the Invitation to Tender or Request for Quote.
- All contracts shall be awarded on the basis of the offer which represents the most economically advantageous, taking into account price and/or quality, to the Authority.
- 13.3 The award criteria shall be predetermined and listed in the Invitation to Tender or Request for Quotation documentation. In addition, the criteria shall be strictly observed at all times throughout the contract award procedure by any officer involved in the tender evaluation.
- 13.4 For all Contracts regardless of value, no person with a personal or financial interest in any of the Contractors submitting a proposal should be involved in any way in influencing the decision as to which Contractor is to be awarded the Contract. A declaration of interest form must be completed by each officer involved in the evaluation process and held on file by the Authorised Officer.
- 13.5 Where Authorised Officers intend to carry out site visits, presentations or interviews as part of the evaluation process, this must be made clear in the invitation to tender and include whether this will be scored separately to the tender submission or used to moderate scores. If scored separately, Candidates must be informed of the evaluation criteria and weighting in the Tender documents.

14. AWARDING CONTRACTS

- 14.1 The Authority shall only accept a tender and award a contract to the Candidate submitting the Most Economically Advantageous Tender/Quote
- 14.2 Depending on what is being procured and whether or not it is an above Threshold procurement, the Most Economically Advantageous Tender/Quote can be assessed as follows;
 - Price (i.e. the lowest bid)
 - Cost (where the assessment is based on cost-effectiveness basis such as an asset life-cycle assessment (cost of the asset, maintenance costs, end of life costs)
 - Best Price/Quality Ratio. (the award criteria can include quality, including technical merit, aesthetic and functional characteristics, delivery date, delivery process, after-sales service and technical assistance as well as environmental and/or social matters and any other matters relevant to what is being procured.

The award criteria and the scoring methods must be disclosed in the Invitation to Tender or Request for Quote.

14.3 A contract may only be awarded by an Awarding Officer with the requisite

delegated authority to award contracts. Prior to award, the Authorised Officer should ensure that the Budget Holder responsible for the contract has sufficient funds in place to sustain the contract.

14.4 For contracts with a value of £25,000 or above, regardless of whether the contract award opportunity was advertised, a contract award notice containing the name of the Supplier, the date the contract was entered into and the value of the contract must be published on Contract Finder no later than 90 daysafter the contract award. If below Threshold, the award notice must state, whether or not the Supplier is a Small and Medium-sized enterprise (SME) or voluntary, community and social enterprise (VCSE)

15. DEBRIEFING

15.1 The Authorised Officer shall provide a written debriefing to unsuccessful Tenderers as required by the law.

16. EXECUTION OF CONTRACTS

16.1 All contracts not exceeding £25,000shall be signed by the relevant Budget Holder, unless the Authority's Solicitor requires that the contract be

sealed.

- 16 .2 All contracts exceeding £25,000but not exceeding £50,000.00 shall be signed by the Authority's Solicitor unless the Authority's Solicitor requires that the contract be sealed.
- All contracts exceeding £50,000.00 shall be executed as a deed by the Authority's Solicitor and the common seal affixed to the contract unless the Authority's considers it more expedient to sign the contract.
- 16.4 Electronic signatures may only be permitted as a method of executing contracts with prior consent of the Section 151 officer having first obtained advice from the Authority's Solicitor

RECORDS OF QUOTES TENDERS AND CONTRACTS

- 17.1 The Procurement Adviser shall maintain a list of all Tenders and Quotes over £25,000 received. For procurements not exceeding £25,000, the Authorised Officer is responsible for keeping records of Tenders and Quotes received in such form as required by the Procurement Adviser.
- 17.2 All contracts with a value of £25,000 and above shall be kept by the Authority's Solicitor and a copy shall be sent to the Procurement Adviser.
- 17.3 All contracts below that value shall be kept securely by the Budget Holder in accordance with the Authority's retention policy and a copy sent to the Procurement Adviser.

18. BONDS AND PARENT COMPANY GUARANTEES

- 18.1 Bonds or Parent Company Guarantee will be required on all works contracts above £1,000,000.00 or for a contract of a lesser value if considered appropriate by the Section 151 Officer following consultation with the Authority's Solicitor
- 18.2 Bonds or Parent Company Guarantee may be required for any contract if considered appropriate by Section 151 Officer following consultation with the Authority's Solicitor
- 18.3 Bonds shall be a minimum of 10% of the contract value.

19. EMBEDDED LEASES & EMBEDDED DERIVATIVES

Commented [CO3]: Is this ok, given that we are predominantly working from home we must have a mechanism in place to sign contracts in isolation?

- 19.1 Prior to the award of a contract the Authorised Officer must notify the S151 officer where under the contract:
 - 19.1.1 the Authority will have use or control of or will be paying for the use of a specific asset or group of assets; or
 - 19.1.2. contains a clause that caps the price the Authority has to pay for supplies or services or there is floor price on the price the Authority has to pay for supplies or services; or
 - 19.1.3 the prices the Authority has to pay under the contract, increase by more than 2 times RPI; or
 - 19.1.4 the prices the Authority has to pay, increase by some other form of Indices or commodity price.

SECTION 4: SPECIFIC TYPES OF TENDERING

20. FRAMEWORK AGREEMENTS

20.3

20.1 FRAMEWORK AGREEMENTS AND DYNAMIC PURCHASING SYSTEMS SET UP BY OTHER CONTRACTING AUTHORITIES

- 20.2 External Framework Agreements and Dynamic Purchasing Systems (DPS), where the Authority is named or identified as part of a class of permitted users, can be used where the Authority wishes to contract for the sourcing of supplies, services or works without conducting a new procurement exercise.
 - The Framework Agreement and DPS may include within its terms a requirement for a mini competitive exercise between some or all of those Suppliers who are parties to the Framework Agreements and can provide the goods/services being tendered. Other Framework Agreements and DPS may allow for a direct award or the choice of either direct award or mini completion.

Any Call-Off from a Framework Agreement shall be tendered in accordance with the procedure set out in the Framework Agreement or DPS.

- 20.4 The approval of the Procurement Adviser or Council's Solicitor shall be sought before signing up to a new Framework Agreement or DPS.
- 20.5 A Call-Off contract as set out in the Framework Agreement or DPS will need to be entered into. If no pre agreed contract is provided for a contract approved by the Council's Solicitor, shall be entered into.

FRAMEWORK AGREEMENTS SET UP BY THE AUTHORITY

- 20.6 The Authority may carry out procurement exercises to set up Framework Agreements or DPS to allow it to choose Suppliers who meet its prequalification requirements. The Authority can then Call-Off Suppliers from the Framework Agreement or the DPS without having to carry out afurther procurement exercise. This could be useful where the Authority has need to call on Contracts urgently or often. The Authority could also set up a framework agreement for itself and other local authorities to use in order to make efficiency savings.
- 20.7 Once a Framework Agreement or DPS is established, Quotes and Tenders for contracts may be invited from Suppliers included on Framework Agreement up to the limit stated in the Framework or DPS.
- 20.8 The Authority will need to carry out a procurement exercise to select the Suppliers to include on the Framework Agreement or DPS. This procurement will need to be advertised in accordance with these Contract Rules. The Contract Value is to be determined by the anticipated level of spend per Framework Agreement or DPS.

PUBLISHING THE AWARD OF CALL-OFF CONTRACTS UNDER ALL FRAMEWORK AGREEMENTS

20.10 The call off of a contract under a framework with a value of £25,000.00 or over shall be published on Contract Finder

21. DRAW DOWN AGREEMENTS

- 21.1 Authorised Officers may award Draw Down Agreements to individual suppliers where services, supplies or works are required on an ad hoc basis. E.g. JCT measured terms agreements. More than one Draw Down Agreement may be awarded to different Suppliers for the same services supplies or works.
- 21.2 Authorised Officer shall carry a procurement process for the award of the Draw Down Agreement in accordance with these contract rules

22. COLLABORATIONS AND JOINT PROCUREMENT

22.1 The Authorised Officer may participate in any collaborative or joint procurement arrangements with other Local Authorities or public bodies including membership or use of a Purchasing Consortia subject to the prior approval of the relevant Director and Procurement Adviser.

23. PROCUREMENT BY CONSULTANTS

- 23.1 Any consultants used by the Authority shall be appointed in accordance with these Contract Rules. The Authorised Officer shall ensure that the consultant's performance is monitored.
- 23.2 Where the Authority uses consultants to act on its behalf in relation to any procurement, then the Authorised Officer shall ensure that the consultant carries out any procurement in accordance with these Contract Rules.
- 23.3 Consultants may advice the Authorised Officer as to the most suitable candidate. The Authorised Officer can use the advice given by the Consultant to make their recommendation to the Awarding Officer.
- 23.4 No Consultant shall make any decision on whether to award a contract or who a contract should be awarded to. This decisions rests with the Awarding Officer who should sign the Tender Acceptance Form

24. NOMINATED AND NAMED SUB-CONTRACTORS

24.1 Tenders for sub-contracts to be performed or goods and materials to be supplied by nominated suppliers shall be dealt with in accordance with the provisions of theses Contract Procedure Rules

SECTION 5

CONTRACT MANAGEMENT AND AMENDMENTS TO CONTRACTS DURING THEIR TERM

25. AMENDMENTS TO CONTRACTS

Above Threshold Contracts

25.1 An above Threshold Contract, Framework Agreement or DPS can only be changed if permitted by the Regulations. Advice must be sought from the Authority's Solicitor before making any changes to an above Threshold Contract or Framework Agreement

Below Threshold Contracts

In limited circumstances and having regard to the Regulations and advice from the Authority's solicitor, the Awarding Officers may authorise changes to be made to contracts below Threshold Contracts.

26. CONTRACT MANAGEMENT

- 27.1 Authorised Officers need to actively monitor and manage a Suppliers performance throughout the contract life to ensure milestones, KPI's, deliverables and outcomes are achieved and risks and, where appropriate, business continuity is managed as detailed in the tender and Contract documentation. Management data needs to be published in accordance with the Government's Transparency Code.
- 27.2 Plans should be made well in advance to re-procure the contract (if applicable) in line with the Commissioning and Procurement User Guide An exit strategy included in the tender and procurement documentation and the contract.

DEFINITIONS	
Advertised	As defined in Regulation 110 of the Public Contracts Regulations 2015. "An opportunity is advertised if the Authority does anything to put the opportunity in the public domain or bring the opportunity to the attention of economic operators generally or to any class or description of economic operators which is potentially open-ended, with a view to receiving responses from economic operators who wish to be considered for the award of the contract"
Authorised Officer	An officer who is authorised to undertake the procurement in question and who has received corporate training on these Contract Rules.
Authority's Solicitor	Means the senior legal adviser for the Authority
Awarding Officer	The officer with the delegated authority to award the contract
Best Value for Money	The best solution for the Authority taking into account price, quality and deliverability.
Bond	An insurance policy: if the Contractor does not do what it has promised under a contract with the Authority, the Authority can claim from the insurer the sum, of money specified in the bond (often 10% of the contract value). A bond is intended to protect the Authority against a level of cost arising from the Contractor's failure.
Budget holder	The officer responsible for the budget for the relevant procurement
Candidate	Any person who asks or is invited to submit a Quote or Tender.
Call-Off Contract	Means a contract awarded to a supplier under a Framework Agreement
Concession Contracts	an agreement where Suppliers are given the right to exploit works or services provided for their own gain.
Consultant	Someone appointed (but not under a contract of employment) for a specific length of time to work to a defined project brief with clear outcomes to be delivered, who brings specialist skills or knowledge to the role.
Contracting Authorities	Bodies which are subject to the EU Regulations.
Director	Means the chief officers for the Authority, director or the Council's Solicitor
Draw down contract	A contract with a single supplier where goods, services or works are requested on an ad hoc basis

Dynamic Purchasing System (DPS)	A DPS is a procedure available to purchase commonly used goods, works or services. It is similar to a Framework Agreement but suppliers can join at any time
Find a Tender	Where notices for all above Threshold procurements opportunities and contract awards must be placed
Framework Agreement	An agreement between one or more contracting authorities and one or more economic operators, the purpose of which is to establish the terms governing contracts to be awarded during a given period, in particular with regard to price and, where appropriate, the quantity envisaged.
Head of Paid Service	Means the officer designated as head of paid for the Authority under section 4 of the Local Government and Housing Act 1989
Invitation to Tender (ITT)	Invitation to tender documents in the form required by these Contract Rules.
Most Economically Advantageous Tender	The most economically advantageous tender will be evaluated on the basis of either
	 Price (i.e. the lowest price)
	 Cost (on the basis of a cost-effectiveness approach e.g. life-cycle costing)
	Best price/quality ratio
Parent Company Guarantee	A contract which binds the parent of a subsidiary company as follows: if the subsidiary company fails to do what it has promised under a contract with the Authority, the Authority can require the company to do so instead.
Procurement Adviser	The procurement officer for the Authority
Procurement Contract Regulations (PCR15)	The UK regulations implementing the public procurement directives
Quote	A quotation of price and any other relevant matter (without the formal issue of an Invitation to Tender).
Regulation 84 Report	Means the report about the procurement required to be compiled under Regulation 84 of the Public Contracts Regulations 2015

Substantial	In relation to a change to an existing contract of framework agreement means where one of the following conditions is met:-
	 the change renders the contract or the framework agreement materially different in character from the one initially concluded;
	(b) the modification introduces conditions which, had they been part of the initial procurement procedure, would have— .
	(i) allowed for the admission of other candidates than those initially selected, .
	(ii) allowed for the acceptance of a tender other than that originally accepted, or .
	(iii) attracted additional participants in the procurement procedure; .
	(c) the modification changes the economic balance of the contract or the framework agreement in favour of the contractor in a manner which was not provided for in the initial contract or framework agreement; .
	 (d) the modification extends the scope of the contract or framework agreement considerably;
	 (e) a new contractor replaces the one to which the contracting authority had initially awarded the contract in cases other than those provided for in Rule 28(1)(d).
Supplier	A person or body of persons providing, or seeking to provide, supplies, services or works to the Authority.
Tender	A Candidate's proposal submitted in response to an Invitation to Tender.
Threshold	Means the values set out in the Public Contract Regulations which determine if a procurement needs to be carried in accordance with the Public Contract Regulations



Agenda Item 9

WEST OXFORDSHIRE DISTRICT COUNCIL	WEST OXFORDSHIRE DISTRICT COUNCIL						
Name and date of Committee	Cabinet: Wednesday 13 January 2021						
Report Number	Agenda Item No. 9						
Subject	2021/22 Budget						
Wards affected	ALL						
Accountable member	Councillor Toby Morris, Deputy Leader and Cabinet Member for Resources Email: Toby.Morris@westoxon.gov.uk						
Accountable officer	Elizabeth Griffiths, Chief Financial Officer Email: Elizabeth.griffiths@westoxon.gov.uk						
Summary/Purpose	To consider: (I) The initial draft base budgets for 2021/22: (2) Fees and charges for 2021/22 (3) Adoption of the Council Tax Base for 2021/22 (4) The submission of the business rates return						
Annexes	Annex A – Draft Revenue Budgets 2021/22 Annex B – Detailed Revenue Budgets 2021/22 by cost centre Annex C – Budget pressures Annex D – Proposed Fees and Charges 2021/22 Annex E – Council Tax Base						
Recommendations	 a) That Cabinet approves: (i) The draft base budgets for 2021/22 as detailed in Annex A; and (ii) Draft fees and charges for 2021/22, as detailed in Annex D, for inclusion as part of the Budget recommendations to Council on 24 February 2021; b) That Council be recommended to approve: (i) The Council Tax Base shown in Annex E, calculated as £44,917.91 for the year 2021/22; (ii) Authorising the Chief Finance Officer to submit the National Non-Domestic Rates Return 1 (NNDR1) to the Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government by the submission date of 31 January 2021; and 						

	(iii) Authorising the Chief Finance Officer to approve the annual uprating of allowances and non-dependant deductions in the Local Council Tax Support Scheme in line with national regulations.
Corporate priorities	The Council is committed to delivering excellent modern services whilst ensuring the financial sustainability of the Council. The budget supports all other Council priorities.
Key Decision	No
Exempt	No
Consultation	Consultation has taken place with management from Publica and Ubico to inform the draft budgets. The Council Overview and Scrutiny Committees have considered the draft budget proposals but raised no specific issues requiring consideration by Cabinet at this time. The draft minutes from these meetings will have been published by the time Cabinet meets.
	Further consultation will be undertaken during January with residents, businesses and town and parish councils.

I. BACKGROUND

- 1.1. The initial draft budget was presented to the Council's Overview and Scrutiny Committees with no specific issues raised. The Scrutiny Committees were reassured that all possible steps had been taken to reduce costs and increase income where possible. The Cabinet is now asked to make initial recommendations to Council on 13 January 2021 whilst final budget matters for 2021/22 will be resolved by Council on 24 February 2021.
- 1.2. A summary of the draft base revenue budget for 2021/22 is attached at Annex A (starting at page 8) together with detailed revenue budget breakdowns at Annex B (starting at page 10).
- 1.3. Since the budget was presented to the Scrutiny Committees we have received not only the Provisional Local Government Finance Settlement but are closer to calculating the expected Rates income through the NNDR1. The impact of both of these things is substantial. The significantly damaging reduction in central Government funding that was forecast in the previous MTFS has been deferred for another year with funding remaining at a level consistent with 2020/21. That the current draft of the budget is close to being balanced though should not be underplayed. It currently incorporates £1.8m of expected Covid impact and it is testament to the financial control and strength of the Council that this is being mitigated by the steps taken to save money and improve efficiency. The longer term budget gap has not been resolved but the work done to respond to the current income losses and uncertainty has given the Council a strong place to start from. The current approach however, as acknowledged by the Scrutiny Committees and highlighted by our auditors, must be maintained and built upon in order to secure our future but it has given us a level of short term security that many other Councils would struggle to claim.
- I.4. The current MTFS is in the process of being updated to incorporate the Provisional Local Government Finance Settlement and our business rates income which will be determined by the calculation of the NNDR1. A Capital Programme Officer Group is also being reintroduced and will consider the Capital Programme in the new year ahead of the Capital Programme being finalised for presentation with the budget. The updated MTFS will be presented along with these revised papers and the final budget proposal.

2. MAIN POINTS

2.1. The complete budget position is still to be finalised.

Business Rates Retention Scheme

- 2.2. This will be the ninth year of the Business Rate Retention Scheme. Upon review of the projected outcomes, the optimum position was deemed to be a continuation of the existing pooling arrangement with Cherwell District Council and Oxfordshire County Council. The governance and distribution arrangements remain unchanged. These set out how the expected financial benefit will be shared and each Council undertakes to take the benefit of business rate growth while sharing the risk should there be an unexpected decline. As in previous years, both potential risk and reward have been ignored for budgeting purposes on the basis of uncertainty of estimates.
- 2.3. Detailed work will be on-going over the coming weeks to finalise a forecast of Business Rates income for 2021/22. It is proposed that Cabinet delegates authority to the Chief Finance Officer to submit the statutory National Non-Domestic Rates return (NNDRI) by 31 January incorporating the outstanding appeals provision to the 2017 list. The estimate of Business Rates for 2021/22 will be reported to Cabinet in February and will be fed into the final budget proposals to be considered by Council.
- 2.4. In 2019/20, many old business rates appeals were settled. The cost of settlement was reviewed and this informed a recalculation of the required appeals provision for the 2017 list which was accordingly revised downwards from 4.6% to 2% in the 2020/21 budget and is expected to remain at that level in the 2021/22 budget. This will continue to be monitored to ensure that the level of provision is adequate.

National Funding Position

- 2.5. The expectation was that the business rates baseline would be reset, losing the Council circa £2m in income. This has been deferred with the new expectation that it takes place next year. This is a significant factor in the longer term deficit in the MTFS.
- 2.6. Early indications of the LGF Settlement are positive. New Homes Bonus was due to finish in the current financial year reducing the Council's income ongoing by £2m per annum. This has also been deferred which is good news for the 2021/22 budget, adding £1.2m income not anticipated in the version put before the Scrutiny Committees but this is expected to be phased out next year and will therefore also have a significant impact on the Council's longer term finances.
- 2.7. Funding this year has proven to be significantly better than was forecast in last year's MTFS, and indeed expected prior to the settlement being published. The medium term outlook remains the same with the longer term budget gap still to be addressed but this year's funding has stabilised in a position similar to last year.

Growth / Budget pressures

- 2.8. We are still discussing potential budget growth from Publica with regard to fixed term contracts etc, which are scheduled to end, so this will be updated again ahead of the final proposal made in February. This current budget proposal only includes an element of pay increase for the lowest paid workers in line with the Chancellors announcement on 25 November. Known budget pressures are set out in Annex C (page 21), together with anticipated savings.
- 2.9. With the expected funding reduction being deferred for another year, the single biggest area of impact on the Council's budget is undoubtedly the loss of income due to Covid. This is predominantly driven by an expected reduction in commercial rents and in income from GLL the leisure operator. While much is being done to assist businesses' recovery, many of our tenants face a challenging future and while the hope is that 2021 will see a phased removal of social distancing, it's unclear when we might expect our leisure services to be able to welcome

the numbers of customers they previously served so well. They have continued to operate a restricted offering safely in the context of the pandemic but this has not necessarily been commercially viable and that situation is likely to take time to reverse with the current restrictions adding yet more challenge and uncertainty to what was already a very difficult picture.

2.10. In the MTFS presented to Council last year the budget gap was £9m over 5 years. This was presented as £3.5m to be taken from general reserves plus £5.5m of unidentified savings to be found. This sudden shift in financial sustainability was entirely caused by the expected reduction in funding that had been indicated by the Govt to take place in 2021/22. This has now been deferred (but unfortunately not removed) and further discussion of this will be made when the updated MTFS is presented in February.

Capital Programme

2.11. West Oxfordshire District Council's Capital Programme working group will meet in the new year to consider and review the current and prospective capital programme before this is brought before Cabinet and Council in the new year. Part of this working group's remit in 2021 will be to review the reports from the new \$106 database to help ensure that all potential benefit of these funds are realised.

Fees and Charges

- 2.12. Draft fees and charges (and detailed revenue budget pages) can be found in Annex D (starting at page 22). These are the required fees and charges to support the budgeted income in the draft being presented here. While there is generally a lower inflationary increase in these, we have proposed this year to increase them by circa 5% (some are rounded for ease of administration) Garden waste fees have been given a higher increase at £5 but this still leaves them at a lower level than neighbouring councils, and is the first increase since the scheme was introduced several years ago. The increased income from these would help to support the Council's revenue budget not only this year but in the coming years when funding is expected to be lower.
- 2.13. Most of these fees have been agreed with the budget holders with some still under review but expected to be agreed in the new year. Any proposed alterations will be detailed for approval in the next iteration of the budget.

Investment interest

2.14. The budget for investment income in 2021/22 is currently estimated at £778K which would be an increase of £100K on the 2020/21 budget reflecting increased lending to Southill Solar and Cottsway during 2020. The cost of borrowing is currently very low and little provision has been made for it in this draft of the budget. This is expected to increase in the next iteration when the planned capital spend is clarified as all capital spend going forward will need to be funded by borrowing.

Council Tax Base and Parish Precepts

- 2.15. The town and parish councils have been provided with their tax base information.
- 2.16. The tax base calculation has been initially drafted and assumes a band D increase of £5. It is set out in detail in $\underline{\text{Annex E}}$ (starting at page 51).

Local Council Tax Support Scheme

2.17. Each year the Council has to decide whether to make changes to its council tax support scheme for working age customers. The current scheme was adopted in 2020/2021 with the support of the Citizens Advice, West Oxfordshire, which ensured an increase in support to the most vulnerable residents within the district.

- 2.18. Keeping the council tax support scheme unchanged for 2021/2022 will continue to support the Council's key priorities and principles. The only changes required to the scheme are the annual uplift of allowances (which provides an increase in financial support) and non-dependent deductions. Non-dependent deductions reduce support and are based on the number of adults living within the household who are financially independent from the council taxpayer.
- 2.19. The annual uplift to allowances to non-dependent deductions will be set by Government and it is proposed that Cabinet delegates authority to the Chief Finance Officer to approve the respective changes to the Council's Local Council Tax Support scheme for 2021/22.

Changes since review by the Overview and Scrutiny committees

2.20. Multiple updates have been made since the presentation to the Overview and Scrutiny committees, most notably the updated funding in the Spending Review which has reduced the Council's forecast budget deficit from over £2m to just over £50k. This deficit is expected to rise as the borrowing requirement is finalised and the Publica growth agreed. The changes are detailed in the following table:

Budget shortfall as presented to S	2,140,528	
Cost of Services Changes		
Ubico Contract	(17,130)	
Investment Strategy costs	162,500	
Publica Savings Target	(192,590)	
FTC added to establishment	39,160	
Climate Change	(27,768)	
Des Roches Square	136,900	
Publica pay inflation adjustment	(132,867)	
		(31,795)
<u>Financing</u>		
Investment Income	(97,900)	
Retained Business Rates (NNNDR)	(605,258)	
New Homes Bonus	(1,227,329)	
Revenue Support Grant	(79,268)	
Collection Fund Surplus	(24,700)	
Council Tax Base changes	7,765	
Rural Services Delivery Grant	(33,225)	
Covid Recovery Plan (GF funding)	92,611	
One-off Lower Tier Grant	(91,395)	
		(2,058,699)

Budget shortfall as presented to Cabinet 50,034 2.21. Small amounts of additional income have been added to the Business Managers' targets but part of this uplift is the contractual increase in Leisure income which we are unlikely to realise in the short to medium term.

3. FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

- 3.1. West Oxfordshire District Council has placed itself well. In taking every available measure possible to mitigate the expected reduction in central Government funding it has given itself a much more secure base to face the Covid induced uncertainty of the coming year and also the expected funding shortfall forecast in the previous MTFS which has not been resolved but merely deferred by this year's settlement. While the forecast budget takes the prudent view of total loss of income from the Leisure provider, it does not currently allow for the continuation of the financial support the Council has been providing in 2020/21. Discussions will be ongoing with GLL, the Council's partner in the provision of leisure services but this risk is especially pertinent in the context of the current unexpected third national lockdown. The interruption to the Council's income from many budget areas that Covid presents is the biggest single risk that sits outside the Council's control.
- 3.2. It should be recognised that the Publica Business Managers have risen to the challenge and made savings wherever possible, resulting in a significant reduction in budgeted expenditure. They have been very engaged in the budget setting process and should be commended for doing everything they can to reduce the Council's budget shortfall.
- 3.3. The Ubico 21/22 budget is still being discussed. In the current draft they have delivered some of the requested savings but the final position is yet to be agreed.
- 3.4. As referenced before, the funding figures include a projected £5 band D increase in Council tax. It is proposed to increase council tax at this referendum limit to help close the budget funding gap. Reducing this increase would not only widen our current funding gap but also impact on future years. The increase in Council Tax is a formal decision for Council to agree, in February.
- 3.5. While we have confirmation that the rates reset has been deferred another year, there is a deficit which we are allowed to spread over three years but since we are expecting a very large reduction in funding next year, there seems little point in deferring losses into a year where we face even larger financial challenges.
- 3.6. The projected shortfall does not include any new funding for the ongoing Covid situation from Central Govt / MHCLG. In the current financial year this support has covered our losses so we are hopeful that there may be some measure of support next year.
- 3.7. We are currently forecasting a budget surplus for 20/21 based on this year's additional Govt support so would look to set the bulk of any surplus created this year aside to help mitigate future year's projected losses.
- 3.8. Cabinet and Council should be commended for three very important decisions taken recently:
 - WODC set aside funding for Covid recovery from its 19/20 outturn which has allowed it, in this time of financial constraints, to fund vital recovery work supported by members to aid our residents and local business community.
 - The Council has formally adopted an important investment strategy meaning that all future projects must contribute positively to the long term financial stability of the Council as well as serving Council priorities.
 - The members have recognised that the Council faces a challenging financial situation in the medium term and have strategically reviewed all recent proposed expenditure in that context, taking part in budget discussions and critically evaluating the necessity of projects in order to prioritise focus, staff resource and funding on core activities and urgent needs.

- 3.9. The detailed breakdown attached in Annex B has been reported by Business Manager's budget and not by Service Area. This makes reporting subsequent drafts of the numbers quicker and more efficient and relates them back to meetings that members are having with Officers on those budgets.
- 3.10. Consultation with residents, businesses and town and parish councils is taking place during January.
- 3.11. Cabinet will be presented with subsequent adjustments to this draft budget in February to enable recommendations to be made to the Council meeting on 24 February 2021.

4. RISK ASSESSMENT

4.1. At this stage the main risks are excessive capital spend requirements, additional growth demands, the outcome of feedback from public consultation and the possibility that the Covid impact could be even greater than anticipated.

5. CLIMATE CHANGE IMPLICATIONS

5.1. The Council's climate change programme has benefitted from the addition of two further officers funded through the Covid Recovery work programme and the unused funding allocated last year has been rolled over for use over the remainder of the initiative.

2019/2020 Actual £	Expenditure by Service Area	2020/2021 Budget £	2021/2022 Estimate £
(2,598,626)	Assets	(2,359,260)	(2,214,658)
6,140,552	Commissioning Strategy	6,254,716	6,333,347
143,581	Communications & Marketing	142,000	128,336
640,726	Contracts	(262,925)	848,956
1,043,884	Corporate Finance	5,324,100	1,654,530
1,340,017	Corporate Responsibility	1,340,420	1,274,132
1,090,788	Customer Experience	962,650	999,237
673,750	Development Management	375,800	450,854
117,830	Environmental & Regulatory Services	106,200	106,541
794,342	Finance	665,100	717,027
660,352	Insight & Intelligence	455,700	424,891
813,630	Localities	732,920	599,422
615,840	Operational Services	1,165,900	1,000,137
325,918	People	292,200	279,137
1,110,017	Technology	1,052,800	1,074,863
12,912,601	Total Cost of Services	16,248,321	13,676,752
2019/2020 Actual £	Expenditure by Type	2020/2021 Budget £	2021/2022 Estimate £
2,489,632	Employees	4,983,980	1,090,188
1,432,027	Premises Related Expenditure	1,270,250	1,201,715
38,904	Transport Related Expenditure	34,400	22,900
5,493,046	Supplies & Services	4,344,360	4,227,035
17,059,157	Third Party Payments	17,727,505	19,484,687
16,587,534	Transfer Payments	17,983,923	16,827,407
3,843,208	Capital Charges	1,325,500	1,325,500
3,043,200	Capital Charges	1,323,300	1,525,500
46,943,508	Total Cost	47,669,918	44,179,432
(34,030,907)	Income	(31,421,597)	(30,502,680)
12,912,601	Total Cost of Services	16,248,321	13,676,752

	2020/2021 Budget £	2021/2022 Estimate £
Total Cost of Services	16,248,321	13,676,752
Capital Expenditure funded through revenue	540,100	540,100
Capital Financing funded through revenue	275,230	275,230
Impact of capital investment from capital programme	269,070	269,070
Temporary loans interest	2,500	2,500
Capital charges - depreciation and amortisation reversals	(1,325,500)	(1,325,500)
Net Operating Expenditure	16,009,721	13,438,152
Treasury and Investment Income	(680,000)	(779,400)
Net Expenditure	15,329,721	12,658,752
Contributions to / (from):		
General Fund Balance	1,395	(50,034)
Net contribution to / (from) Earmarked Reserves	(3,915,398)	(800,692)
Balance to be met from Government Grants & Council Tax	11,415,718	11,808,026
Transfers to / (from) Collection Fund	(78,513)	(99,700)
Revenue Support Grant	(78,832)	(79,268)
New Homes Bonus	(2,068,690)	(2,284,075)
Rural Services Delivery Grant	(126,956)	(133,225)
Lower Tier Grant	0	(91,395)
Renewable Energy Schemes	(209,056)	(213,237)
Retained Business Rates (NNDR)	(4,297,185)	(3,994,000)
Business Rates Pool Distribution	0	0
Grants to Town & Parish Councils (Council Tax Support)	66,005	0
Net Requirement	4,622,491	4,913,126
Taxbase	44,285.22	44,917.96
Council Tax (at Band D)	£104.38	£109.38

Ex	penditure	by Service Area / Cost Centre	2020/2021 Budget £	2021/2022 Estimate £	Movement £	2020/21 one- off Growth £	2021/22 one- off Growth £	Inflation / Publica Savings £	BM Review / Corp Finance Update £	Covid Income Contingency £
As	sets									
	ADB301	3 Welch Way (Town Centre Shop)	36,700	24,700	(12,000)	0	0	0	(12,000)	0
	ADB302	Guildhall	1,300	13,400	12,100	0	0	0	12,100	0
	ADB303	Woodgreen	191,140	186,850	(4,290)	0	0	0	(4,290)	0
	ADB304	Elmfield	156,800	156,800	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ADB305	Corporate Buildings	510,500	398,904	(111,596)	(100,000)	0	844	(12,440)	0
Ū	ADB306	Depot	(39,900)	(41,300)	(1,400)	0	0	0	(1,400)	0
a Ge	CCC001	Climate Change	320,400	254,728	(65,672)	(200,000)	168,000	378	(34,050)	0
D	FIE341	Town Centre Properties	(609,200)	(437,864)	171,336	0	0	111	4,250	166,975
1	FIE342	Miscellaneous Properties	(832,000)	(790,895)	41,105	0	0	0	180	40,925
Š	FIE343	Talisman	(1,259,400)	(1,131,450)	127,950	0	0	0	15,200	112,750
	FIE344	Des Roches Square	(499,100)	(498,100)	1,000	0	0	0	1,000	0
	FIE345	Gables at Elmfield	(33,600)	(40,865)	(7,265)	0	0	0	(7,265)	0
	TAC303	Swain Court & Newman Court Ind Est.	(35,000)	(21,535)	13,465	0	0	0	13,465	0
	TAC304	Witney Industrial Estate	(160,000)	(166,350)	(6,350)	0	0	0	(6,350)	0
	TAC305	Carterton Industrial Estate	(217,800)	(221,950)	(4,150)	0	0	0	(4,150)	0
	TAC306	Greystones Industrial Estate	(16,000)	(11,200)	4,800	0	0	0	4,800	0
	TAC308	Other Trading Services - Fairs	(4,000)	0	4,000	0	0	0	4,000	0
	REG023	Environmental Strategy	98,600	80,067	(18,533)	0	0	267	(18,800)	0
	REC003	Play	31,300	31,402	102	0	0	102	0	0
— To	tal Asset		(2,359,260)	(2,214,658)	144,602	(300,000)	168,000	1,702	(45,750)	320,650

								BM Review	
							Inflation /	/ Corp	Covid
_		2020/2021	2021/2022		2020/21 one-		Publica	Finance	Income
Ex	penditure by Service Area / Cost Centre	Budget £	Estimate £	Movement £	off Growth £	off Growth £	Savings £	Update £	Contingency £
C	ommissioning Strategy								
	ENI002 Grounds Maintenance	448,325	450,600	2,275	0	0	(18,400)	20,675	0
	ENI303 Landscape Maintenance	800	839	39	0	0	39	0	0
	REG004 Dog Warden	(36,000)	55,320	91,320	0	0	91,280	40	0
	REG018 Pest Control	36,800	14,000	(22,800)	0	0	(31,620)	8,820	0
	REG019 Public Conveniences	173,400	173,426	26	0	0	26	0	0
_	RYC001 Recycling	2,060,391	2,614,908	554,517	(68,000)	0	453,888	168,629	0
บ ง	RYC002 Green Waste	335,000	197,343	(137,657)	(18,000)	0	(124,657)	5,000	0
מ ס	STC001 Street Cleaning	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
_	STC004 Environmental Cleansing	1,041,000	1,031,490	(9,510)	0	0	(9,510)	0	0
သ သ	TRW001 Trade Waste	85,500	45,560	(39,940)	0	0	(40,040)	100	0
	TRW002 Clinical Waste	(1,100)	(1,100)	0	0	0	0	0	0
	WST001 Household Waste	2,070,500	1,702,393	(368,107)	0	0	(340,207)	(27,900)	0
	WST004 Bulky Household Waste	4,800	13,268	8,468	0	0	8,468	0	0
	WST301 Env. Services Depot, Downs Rd, Witney	35,300	35,300	0	0	0	0	0	0
	otal Commissioning Strategy	6,254,716	6,333,347	78,631	(86,000)	0	(10,733)	175,364	0

								BM Review	
		2020/2021	2021/2022		2020/21 one-	2021/22 one-	Inflation / Publica	/ Corp Finance	Covid Income
Expenditu	ure by Service Area / Cost Centre	Budget £	Estimate £	Movement £	off Growth	off Growth £	Savings £	Update £	Contingency £
		-	_	~	_	~	-	_	~
Commu	nications and Marketing								
COR	004 Public Relations	26,200	12,060	(14,140)	0	0	10	(14,150)	0
SUP0	02 Consultation, Policy & Research	115,800	116,276	476	0	0	426	50	0
	mmunications and Marketing	142,000	128,336	(13,664)	0	0	436	(14,100)	0
ປ Contract D CCT(ts								
Ф сст	001 CCTV	122,400	89,100	(33,300)	0	0	0	(33,300)	0
REC0	01 Sports Development	54,400	96,746	42,346	0	0	346	(3,000)	45,000
REC0	02 Recreational Facilities Development	60,400	50,285	(10,115)	0	0	185	(10,300)	0
REC3	01 Village Halls	13,300	13,349	49	0	0	49	0	0
REC3	02 Contract Management	(513,425)	599,476	1,112,901	0	0	76	(348,004)	1,460,829
Total Co	ontracts	(262,925)	848,956	1,111,881	0	0	656	(394,604)	1,505,829

West Oxfordshire District Council

Annex B

							I	BM Review	
							Inflation /	/ Corp	Covid
		2020/2021	2021/2022		2020/21 one-	2021/22 one	Publica	Finance	Income
Е	xpenditure by Service Area / Cost Centre	Budget	Estimate	Movement	off Growth	off Growth	Savings	Update (Contingency
		£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
C	Corporate Finance								
	COR005 Corporate Finance	154,900	373,688	218,788	0	162,500	6,288	50,000	0
	COR006 Treasury Management	25,200	26,700	1,500	0	0	0	1,500	0
	COR007 External Audit Fees	57,000	57,000	0	0	0	0	0	0
	COR008 Bank Charges	69,200	69,200	0	0	0	0	0	0
	COR302 Publica Group	174,400	(17,537)	(191,937)	(177,000)	177,000	(191,937)	0	0
ס	COV019 Corona Virus	0	300,500	300,500	0	300,500	0	0	0
മ	COV020 High Street re-opening	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
qe e	NDC001 Non Distributed Costs	4,599,100	599,100	(4,000,000)	(4,000,000)	0	0	0	0
12	SUP004 Legal	244,300	245,879	1,579	0	0	1,579	0	0
Ω^{-}	otal Corporate Finance	5,324,100	1,654,530	(3,669,570)	(4,177,000)	640,000	(184,070)	51,500	0

									BM Review	
Ex	penditure	by Service Area / Cost Centre	2020/2021 Budget £	2021/2022 Estimate £	Movement £		2021/22 one- off Growth	Inflation / Publica Savings £	/ Corp Finance Update £	Covid Income Contingency £
C	orporate	Responsibility								
	COR002	2 Chief Executive	291,280	240,563	(50,717)	0	0	2,933	(53,650)	0
	COR003	3 Corporate Policy Making	66,900	67,144	244	0	0	244	0	0
	DRM00	Democratic Representation and Mgmt	97,440	97,440	0	0	0	0	0	0
	DRM002	2 Support To Elected Bodies	415,600	392,050	(23,550)	0	0	0	(23,550)	0
U	ELE001	Registration of Electors	59,600	59,600	0	0	0	0	0	0
age	ELE002	District Elections	75,700	75,700	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ō	ELE004	Parliamentary Elections	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12	ELE005	Parish Elections	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6	ELE007	European Elections	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ELE008	Police & Crime Commissioner Elections	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	EMP001	Emergency Planning	6,700	13,723	7,023	0	0	23	7,000	0
	SUP001	Administration	327,200	327,912	712	0	0	2,462	(1,750)	0
	otal Corp	orate Responsibility	1,340,420	1,274,132	(66,288)	0	0	5,662	(71,950)	0

							BM Review	
Expenditure by Service Area / Cost Centre	2020/2021 Budget £	2021/2022 Estimate £	Movement £	2020/21 one- off Growth		Inflation / Publica Savings £	/ Corp Finance Update	Covid Income Contingency £
Customer Experience								
HOM001 Homelessness	331,200	381,306	50,106	(64,900)	0	1,006	114,000	0
HOM002 Homelessness Grants	0	10,000	10,000	0	0	0	10,000	0
HOM003 Rent In Advance Scheme	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HOM004 Refugees	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HOM005 Homelessness Hostel Accomodation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PSH001 Private Sector Housing Grants	67,800	46,269	(21,531)	0	0	169	(21,700)	0
PSH004 Home Improvement Service	(47,500)	(61,379)	(13,879)	0	0	71	(13,950)	0
SUP008 Reception/Customer Services	461,400	462,356	956	0	0	1,656	(700)	0
SUP014 Cashiers	12,600	6,400	(6,200)	0	0	0	(6,200)	0
TOU002 Tourist/Visitor Information Centre	134,500	150,808	16,308	0	0	508	15,800	0
REG002 Licensing	2,650	3,477	827	0	0	827	0	0
Total Customer Experience	962,650	999,237	36,587	(64,900)	0	4,237	97,250	0

E	openditure	by Service Area / Cost Centre	2020/2021 Budget £	2021/2022 Estimate £	Movement £		2021/22 one- off Growth £	Inflation / Publica Savings £	BM Review / Corp Finance Update £	Covid Income Contingency £
D	evelopme	nt Management								
	DEV001	Development Control - Applications	(425,600)	(365,613)	59,987	(53,000)	0	2,517	110,470	0
	DEV002	Development Control - Appeals	76,900	76,183	(717)	0	0	283	(1,000)	0
	DEV003	Development Control - Enforcement	156,000	155,578	(422)	0	0	578	(1,000)	0
	ENI301	Landscape Initiatives	51,400	51,588	188	0	0	188	0	0
U	FLD001	Flood Defence and Land Drainage	139,000	148,045	9,045	0	0	515	8,530	0
ag	HLD315	Growth Board Project (Planning)	21,000	75,784	54,784	0	0	2,066	52,718	0
D	PLP003	Implementation	56,700	(917)	(57,617)	0	0	211	(57,828)	0
12	PLP004	Conservation	86,600	85,115	(1,485)	0	0	315	(1,800)	0
Ö	PSM001	Planning - Service Mgmt and Support	166,300	180,407	14,107	0	0	282	13,825	0
	ENA001	Housing Enabling	143,400	116,178	(27,222)	(74,300)	39,160	218	7,700	0
	REG005	Public Health Sewerage	3,000	(24)	(3,024)	0	0	6	(3,030)	0
	BUC001	Building Control - Fee Earning Work	(167,400)	(139,924)	27,476	0	0	776	26,700	0
	BUC002	Building Control - Non Fee Earning Work	68,500	68,454	(46)	0	0	254	(300)	0
т	otal Deve	lopment Management	375,800	450,854	75,054	(127,300)	39,160	8,209	154,985	0

							1	BM Review	
Expenditu	re by Service Area / Cost Centre	2020/2021 Budget £	2021/2022 Estimate £	Movement £		2021/22 one off Growth	Inflation / Publica Savings £	/ Corp Finance Update £	Covid Income Contingency £
Environm	ental & Regulatory Services								
ESM00	I Environment - Service Mgmt and Support	106,200	106,541	341	0	0	341	0	0
Total Env	ironmental & Regulatory Services	106,200	106,541	341	0	0	341	0	0
Finance									
J HLD30	2 Miscellaneous Cash	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HLD30	04 Insurance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HLD30	08 Tracking Vehicles	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
▲ HLD30	9 Newspapers & Periodicals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HLD31	3 Lease Cars	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SUP00	9 Accountancy	324,600	316,466	(8,134)	0	0	1,116	(9,250)	0
SUP01	0 Internal Audit	94,200	159,725	65,525	0	0	53,425	12,100	0
SUP01	I Creditors	43,700	41,478	(2,222)	0	0	128	(2,350)	0
SUP01	2 Debtors	58,000	55,326	(2,674)	0	0	176	(2,850)	0
SUP01	6 Finance - Performance Review	101,000	100,269	(731)	0	0	369	(1,100)	0
SUP03	3 Central Purchasing	34,700	34,830	130	0	0	130	0	0
SUP03	5 Insurances	8,900	8,933	33	0	0	33	0	0
Total Fina	ance	665,100	717,027	51,927	0	0	55,377	(3,450)	0

								BM Review	
							Inflation /	/ Corp	Covid
		2020/2021	2021/2022		2020/21 one-		Publica	Finance	Income
Expend	iture by Service Area / Cost Centre	B udget £	Estimate £	Movement £	off Growth £	off Growth £	Savings £	Update £	Contingency £
Insight	& Intelligence								
EC	D001 Economic Development	119,700	84,733	(34,967)	0	0	283	(35,250)	0
EC	D301 WOSP - West Oxon Strategic Partnership	0	9,000	9,000	0	0	0	9,000	0
PLF	P001 Planning Policy	336,000	331,158	(4,842)	0	0	1,158	(6,000)	0
⊤Total I ໝ	nsight & Intelligence	455,700	424,891	(30,809)	0	0	1,441	(32,250)	0
വ Q D Localit	ies								
$\vec{\omega}$ cc	R001 Community Safety (Crime Reduction)	157,900	67,576	(90,324)	(125,000)	0	76	34,600	0
~ cc	R002 Building Safer Communities	3,700	2,401	(1,299)	0	0	I	(1,300)	0
CC	R301 Community Grants	218,520	218,820	300	0	0	0	300	0
CS	M001 Cultural Strategy	109,300	89,064	(20,236)	(24,100)	0	264	3,600	0
CU	L001 Arts Development	50,500	54,737	4,237	0	0	137	4,100	0
OP	S003 Countryside	4,400	0	(4,400)	0	0	0	(4,400)	0
TC	U001 Tourism Strategy and Promotion	188,600	166,824	(21,776)	0	0	524	(22,300)	0
Total I	_ocalities	732,920	599,422	(133,498)	(149,100)	0	1,002	14,600	0

Ex	penditure	by Service Area / Cost Centre	2020/2021 Budget £	2021/2022 Estimate £	Movement £	2020/21 one- off Growth £	2021/22 one off Growth	Inflation / Publica Savings £	BM Review / Corp Finance Update £	Covid Income Contingency £
0	perationa	l Services								
	COR301	Policy Initiatives - Shopmobility	20,900	20,955	55	0	0	55	0	0
	CPK001	Car Parks - Off Street	176,100	171,407	(4,693)	0	0	307	(5,000)	0
	CPK011	On Street Civil Parking Enforcement	22,400	17,942	(4,458)	0	0	642	(5,100)	0
	HBP001	Rent Allowances	260,300	202,419	(57,881)	0	0	912	(58,793)	0
	HBP003	Local Housing Allowance	10,300	(7,000)	(17,300)	0	0	0	(17,300)	0
	HBP005	Benefit Fraud Investigation	131,900	120,144	(11,756)	0	0	444	(12,200)	0
U	LLC001	Local Land Charges	(160,600)	(157,968)	2,632	0	0	157	2,475	0
	LTC001	Council Tax Collection	307,200	233,974	(73,226)	0	0	974	(74,200)	0
מ ס	LTC002	Council Tax Support Administration	42,500	31,878	(10,622)	0	0	538	(11,160)	0
_	LTC011	NNDR Collection	(59,800)	(59,926)	(126)	0	0	374	(500)	0
ب	PSH002	Private Sector Housing - Cond'n of Dwellings	3,000	3,000	0	0	0	0	0	0
	REG009	Environmental Protection	173,050	173,632	582	0	0	582	0	0
	REG010	Noise Control	400	400	0	0	0	0	0	0
	REG011	Authorised Process	(10,400)	(11,900)	(1,500)	0	0	0	(1,500)	0
	REG013	Pollution Control	123,800	122,897	(903)	0	0	397	(1,300)	0
	REG016	Food Safety	129,450	129,283	(167)	0	0	483	(650)	0
	REG021	Statutory Burials	2,500	5,000	2,500	0	0	0	2,500	0
	STC011	Abandoned Vehicles	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TAC309	Other Trading Services - Markets	(7,100)	4,000	11,100	0	0	(2,000)	13,100	0
	otal Oper	ational Services	1,165,900	1,000,137	(165,763)	0	0	3,865	(169,628)	0

							BM Review	6
	2020/2021	2021/2022		2020/21 one-	2021/22 one	Inflation / Publica	/ Corp Finance	Covid Income
Expenditure by Service Area / Cost Centre	Budget	Estimate	Movement		off Growth	Savings		Contingency
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
People								
SUP003 Human Resources	175,500	165,245	(10,255)	0	0	545	(10,800)	0
SUP013 Payroll	59,700	56,679	(3,021)	0	0	179	(3,200)	0
SUP019 Health & Safety	30,500	30,614	114	0	0	114	0	0
SUP020 Training & Development	26,500	26,599	99	0	0	99	0	0
U								
Total People	292,200	279,137	(13,063)	0	0	937	(14,000)	0
Technology HLD301 ICT Purchases								
HLD301 ICT Purchases	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SUP005 ICT	787,200	788,549	1,349	0	0	1,149	200	0
SUP006 Telephones	7,000	7,000	0	0	0	0	0	0
SUP041 Business Solutions	263,400	284,113	20,713	0	0	913	19,800	0
TMR001 Street Naming	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TMR002 Street Furniture & Equipment	(4,800)	(4,799)	1	0	0	I	0	0
Total Technology	1,052,800	1,074,863	22,063	0	0	2,063	20,000	0
TOTAL COST OF SERVICES	16,248,321	13,676,752	(2,571,569)	(4,904,300)	847,160	(108,875)	(232,033)	1,826,479

Funding Requirement Esti	mate 2021/22	4,913,126
		(151,707)
Other Government Grants	(6,705)	
Grants to Town & Parish Cou		
Collection Fund Surplus	(21,187)	
One-off Lower Tier Grant	(91,395)	
New Homes Bonus	(215,385)	
Use of General Fund Balances	(50,034)	
Reduction in Business Rates In	ncome 299,004	
Funding Changes		
Estimated Covid income l	osses (contingency)	1,826,479
		(960,869)
GLL Leisure Contract	(348,004)	
Investment Income	(97,900)	
Rent Allowances / Discretiona	ary HB (76,093)	
Publica Savings Target	(192,590)	
Ubico Contract	(17,130)	
Business Manager Budget Revi		
Savings / Income Generati		97,345
Retained Staff	13,490	
Publica	83,855	
Inflation		468,289
	173,027	
Housing Enabling Recycling	39,160 173,629	
Investment Strategy for Recov		
- funded from Earmarked Res	serves (207,500)	
Covid Recovery Strategy	300,500	
- funded from Earmarked Res	serves (168,000)	
Climate Change	168,000	
2021/22 Growth		
Reverse 2020/21 one-off grow	vth / funding	(988,902
Original Budget Funding F	Requirement	4,622,49
Pressures / Savings		

Page 133

Annex D

West Oxfordshire District Council

Fees and Charges

2021/2022

Planning Services Annex D

	2020/2021 Basic Charge £ p	2021/2022 Basic Charge £ p	VAT £ p	2021/2022 Total charge £ p	VAT Status
General Administration					
Access to Information/Inspection of Background Documents					
a Charge per document (after Committee date)	0.65	0.68	-	0.68	Non Business
b Where documents are listed under a general description (after Committee date)	5.85	6.15	-	6.15	Non Business
c During 5 days prior to Committee date only Note: Members of the public may only inspect background documents 3 days prior to Committee date or thereafter.					
Administration Charge for Services Rendered	30 percent	30 percent		30 % + VAT	Standard
Minutes/Agendas					
Per Annum	186.95	196.30	39.26	235.56	Standard
Single Agenda	4.90	5.15	1.03	6.17	Standard
Parish/Town Councils Per Annum	20.40	21.42	4.28	25.70	Standard
Libraries			-	Free	-
Dyeline Prints (Any type, with due regard to copyright restrictions)					
A2 Size	7.75	8.14	1.63	9.76	Standard
A1 Size	9.75	10.23	2.05	12.28	Standard
From Paper Roll Larger than A1 Size	12.50	13.12	2.62	15.74	Standard
Photocopying - (per sheet)					
A4 size and foolscap	0.15	0.16	0.03	0.19	Standard
A3 size	0.15	0.16	0.03	0.19	Standard
A4 & A3 Colour Copies	0.30	0.31	0.06	0.37	Standard
Local Plan	20.00	21.00	-	21.00	Zero-rated

Planning Services Increase % 1.050 Annex D

	2020/2021 Basic Charge £ p	2021/2022 Basic Charge £ p	VAT £ p	2021/2022 Total Charge £ p	VAT Status
Planning Applications – Maps Up to 6 maps (one charge for the set):					
1:500 scale* plus admin fee #	4.00 10.65	4.20 11.18	- 2.24	4.20 13.42	Zero rated Standard
1:1250 scale* plus admin fee #	14.15 10.35	14.85 10.87	- 2.17	14.85 13.04	Zero rated Standard
1:2500 scale*	58.65	61.58	-	61.58	Zero rated
plus admin fee # *All maps are provided by the National maps Centre and are subject to change it	10.65 f the O.S. increas	11.18 se their fees	2.24	13.42	Standard
# Only one admin fee is charged regardless of the number of maps purchased.					
Planning Applications - Weekly Press Lists	178.65	187.58	37.52	225.10	Standard
Planning Decision Notices Notice requested	10.65	11.18	2.24	13.42	Standard
Section 52 Agreement Per copy of Agreement	19.50	20.47	4.09	24.56	Standard
Section 106 Agreements Per copy of Agreement	17.20	18.06	3.61	21.67	Standard
Compilation of Agreement. Minimum charge increased at Officer's discretion					
Tree Preservation Orders Per copy of order	16.70	17.53	3.51	21.04	Standard
Valuation Fee	At Cost	17.55	-	At Cost	Standard

Planning application fees are set by central government. Use this link to CLG planning portal.

http://ecab.planningportal.co.uk/uploads/english_application_fees.pdf

Planning Services Increase % 1.020 Not updated with % waiting feedback Annex D

	2020/2021 Basic Charge £ p	2021/2022 Basic Charge £ p	VAT £ p	2021/2022 Total Charge £ p	VAT Status
Local Search Fees					
Con29 only	122.66	144.20	25.02	150.14	Standard
Each additional enquiry (own questions)	19.28	20.45	4.09	24.54	Standard
Each extra parcel of land (no VAT applied of LLC1 only)	20.60	21.85	4.37	26.22	Standard
Each optional standard question, except question 4, 5 and 22	16.01	17.00	3.40	20.40	Standard
Each optional standard question 4	21.42	22.75	4.55	27.30	Standard
Each optional standard question 5	19.28	20.45	4.09	24.54	Standard
LLC1 search only	12.80	13.60	-	13.60	Non Business

Local Search fees became subject to VAT from 1/1/17.

Planning Services Annex D

Increase % 1.050

Pre Application Planning Advice

Service	Written Advice	Meeting & Written Advice
1-2 dwellings less than 0.5ha (outline) less than 500m² floorspace Change of use	£174 + VAT	£349 + VAT Meeting up to 1 hour Each additional meeting £174 per hour
3-14 dwellings 0.5-0.99ha (outline) 500-999m² floorspace	£349 + VAT	£698 + VAT Meeting up to 1 hour Each additional meeting £174 per hour
15-100 dwellings 1-3.0 ha (outline) 1000-2999m² floorspace	£698 + VAT	£1395 + VAT Meeting(s) up to 2 hours Each additional meeting £174 per hour
More than 100 dwellings or 3.0ha (outline) or 3000m2 floorspace	£1,395 + VAT	£2793 + VAT Meeting(s) up to 3 hours Each additional meeting £174 per hour
Strategic Development sites.	N/A	Meetings held in the context of an emerging Development Plan as an intrinsic part of the decision as to whether to allocate the site or not will be free. At the point detailed site/design matters are discussed a fee of £2855 + VAT is payable to cover a further 3 hours of meetings. Each additional meeting £174 per hour.
Design Supplement.	£58 + VAT	For all non-Listed Building enquiries where a design input is required before a response can be made. This does <u>not</u> apply to enquiries relating solely to applications for listed building consent.
Advertisement Consent.	£174 + VAT	£232 + VAT
Informal quick responses.	N/A	An e-mail description of the proposals along with payment of the £ 29 fee will be required. An informal response will be given by phone or e-mail within 3 working days of receipt. No meetings/ letters will be produced.
Season Ticket.	N/A	Regular developers, agents or landowners may wish to negotiate a "season ticket" where, upon payment of an up front fee to cover the estimated cost of enquiries likely to be made during the coming year the need to complete the forms and payments for each enquiry can be avoided NB If the estimate is materially exceeded subsequent meetings will be charged at the standard rates above.
Solicitor/agent letters requiring confirmation that conditions have been discharged or satisfied.	£174 + VAT	N/A

Resources Annex D

Δ.	Administration	2020/2021 Basic Charge £ p	2021/2022 Basic Charge £ p	VAT £ p	2021/2022 Total Charge £ p	VAT Status
	Freedom of Information enquiries (charge per hr for search costs over the £450 'Appropriate Limit'):	25.00	25.00	-	25.00	Non Business
	Freedom of Information photocopying - per sheet	0.14	0.14	0.03	0.17	Standard
s	Summons Costs - Council Tax/NNDR					
J	Council Tax - Summons on application for Liability Order* Council Tax - Costs of Liability Order hearing* NNDR - Summons on application for Liability Order* NNDR - Costs of Liability Order hearing* * As approved by the Magistrates Court	65.00 45.00 75.00 45.00	65.00 45.00 75.00 45.00	- - -	65.00 45.00 75.00 45.00	Non Business Non Business Non Business Non Business
N .	Aliscellaneous properties Garage rents	12.00	12.60	2.52	15.12	Standard

Environmental & Regulatory Services	A	Annex D	Increase
ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION	2020/2021 20		
Private Water Supplies Risk Assessment or Investigation (fee per hour) Sampling – each visit – fixed fee Granting and Authorisation - fixed fee plus hourly rate applies	£51.00 £100.00 £100.00	£53.55 £105.00 £105.00	
Sample Analysis Taken under Regulation 10 Taken during check monitoring Taken during audit monitoring	at cost	at cost	

Regulation of Pollution from Industrial Sources

- Environmental Permitting Regulations 2010

Fees as laid down by the Secretary of State

Please refer to www.gov.uk/local-authority-environmental-permit

Environmental Information Regulations – Search Fees

Basic administration charge	£25.00	£26.25
Contaminated Land information request	£80.00	£84.00

Environmental & Regulatory Services	Annex D		Increase	1.050
FOOD HEALTH & SAFETY	2020/21	2021/22		
Export of Food Products				
Food Export Health Certificate (including first hour of officer time)	£50.00	£52.50		
Officer hourly rate after first hour	£35.00	£36.75		
Other Products & Services				
E-learning	£35.00	£36.75		
Safer Food, Better Business Information Pack	£8.00	£8.40		
Food Hygiene Rating Re-visit	£160.00	£168.00		
Condemned Food Certificate	£80.00	£84.00		

Environmental & Regulatory Services	Annex D	
LICENSING – ANIMAL WELFARE	2020/21	2021/22
Breeding of Dogs ¹		
New Application	£350.00	£367.50
Renewal (1 to 3 years depending on rating + annual inspection)	£275.00	£288.75
Horse Riding Establishments ¹		
New Application	£400.00	£420.00
Renewal (1 to 3 years depending on rating + annual inspection)	£275.00	£288.75
Pet Shops		
New Application	£270.00	£283.50
Renewal (1 to 3 years depending on rating)	£230.00	£241.50
Keeping or Training Animals for Exhibition		
New Application	£270.00	£283.50
Renewal (3 years)	£230.00	£241.50
Home Boarding for Dogs (Day-time or overnight care within the home env	rironment)	
New Application	£270.00	£283.50
Renewal (1 to 3 years depending on rating)	£230.00	£241.50
Providing Boarding in Kennels		
Dogs - New Application – up to 50 dogs	£270.00	£283.50
Dogs - Renewal (1 to 3 years depending on rating) – up to 50 dogs	£230.00	£241.50
Dogs - New Application – over 50 dogs	£315.00	
Dogs - Renewal (1 to 3 years depending on rating)— over 50 dogs	£275.00	£288.75
Cats - New Application – up to 50 cats	£270.00	£283.50
Cats - Renewal (1 to 3 years depending on rating) – up to 50 cats	£230.00	£241.50
Cats - New Application – over 50 cats	£315.00	£330.75
Cats - Renewal (1 to 3 years depending on rating)— over 50 cats	£275.00	£288.75

Total charge is the amount as shown plus veterinary fees

1.050

Increase

Environmental & Regulatory Services	Annex D		Increase	
LICENSING – ANIMAL WELFARE	2020/21	2021/22		
Providing Day Care for Dogs				
New Application – up to 50 dogs	£220.00	£231.00		
Renewal (1 to 3 years depending on rating) – up to 50 dogs	£230.00	£241.50		
New Application – over 50 dogs	£315.00	£330.75		
Renewal (1 to 3 years depending on rating)— over 50 dogs	£275.00	£288.75		
Supplementary Fees				
Franchise Licence – Dog Boarding only ¹	£110.00	£115.50		
Host Fee ²	£130.00	£136.50		
Additional Activity ³	£45.00	£47.25		
Variation Fee e.g. amendment to a licence	£25.00	£26.25		
Inspection Fee⁴	£120.00	£126.00		
Re-Rating Fee ⁵	£125.00	£131.25		
¹ Host fees will be required in addition to this licence				

² Required per host family of a dog boarding franchise

Dangerous Wild Animals

New Application ¹	£335.00 £351.75
Renewal (2 years) ¹	£295.00 £309.75
Zoos	
s14(2) dispensation - New Application ¹	£1,165.00 £1,223.25
s14(2) dispensation - Renewal (6 years) ¹	£1,575.00 £1,653.75
No dispensation - New Application ¹	£1,860.00 £1,953.00
No dispensation - Renewal (6 years) ¹	£2,620.00 £2,751.00

¹ Total charge is the amount as shown plus veterinary fees

³ Payable in addition to the appropriate licence fees where more than one activity is undertaken at the same premises

⁴ Payable if an inspection is required in addition to the initial inspection required included within the licence fee

⁵ Inspection and licence amendment for re-rating of the current star rating

Environmental & Regulatory Services	Annex D		Increase	1.050
LICENSING - TAXIS	2020/21	2021/22		
Drivers Licence				
Hackney Carriage / Private Hire / Dual - 3 year – new application	£250.00	£262.50		
Hackney Carriage / Private Hire / Dual - 3 year – renewal	£185.00	£194.25		
Single Private Hire to Dual Licence transfer	£53.00	£55.65		
Vehicle Licence – all 1 year				
Hackney Carriage vehicle – new application	£250.00	£262.50		
Hackney Carriage vehicle – renewal	£185.00	£194.25		
Private Hire vehicle – new application	£250.00	£262.50		
Private Hire vehicle – renewal	£185.00	£194.25		
Transfer of vehicle licence – to another person	£25.00	£26.25		
Transfer of vehicle licence – to another vehicle (1 year)	£180.00	£189.00		
Transfer of vehicle licence – to another vehicle (remainder of plate)	£86.00	£90.30		
Temporary vehicle (Insurance Company)	£250.00	£262.50		
Change of registration number	£86.00	£90.30		
Private Hire Operators				
Operator Licence – 5 year – new application	£400.00	£420.00		
Operator Licence – 1 year – new application / renewal	£100.00	£105.00		
Other Fees				
Knowledge Test	£75.00	£78.75		
Replacement driver's badge	£28.00	£29.40		
Replacement external plate	£33.00	£34.65		
Replacement internal plate	£28.00	£29.40		
Vehicle bracket	£10.00	£10.50		
Administration charge for any other requests	£25.00	£26.25		

Environmental & Regulatory Services	Annex D Increase	1.050
LICENSING – STREET TRADING	2020/21 2021/22	
West Oxfordshire District Council		
Witney & Chipping Norton – annual	£2,623.87 £2,755.06	
Witney & Chipping Norton – 3 months	£781.99 £821.09	
All other consents – annual	£1,754.19 £1,841.90	
All other consents – 3 months	£563.09 £591.24	
Individual Trader Day Rate (per stall)	£60.93 £63.98	

Environmental & Regulatory Services	Annex D		Increase	1.050
LICENSING - CARAVAN AND CAMPSITES	2020/21	2021/22		
All previous charging schedules to be replaced by the following:				
New site application				
– 5 or less units	£315.00	£330.75		
– 6 to 24 units	£420.00	£441.00		
– 25 to 99 units	£505.00	£530.25		
– 100 to 199 units	£580.00	£609.00		
– 200 units and over	£665.00	£698.25		
Annual Fee for existing site licence				
– 5 or less units	£265.00	£278.25		
– 6 to 24 units	£350.00	£367.50		
– 25 to 99 units	£435.00	£456.75		
– 100 to 199 units	£505.00	£530.25		
– 200 units and over	£585.00	£614.25		
Other Fees				
Transfer / amendment of existing site licence	£100.00	£105.00		
Change Site Conditions	£100.00	£105.00		
Site Rules Deposit	£50.00	£52.50		
Administrative and other expenses to serve notice under the Mobile Homes Act 2013	£300.00	£315.00		

Environmental & Regulatory Services	Α	nnex D	Increase
LICENSING – GAMBLING ACT	2020/21	2021/22	
Betting Premises (excluding Tracks)			
New Premises	£427.83	£449.22	
Vary Premises	£427.83	£449.22	
Transfer of Premises	£95.72	£100.51	
Reinstatement of Premises	£191.39	£200.96	
Provisional Statement	£427.83	£449.22	
New Premises with Provisional	£78.80	£82.74	
Annual Fee	£168.89	£177.33	
Notification of change	£28.12	£29.53	
For all other premises licence fees, please contact ers@publicagroup.uk. The fees for gaming machine permits are set nationally – please refer to www.gambing D Lotteries and Amusements (Fees set nationally)	gcommission.gov.uk		
Lotteries and Amusements (Fees set nationally)			
	£40.00	£42.00	
Small Lottery – renewal	£20.00	£21.00	

1.050

Environmental & Regulatory Services	Ar	nnex D	Increase	1.050
LICENSING - OTHER	2020/21	2021/22		
Alcohol & Entertainment (Licensing Act 2003) Fees as laid down by the Secretary of State – please refer to www.gov.uk				
Scrap Metal Dealer (Site) Licence – New Application / Renewal Collector's Licence – New Application / Renewal	£532.55	£559.18		
Cosmetic Piercing (Accupuncture, Tattoo, Ear Piercing & Electrolysis) Premises registration (includes 1 practitioner) Personal registration (each additional practitioner at a registered premises)	£187.54 £138.96	£196.92 £145.91		
Sex Shop, Sex Cinema or Sexual Entertainment Venue Please contact ers@publicagroup.uk to discuss your requirements				
Houses in Multiple Occupation HMO Licence (3 years)	£620.00	£651.00		

Advisory Services

The council offers regulatory service support and advice as part of the Better Business for all partnership (https://www.thegrowthhub.biz/support-hub/better-business-for-all; please contact ers@publicagroup.uk to discuss your requirements.

	Premises Licences	2020/2021	2021/2022 Basic Charge	VAT	2021/2022 Total Charge	VAT Status
		£р	£ p	£р	£р	
	*Events that exceed 5,000 people will be liable for an act to be charged on an application for a premises licence at the event.					
	Number of people					
J	5,000-9,999	1,000.00	1,000.00	-	1,000.00	Non Business
2	10,000-14,999	2,000.00	2,000.00	-	2,000.00	Non Business
7	15,000-19,999	4,000.00	4,000.00	-	4,000.00	Non Business
)	20,000-29,999	8,000.00	8,000.00	-	8,000.00	Non Business
	30,000-39,999	16,000.00	16,000.00	-	16,000.00	Non Business
	40,000-49,999	24,000.00	24,000.00	-	24,000.00	Non Business
	50,000-59,999	32,000.00	32,000.00	-	32,000.00	Non Business
	60,000-69,999	40,000.00	40,000.00	-	40,000.00	Non Business
	70,000-79,999	48,000.00	48,000.00	-	48,000.00	Non Business
	80,000-89,999	56,000.00	56,000.00	-	56,000.00	Non Business
	90,000 and over	64,000.00	64,000.00	-	64,000.00	Non Business

Note: Fees are determined by Government

Environmental & Regulatory Services

Annex D

Community Safety & Licensing (Licensing Act 2003)

	Premises Licences Fees relating to applications for premises licences, club premises certificates, variations,	2020/2021	2021/2022	VAT	2021/2022 Total	VAT Status
		Basic Charge	Basic Charge		Charge	
	(but not changes of name and address etc or changes of designated premises supervisor)	£р	£р	£р	£р	
	the conversion of existing licences, and conversion/variations should be graduated using	400.00	400.00			
	five bands as shown: BAND A	100.00	100.00	-	100.00	Non Business
	BAND B	190.00	190.00	-	190.00	Non Business
	BAND C	315.00	315.00	-	315.00	Non Business
	BAND D	450.00	450.00	-	450.00	Non Business
	BAND E	635.00	635.00	-	635.00	Non Business
	The annual charges payable by those holding licences and club premises certificates:					
	BAND A	70.00	70.00	-	70.00	Non Business
П	BAND B	180.00	180.00	-	180.00	Non Business
ັ	BAND C	295.00	295.00	-	295.00	Non Business
2	BAND D	320.00	320.00	-	320.00	Non Business
)	BAND E	350.00	350.00	-	350.00	Non Business
Σ 7	Particular types of premises which do not have non-domestic rateable values would be allocated to B	and A				
)	The various non-domestic rateable values should be allocated to bands in the following					
	way: Note:*Non-Domestic rateable value					
	Note: Non-Domestic rateable value BAND A				*£0-£4.300	Non Business
	BAND B			*	£4,301-£33,000	Non Business
	BAND C				33,001-£87,000	Non Business
	BAND D				7,001-£125,000	Non Business
	BAND E				25.001 and over	Non Business
	*No fee or annual charge would be payable by church halls, chapel halls or other premises of a similar	r nature and village ha	lls, parish and com		- ,	Non Dusiness
	Temporary Events Notice	21.00	21.00	_	21.00	Non Business
	Personal Licence	37.00	37.00	-	37.00	Non Business
	Minor Variations procedure	89.00	89.00	-	89.00	Non Business
	Note: Fees determined by Government					

Community Safety & Licensing (Licensing Act 2003)

	Miscellaneous Fees	2020/2021 Basic Charge	2021/2022	VAT	2020/2021 Total Charge	VAT Status
		£р	£р	£р	£р	
	Application for a grant or renewal of personal licence	37.00	37.00	-	37.00	Non Business
	Temporary event notices	21.00	21.00	-	21.00	Non Business
	Theft, loss etc of premises licence or summary	10.50	10.50	-	10.50	Non Business
	Application for a provisional statement where premises being built, etc	195.00	195.00	-	195.00	Non Business
	Notification of change of name or address	10.50	10.50	-	10.50	Non Business
	Application to vary to specify individual as premises supervisor	23.00	23.00	-	23.00	Non Business
	Application for transfer of premises licence	23.00	23.00	-	23.00	Non Business
	Interim authority notice following death etc. of licence holder	23.00	23.00	-	23.00	Non Business
Ū	Theft, loss etc of certificate or summary	10.50	10.50	-	10.50	Non Business
age	Notification of change of name or alteration of club rules	10.50	10.50	-	10.50	Non Business
d	Change of relevant registered address of club	10.50	10.50	-	10.50	Non Business
<u>.</u>	Theft, loss etc of temporary event notice	10.50	10.50	-	10.50	Non Business
S	Theft, loss etc of personal licence	10.50	10.50	-	10.50	Non Business
<u>~</u>	Duty to notify change of name or address	10.50	10.50	-	10.50	Non Business
	Right of freeholder etc to be notified of licensing matters	21.00	21.00	-	21.00	Non Business

Note: Fees determined by Government

Environmental Services

Elivironmental del vices		2020/2021	2021/2022	VAT	2021/2022 Total	VAT Status
		Basic Charge £ p	Basic Charge £ p	£р	Charge £ p	
Penalty Notices						
Fine for Dog Fouling	statutory fee	50.00	50.00	-	50.00	Non business
Parking enforcement pending introduction of Civil Parking Enforcement (currently sci Operational Guidance to Local Authorities: Parking Policy and enforcement. Department for	•	•	ct 2004			
Higher Level Contravention paid after service of charge certificate	statutory fee	105.00	105.00	_	105.00	Non-business
Higher Level Contravention paid after 14 days but before service of charge certificate	statutory fee	70.00	70.00	_	70.00	Non-business
Higher level contravention paid within 14 days	statutory fee	35.00	35.00	_	35.00	Non-business
Lower Level Contravention paid after service of charge certificate	statutory fee	75.00	75.00	_	75.00	Non-business
Lower level contravention paid within 14 days	statutory fee	50.00	50.00	_	50.00	Non-business
Lower level contravention paid within 14 days	statutory fee	25.00	25.00	-	25.00	Non-business
Nuisance parking						
Fixed penalty notices (FPN's)	statutory fee	100.00	100.00	-	100.00	Non-business
If paid within 14 days		75.00	75.00	-	75.00	Non-business
Abandoned vehicles						
Fixed penalty notices (FPN's)	statutory fee	200.00	200.00	-	200.00	Non-business

Environmental Services			2020/2021	2021/2022	VAT	2021/2022 Total	VAT Status
			Basic Charge £ p	Basic Charge £ p	£р	Charge £ p	
Penalty Notices (continued)							
Depositing litter	Fixed penalty notices (FPN's) If paid within 14 days	statutory fee	80.00 60.00	80.00 60.00	- -	80.00 60.00	Non-business Non-business
Graffiti & Fly-posting	Fixed penalty notices (FPN's) If paid within 14 days	statutory fee	80.00 60.00	80.00 60.00	- -	80.00 60.00	Non-business Non-business
Unauthorised distribution of free printed matter	Fixed penalty notices (FPN's) If paid within 14 days	statutory fee	80.00 60.00	80.00 60.00	-	80.00 60.00	Non-business Non-business
Failure to comply with a waste receptacles notice	Fixed penalty notices (FPN's) If paid within 14 days	statutory fee	80.00 60.00	80.00 60.00	-	80.00 60.00	Non-business Non-business
Failure to comply with a street litter control notice	Fixed penalty notices (FPN's) If paid within 14 days	statutory fee	110.00 83.00	110.00 83.00	-	110.00 83.00	Non-business Non-business
Failure to comply with a litter clearing notice	Fixed penalty notices (FPN's) If paid within 14 days	statutory fee	110.00 83.00	110.00 83.00	-	110.00 83.00	Non-business Non-business
Failure to produce waste documents	Fixed penalty notices (FPN's) If paid within 14 days	statutory fee	300.00 180.00	300.00 180.00	-	300.00 180.00	Non-business Non-business
Failure to produce authority to transport waste	Fixed penalty notices (FPN's) If paid within 14 days	statutory fee	300.00 180.00	300.00 180.00	-	300.00 180.00	Non-business Non-business
Smoking in smoke free premises or work vehicles	Fixed penalty notices (FPN's) If paid within 14 days	statutory fee	50.00 30.00	50.00 30.00	-	50.00 30.00	Non-business Non-business
Failure to display no smoking signs	Fixed penalty notices (FPN's) If paid within 14 days	statutory fee	200.00 150.00	200.00 150.00	- -	200.00 150.00	Non-business Non-business

THE BUILDING ACT 1984: THE BUILDING REGULATIONS 2010 (As amended)

The building owner or agent must make a building regulations application and pay a fee for the construction of new works. All work must comply with the 2010 Building Regulations (as amended).

The person carrying out the building works is to liaise with and meet the requirements of the Local Authority Building Control and give the required notice for certain key stages of works as detailed in the guidance below.

The charges set out on the following pages have been set in accordance with the Building (Local Authority Charges) Regulations 2010. The tables give the charges for various categories of work.

Full Plans Applications Charges

The 'charges' shown in the following tables relate to Full Plans Applications. For the definition and details of Full Plans Applications please visit the respective Council's website.

Building Notice Applications Charges

Where building work is of a relatively minor nature, the Building Notice charge is the same for the Full Plans Application charge except for Cotswold District Council where the Building Notice charge is as shown on the relevant Tables.

For the definition and details of Building Notice Applications please visit the respective Council's website.

A Building Notice Application will not, in the majority of situations, be accepted for new dwellings. It is also likely that new dwellings may potentially attract additional charges depending on what level of design input has been achieved by the applicant.

Regularisation Applications (Retrospective Works) Charges

The charge required when depositing an application for regularisation (or reversion) is 100% of the appropriate charge as listed in the following tables **excluding VAT**, with an additional 50% premium added to it. This type of application is exempt from VAT.

For the definition and details of Regularisation Applications please visit the respective Council's website.

Works to provide access and facilities for disabled persons

Charges are not payable when the proposed work is to provide access and facilities in an existing dwelling or an extension to store equipment or provide medical treatment for a disabled person. In order to claim exemption, the appropriate evidence as to the relevance of the adaptation for the person's disability must accompany the application.

TABLE A – NEW DWELLINGS e.g. flats, houses with total floor area of less than 300m ²)					
No. of dwallings	Charge	Charge			
No. of dwellings	(excl. VAT)	(incl. VAT)			
1	£582.00	£698.40			
2+	Price on application				

Notes:

- a) Where more than 1 dwelling is proposed, charges will be calculated on an individual application
- **b)** New dwellings over 300m² in floor area charges to be negotiated.
- c) No additional fees are payable for different associated garages, built at the same time as the
- d) Local Authority Building Control (LABC) can provide competitively priced 10 year Structural

TABLE B – DOMESTIC AND COMMERCIAL EXTENSIONS TO A SINGLE BUILDING						
Description	Charge	Charge				
Description	(excl. VAT)	(incl. VAT)				
Erection / Extension of a garage (30m ² to 60m ²)	£284.00	£340.80				
Garage conversion to habitable accommodation	£213.00	£255.60				
Loft conversion up to 100m ²	£568.00	£681.60				
Loft conversion over 100m ²	Price on application					
Extension up to 20m ²	£440.00	£528.00				
Extension 20m ² up to 60m ²	£582.00	£698.40				
Extension 60m ² up to 100m ²	£732.00	£878.40				
Extension over 100m ²	Price on ap	plication				

Notes:

- a) References to floor area relate to the total internal area of all storeys.
- b) Where more than one extension is proposed, the floor areas must be added together to determine
- c) Some alterations to buildings to improve facilities for disabled persons are exempt from charges.

TABLE C – ALL OTHER WORK		
Description	Charge	Charge
Description	(excl. VAT)	(incl. VAT)
Under £1,000	£106.00	£127.20
£1,001 to £5,000	£213.00	£255.60
£5,001 to £10,000	£284.00	£340.80
£10,001 to £20,000	£391.00	£469.20
£20,001 to £30,000	£554.00	£664.80
£30,001 to £40,000	£676.00	£811.20
£40,001 to £50,000	£781.00	£937.20
£50,001 to £60,000	£959.00	£1,150.80
£60,001 to £70,000	£1,030.00	£1,236.00
£70,001 to £80,000	£1,136.00	£1,363.20
Over £80,000	Price on a	pplication

For competitive quotations for projects over £80,000 please contact the building control team on

01993 861651 or by emailing building.control@westoxon.gov.uk

TABLE C – ALL OTHER WORK continued								
Description	Charge	Charge						
Description	(excl. VAT)	(incl. VAT)						
Electrical installations if not using a competent electrical engineer	£437.00	£524.40						
New windows install by non FENSA opp – up to 8 windows	£106.00	£127.20						
New windows install by non FENSA opp – over to 8 windows	Price on application							

Notes on additional services:

- a) Local Authority Building Control (LABC) can provide competitively priced 10 year Structural
- **b)** SAP/EPC and SBEM calculations can be provided price on application.
- c) Air pressure testing can be provided price on application.

For more information please contact:

The building control team on 01993 861651 Email: building.control@westoxon.gov.uk

TABLE D - ADDITIONAL SERVICES

Other relevant services not covered by the previous tables may be undertaken on a 'cost recovery' basis. The following are examples of additional services which the Council may provide:

- Provision of Completion Certificates e.g. where requested more than six months after completion of the building work
- Advisory work in connection with i) demolition of buildings and ii) dangerous structures
- There is a charge of £132 to administer an application which has not been visited for 10 years.

Services will be charged on an hourly rate of £66.00 per hour (including VAT).

		2020/2021 Basic Charge £ p	2021/2022 Basic Charge £ p	VAT £ p	2021/2022 Total Charge £ p	VAT Status
	Dog Control (Release of an impounded Stray Dog)					
	Statutory Fee Kennelling per day Administration Fee Delivery Charge (Optional return of dog to owner by the kennels)	25.00 20.00 33.20 49.00	25.00 22.00 36.50 53.90	- - - 10.78	25.00 22.00 36.50 64.67	Non business Non business Non business Standard
	Note: The cost of veterinary treatment will be passed on in full to the dog owner. Owner	ers in receipt of an incor	me-related benefit s	hall only be c	harged for kennellii	ng and
	Dog Chipping - Standard (subject to availibility) Dog Chipping - Concessionary (subject to availibility)	16.55 16.55	18.20 18.20	3.64 3.64	21.84 21.83	Standard Standard
	Other Services Radar keys	4.00	4.40	0.88	5.28	Standard
Pa	Public Sewer Searches statutory	y fee 30.00	30.00	-	30.00	Non business
Page 157	Fairs Chipping Norton Mop Fair Woodstock Fair	5,000.00 2,500.00	5,250.00 2,625.00		5,250.00 2,625.00	Exempt Exempt
·	Home Improvement Agency:					
	Agency Fees for Grant-aided Works up to £5,000 Agency Fees for balance of Grant-aided Works Above £5,000 Small Repairs Fee - Estimates quoted at £20 per hour plus VAT (if applicable) plus co	17% of cost 14% of cost ost of materials used	15% of cost 15% of cost			As Applicable As Applicable As Applicable
	Agency Fees for balance of Grant-aided Works Above £5,000 Small Repairs Fee - Estimates quoted at £20 per hour plus VAT (if applicable) plus co	14% of cost ost of materials used	15% of cost			As Applicable As Applicable

Environmental Services

		2020/2021 Basic Charge	2021/2022 Basic Charge	VAT	2021/2022 Total Charge	VAT Status
		£р	£р	£р	£р	
Street Naming and Numbering						
Street Naming and Numbering						
Change of an existing property name		60.50	63.52	-	63.52	Non Business
Allocating a name to a property or allocating a number to a named property		60.50	63.52	-	63.52	Non Business
Change of a commercial building address		60.50	63.52	-	63.52	Non Business
Change of street name at residents, developers or parish/town council request		362.25	380.36	-	380.36	Non Business
Plus additional charge per property/unit where consultation with existing resider	nts is to be carried out by WODC	40.00	41.99	-	41.99	Non Business
Naming and numbering of a block of flats		180.90	189.95	-	189.95	Non Business
Naming and numbering of new properties including commercial buildings	Per Unit up to 5 plots	60.50	63.52	_	63.52	Non Business
	6 - 25 plots	511.80	537.39	-	537.39	Non Business
	26 - 75 plots	796.00	835.79	-	835.79	Non Business
	76 - 150 plots	1,137.25	1,194.11	-	1,194.11	Non Business
	151 - 250 plots	1,421.55	1,492.63	-	1,492.63	Non Business
	251 - 350 plots	1,705.90	1,791.19	-	1,791.19	Non Business
	351 - 500 plots	1,990.15	2,089.66	-	2,089.66	Non Business
	501 or more plots	2,274.50	2,388.22	-	2,388.22	Non Business
Additional charges where new street names are required:						
	1 - 5 new street names	227.50	238.87	-	238.87	Non Business
	6 - 10 new street names	454.90	477.64	-	477.64	Non Business
	10 or more new street names	568.75	597.19	-	597.19	Non Business
Charge for a developer amending plans after naming and numbering has comm	nenced	120.95	127.00	-	127.00	Non Business
Charges for preparing site location plans and supervising the installation of stre	et nameplates					
	1-4 Nameplates	190.40	199.90	39.98	239.88	Standard Rate
	5-8 Nameplates	244.75	257.00	51.40	308.40	Standard Rate
	9-12 Nameplates	299.10	314.10	62.82	376.92	Standard Rate
	13-16 Nameplates	353.50	371.20	74.24	445.44	Standard Rate
	17-20 Nameplates	407.95	428.40	85.68	514.08	Standard Rate
	21-24 Nameplates	462.30	485.40	97.08	582.48	Standard Rate
	25-28 Nameplates	516.70	542.50	108.50	651.00	Standard Rate
	29+ Nameplates	543.85	571.00	114.20	685.20	Standard Rate
Note:						

Annex D

Note

The charges above include all necessary administration, site visits to carry out existing address checks, establishing any new street names required and the publishing of the new addresses to relevant organisations

Services	Rendered or Performed		2020/2021 Basic Charge £ p	2021/2022 Basic Charge £ p	VAT £ p	2021/2022 Total Charge £ p	VAT Status
Pest C	ontrol - Domestic						
R	ats & Mice (per course of treatment)		53.40	56.10	11.22	67.32	Standard
	ote: Pest Control for rats and mice will be charged at cupiers of domestic premises in receipt of an income-	•	17.75	18.60	3.72	22.32	Standard
W	asps		51.30	53.90	10.78	64.68	Standard
Se	econd & Subsequent wasps nests treated during the	same visit	25.50	26.80	5.36	32.16	Standard
0	ther Insects		67.25	70.60	14.12	84.72	Standard
0	ther Insects - all following visits		35.85	37.70	7.54	45.24	
Al	portive Calls and Surveys		17.75	18.60	3.72	22.32	Standard
Pest C	ontrol - Commercial						
Al	l pests (except wasps)	per hour (min 1 hour)	85.45	89.70	17.94	107.64	Standard
W	asps	(includes materials)	85.45	89.70	17.94	107.64	Standard
Al	portive Calls and Surveys	per ½ hour (min ½ hour)	42.75	44.90	8.98	53.88	Standard

	2020/2021 Basic Charge £ p	2021/2022 Basic Charge £ p	VAT £ p	2021/2022 Total Charge £ p	VAT Status
Services Rendered or Performed					
Commercial & Schedule 1 Waste (Refuse)					
Cost per collection					
180 Litre Bin (Schedule 1 only)	4.92	5.17	-	5.17	Non Business
240 Litre Bin	6.59	6.92	-	6.92	Non Business
360 Litre Bin	10.17	10.68	_	10.68	Non Business
660 Litre Bin	13.25	13.92	-	13.92	Non Business
1,100 Litre Bin	18.78	19.72	_	19.72	Non Business
660 Litre Bin - Clinical	13.09	13.74	-	13.74	Non Business
Annual once per week collection					
180 Litre Bin (Schedule 1 only)	255.84	268.63	-	268.63	Non Business
240 Litre Bin	342.68	359.85	-	359.85	Non Business
360 Litre Bin	528.84	555.17	-	555.17	Non Business
660 Litre Bin	689.00	723.63	-	723.63	Non Business
1,100 Litre Bin	976.56	1,025.28	-	1,025.28	Non Business
660 Litre Bin - Clinical	680.68	714.68	-	714.68	Non Business
Commercial & Schedule 1 Waste (Recycling)					
Cost per collection					
180 Litre Bin (Schedule 1 only)	3.21	3.37	-	3.37	Non Business
240 Litre Bin	4.31	4.52	-	4.52	Non Business
360 Litre Bin	6.67	7.01	-	7.01	Non Business
660 Litre Bin	9.23	9.69	-	9.69	Non Business
1,100 Litre Bin	13.10	13.75	-	13.75	Non Business
Commercial & Schedule 1 Waste (Food)					
23 Litre Caddy	3.55	3.72	-	3.72	Standard
140 Litre Bin	4.41	4.63	-	4.63	Standard
240 Litre Bin	5.17	5.42	-	5.42	Standard
360 Litre Bin	6.07	6.37	-	6.37	Standard
660 Litre Bin	8.31	8.73	-	8.73	Standard

These charges are net of VAT as per a change in HMRC policy but may be subject to future review

Services Re	endered or Performed	2020/2021 Basic Charge £ p	2021/2022 Basic Charge £ p	VAT £ p	2021/2022 Total Charge £ p	VAT Status
*Pre	e paid plastic sacks - per sack (Refuse)	2.65	2.80	-	2.80	Non Business
	e paid stickers - per sticker (Refuse)	2.65	2.80	-	2.80	Non Business
*Pre	e paid plastic sacks - per sack (Recycling)	2.15	2.30	-	2.30	Non Business
	e paid stickers - per sticker (Recycling) ervice to be available where wheeled bins are unsuitable	2.15	2.30	-	2.30	Non Business
Bull Cor Wa	estic use only:- ky household waste charges ntaminated bin ste collection from commercial establishments e page 12.17 for chargeable items)	96.70	101.50	-	101.50	Non Business
Gre	een Waste Collection	30.00	35.00	-	35.00	Non-business
Recovery	y of Abandoned Trolleys (per trolley)	50.24	52.75	10.55	63.30	Standard

	2020/2021 Basic Charge	2021/2022 Basic Charge	VAT	2021/2022 Total Charge	VAT Status	
	£р	£р	£р	£р		
Normal Items						
Normal Household items*						
Up to 4 items	27.68	27.68	-	27.68	Non business	Scott Willia
Each additional item with a limit of up to two additional items	9.22	9.22	-	9.22	Non business	Scott Willia
Please refer to www.Westoxon.gov.uk for the up to date list of	collectable items					
Non - standard household items						
Non - standard household items	27.68	27.68	-	27.68		Scott Willia

Note: The Council will not collect the following items:

Please refer to www.Westoxon.gov.uk for the up to date list of collectable items.

Page 162

Asbestos, Bricks, Builders Rubble, Car Shells, Chemicals, Gas Bottles, Oil Drums, Paint, Trailers, Vehicle Engines (or other parts) or Vehicle wheels/tyres

Annex E

CALCULATION OF DISTRICT COUNCIL TAXBASE 2021/22

BAND	CHARGEABLE DWELLINGS IN BAND	LESS TOTAL RELIEFS	PLUS FORECAST NEW BUILD	NET CHARGEABLE DWELLINGS	BAND 'D' CONVERSION	TRADITIONAL BAND 'D' EQUIVALENT CHARGEABLE DWELLINGS	NEW DISCOUNT ADJUSTMENTS	NEW BAND D EQUIVALENT CHARGEABLE DWELLINGS AT 98.5%	ADJUSTMENT FOR MOD CONTRIB IN LIEU	TAX BASE FOR COUNCIL SETTING PURPOSE
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7) (COL 5 × 6)	(8)	(9) (COL7+8)*0.985		
A*	3	-0.25	0.00	2.75	5/9	1.53	0.00	1.50		1.50
Pag	1,453	-271.25	0.00	1,181.75	6/9	787.83	42.33	817.71		817.71
Ф в	4,891	-799.50	0.00	4,091.50	7/9	3,182.28	27.22	3,161.36		3,161.36
65 3	16,500	-1,632.75	0.00	14,867.25	8/9	13,215.33	87.56	13,103.35		13,103.35
D	10,819	-938.25	877.29	10,758.04	I	10,758.04	-2,424.77	8,208.27	932.50	9,140.77
E	7,218	-541.25	0.00	6,676.75	11/9	8,160.47	101.45	8,137.99		8,137.99
F	4,123	-248.75	0.00	3,874.25	13/9	5,596.14	80.16	5,591.15		5,591.15
G	2,726	-192.50	0.00	2,533.50	15/9	4,222.50	129.17	4,286.39		4,286.39
Н	356	-40.50	0.00	315.50	2	631.00	57.00	677.68		677.68
TAXBASI	E FOR TAX SETTIN	IG PURPOSES	1	1		46,555.12	-1,899.88	43,985.41	932.50	44,917.91

PARISH PRECEPTS AND TAXBASE 2020/21 & 2021/22

PARISH	—	TAXBASE		-	PRECEPT		← BAND	D COUNCI	L TAX→
	2020/2021	2021/2022	%	2020/2021	2021/2022	%	2020/2021	2021/2022	%
			CHANGE			CHANGE			CHANGE
	No.	No.		£	£		£	£	
ALVESCOT	202.03	202.67	0.32	14,436	14,500	0.44	71.45	71.54	0.13
ASCOTT-UNDER-WYCHWOOD	252.92	252.68	(0.09)	22,162		(100.00)	87.62	0.00	(100.00)
ASTHAL	151.88	154.32	1.61	3,684		(100.00)	24.26	0.00	(100.00)
ASTON,COTE,SHIFFORD & CHIMNEY	582.80	589.42	1.14	28,988		(100.00)	49.74	0.00	(100.00)
BAMPTON	1,204.64	1,231.20	2.20	134,349	141,000	4.95	111.53	114.52	2.68
BLACK BOURTON	126.22	122.21	(3.18)	13,119		(100.00)	103.94	0.00	(100.00)
BLADON	391.56	388.08	(0.89)	40,393	40,287	(0.26)	103.16	103.81	0.63
BLENHEIM	24.52	24.68	0.65	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
BRIZE NORTON	380.25	468.06	23.09	25,039	31,256	24.83	65.85	66.78	1.41
BROADWELL	71.06	67.75	(4.66)	497		(100.00)	6.99	0.00	(100.00)
BRUERN	36.80	37.07	0.73	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
BURFORD	741.55	758.23	2.25	75,542		(100.00)	101.87	0.00	(100.00)
CARTERTON	5,300.63	5,347.73	0.89	391,929		(100.00)	73.94	0.00	(100.00)
CASSINGTON	318.97	327.54	2.69	14,354	22,050	53.62	45.00	67.32	49.60
CHADLINGTON	379.94	380.56	0.16	14,916		(100.00)	39.26	0.00	(100.00)
CHARLBURY	1,336.23	1,339.02	0.21	105,209	106,096	0.84	78.74	79.23	0.62
CHASTLETON	65.29	63.81	(2.27)	0		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CHILSON	56.89	57.46	1.00	300	300	0.00	5.27	5.22	(0.95)
CHIPPING NORTON	2,711.99	2,737.46	0.94	312,188		(100.00)	115.11	0.00	(100.00)
CHURCHILL & SARSDEN	335.66	341.72	1.81	28,800		(100.00)	85.80	0.00	(100.00)
CLANFIELD	358.75	358.70	(0.01)	19,077		(100.00)	53.18	0.00	(100.00)
СОМВЕ	330.05	335.65	1.70	13,453	13,686	1.73	40.76	40.77	0.02
CORNBURY & WYCHWOOD	27.14	27.58	1.62	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CORNWELL	27.72	27.96	0.87	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CRAWLEY	76.41	80.83	5.78	1,833		(100.00)	23.99	0.00	(100.00)
CURBRIDGE & LEW	250.11	309.69	23.82	14,658	17,500	19.39	58.61	56.51	(3.58)
DUCKLINGTON	638.08	635.01	(0.48)	34,001	35,701	5.00	53.29	56.22	5.50
ENSTONE	593.71	579.54	(2.39)	33,056	33,214	0.48	55.68	57.31	2.93
EYNSHAM	1,976.23	2,039.58	3.21	124,165		(100.00)	62.83	0.00	(100.00)

PARISH PRECEPTS AND TAXBASE 2020/21 & 2021/22

PARISH	-	TAXBASE	→	PRECEPT	PRECEPT	→	← BAND	D COUNCI	L TAX→
	2020/2021	2021/2022	%	2020/2021	2021/2022	%	2020/2021	2021/2022	%
			CHANGE			CHANGE			CHANGE
	No.	No.		£	£		£	£	
FAWLER	44.34	45.19	1.92	0		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
FIFIELD	107.85	107.28	(0.53)	5,961		(100.00)	55.27	0.00	(100.00)
FILKINS & BROUGHTON POGGS	215.62	215.14	(0.22)	17,757		(100.00)	82.35	0.00	(100.00)
FINSTOCK	293.40	293.39	(0.00)	22,617		(100.00)	77.09	0.00	(100.00)
FREELAND	667.43	693.37	3.89	62,494		(100.00)	93.63	0.00	(100.00)
FULBROOK	241.93	241.97	0.02	7,383		(100.00)	30.52	0.00	(100.00)
GLYMPTON	39.60	42.48	7.27	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
GRAFTON & RADCOT	31.77	31.25	(1.6 4)	0		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
GREAT TEW	88.23	89.94	1.94	149		(100.00)	1.69	0.00	(100.00)
HAILEY	491.60	499.88	1.68	34,669	35,266	1.72	70.52	70.55	0.04
HANBOROUGH	1,321.14	1,352.42	2.37	92,295	94,481	2.37	69.86	69.86	0.00
HARDWICK WITH YELFORD	52.51	52.35	(0.30)	0		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
HEYTHROP	69.12	65.49	(5.25)	1,190	1,200	0.84	17.22	18.32	6.39
HOLWELL	25.47	25.31	(0.63)	0		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
IDBURY	74.16	74.79	0.85	0		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KELMSCOTT	42.92	40.81	(4.92)	0		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KENCOT	64.30	63.34	(1.49)	0		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KIDDINGTON WITH ASTERLEIGH	52.46	54.95	4.75	0		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KINGHAM	392.15	390.32	(0.47)	27,606		(100.00)	70.40	0.00	(100.00)
LANGFORD	158.83	155.62	(2.02)	3,954		(100.00)	24.89	0.00	(100.00)
LEAFIELD	372.18	372.79	0.16	61,945		(100.00)	166.44	0.00	(100.00)
LITTLE FARINGDON	40.58	41.68	2.71	0		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
LITTLE TEW	102.41	104.62	2.16	1,295		(100.00)	12.65	0.00	(100.00)
LYNEHAM	87.71	88.89	1.35	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
MILTON-UNDER-WYCHWOOD	754.25	766.01	1.56	48,958		(100.00)	64.91	0.00	(100.00)
MINSTER LOVELL	647.36	636.22	(1.72)	37,439		(100.00)	57.83	0.00	(100.00)
NORTH LEIGH	828.40	891.59	7.63	40,563	30,000	(26.04)	48.97	33.65	(31.28)
NORTHMOOR	185.95	185.68	(0.15)	4,048		(100.00)	21.77	0.00	(100.00)
OVER NORTON	198.11	196.69	(0.72)	20,803		(100.00)	105.01	0.00	(100.00)

PARISH PRECEPTS AND TAXBASE 2020/21 & 2021/22

PARISH	-	TAXBASE		-	PRECEPT		← BAND	D COUNCII	L TAX—→
	2020/2021	2021/2022	%	2020/2021	2021/2022	%	2020/2021	2021/2022	%
			CHANGE			CHANGE			CHANGE
	No.	No.		£	£		£	£	
RAMSDEN	179.11	182.04	1.64	16,610	20,275	22.07	92.74	111.38	20.10
ROLLRIGHT	243.84	244.73	0.36	11,500	12,006	4.40	47.16	49.06	4.03
ROUSHAM	25.86	25.91	0.19	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
SALFORD	129.16	125.01	(3.21)	6,621		(100.00)	51.26	0.00	(100.00)
SANDFORD ST MARTIN	149.69	144.97	(3.15)	9,468		(100.00)	63.25	0.00	(100.00)
SHILTON	282.67	287.62	1.75	7,914		(100.00)	28.00	0.00	(100.00)
SHIPTON-UNDER-WYCHWOOD	657.89	675.69	2.71	35,240	36,332	3.10	53.57	53.77	0.37
SOUTH LEIGH	167.23	167.11	(0.07)	7,272		(100.00)	43.49	0.00	(100.00)
SPELSBURY	148.98	149.84	0.58	6,718		(100.00)	45.09	0.00	(100.00)
STANDLAKE	664.41	665.66	0.19	24,698	25,000	1.22	37.17	37.56	1.05
STANTON HARCOURT	420.02	447.71	6.59	21,784		(100.00)	51.86	0.00	(100.00)
STEEPLE BARTON	582.81	592.59	1.68	20,773		(100.00)	35.64	0.00	(100.00)
STONESFIELD	685.75	688.86	0.45	31,960		(100.00)	46.61	0.00	(100.00)
SWERFORD	88.12	89.30	1.34	3,163	3,200	1.17	35.89	35.83	(0.17)
SWINBROOK & WIDFORD	96.85	91.47	(5.55)	1,490		(100.00)	15.38	0.00	(100.00)
TACKLEY	460.99	480.03	4.13	26,046		(100.00)	56.50	0.00	(100.00)
TAYNTON	78.03	78.53	0.64	3,989	4,000	0.28	51.12	50.94	(0.35)
WESTCOT BARTON	86.87	82.68	(4.82)	996		(100.00)	11.47	0.00	(100.00)
WESTWELL	48.27	47.47	(1.66)	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WITNEY	10,548.84	10,638.06	0.85	1,628,699		(100.00)	154.40	0.00	(100.00)
WOODSTOCK	1,559.98	1,563.18	0.21	98,842	122,800	24.24	63.36	78.56	23.99
WOOTTON	288.79	295.45	2.31	8,723		(100.00)	30.21	0.00	(100.00)
WORTON	49.25	48.38	(1.77)	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
TOTAL TAXBASE (No.)	44,285.22	44,917.96	1.43						
TOTAL PRECEPT(£)				3,929,780	840,150	(78.62)			
AVERAGE 'BAND D' COUNCIL TAX (£)							88.74	18.70	(78.93)

2019/2020 Actual £	Expenditure by Service Area	2020/2021 Budget £	2021/2022 Estimate £
(2,598,626)	Assets	(2,359,260)	(2,214,658)
6,140,552	Commissioning Strategy	6,254,716	6,333,347
143,581	Communications & Marketing	142,000	128,336
640,726	Contracts	(262,925)	848,956
1,043,884	Corporate Finance	5,324,100	1,654,530
1,340,017	Corporate Responsibility	1,340,420	1,274,132
1,090,788	Customer Experience	962,650	999,237
673,750	Development Management	375,800	450,854
117,830	Environmental & Regulatory Services	106,200	106,541
794,342	Finance	665,100	717,027
660,352	Insight & Intelligence	455,700	424,891
813,630	Localities	732,920	599,422
615,840	Operational Services	1,165,900	1,000,137
325,918	People	292,200	279,137
1,110,017	Technology	1,052,800	1,074,863
12,912,601	Total Cost of Services	16,248,321	13,676,752
2019/2020 Actual £	Expenditure by Type	2020/2021 Budget £	2021/2022 Estimate £
2,489,632	Employees	4,983,980	1,090,188
1,432,027	Premises Related Expenditure	1,270,250	1,201,715
38,904	Transport Related Expenditure	34,400	22,900
5,493,046	Supplies & Services	4,344,360	4,227,035
17,059,157	Third Party Payments	17,727,505	19,484,687
16,587,534	Transfer Payments	17,983,923	16,827,407
3,843,208	Capital Charges	1,325,500	1,325,500
	, ,		
46,943,508	Total Cost	47,669,918	44,179,432
(34,030,907)	Income	(31,421,597)	(30,502,680)
12,912,601	Total Cost of Services	16,248,321	13,676,752

	2020/2021 Budget £	2021/2022 Estimate £
Total Cost of Services	16,248,321	13,676,752
Capital Expenditure funded through revenue	540,100	540,100
Capital Financing funded through revenue	275,230	275,230
Impact of capital investment from capital programme	269,070	269,070
Temporary loans interest	2,500	2,500
Capital charges - depreciation and amortisation reversals	(1,325,500)	(1,325,500)
Net Operating Expenditure	16,009,721	13,438,152
Treasury and Investment Income	(680,000)	(779,400)
Net Expenditure	15,329,721	12,658,752
Contributions to / (from):		
General Fund Balance	1,395	(50,034)
Net contribution to / (from) Earmarked Reserves	(3,915,398)	(800,692)
Balance to be met from Government Grants & Council Tax	11,415,718	11,808,026
Transfers to / (from) Collection Fund	(78,513)	(99,700)
Revenue Support Grant	(78,832)	(79,268)
New Homes Bonus	(2,068,690)	(2,284,075)
Rural Services Delivery Grant	(126,956)	(133,225)
Lower Tier Grant	0	(91,395)
Renewable Energy Schemes	(209,056)	(213,237)
Retained Business Rates (NNDR)	(4,297,185)	(3,994,000)
Business Rates Pool Distribution	0	0
Grants to Town & Parish Councils (Council Tax Support)	66,005	0
Net Requirement	4,622,491	4,913,126
Taxbase	44,285.22	44,917.96
Council Tax (at Band D)	£104.38	£109.38

									BM Review	
Ex	penditure	by Service Area / Cost Centre	2020/2021 Budget £	2021/2022 Estimate £	Movement £	2020/21 one- off Growth	2021/22 one off Growth	Inflation / Publica Savings £	/ Corp Finance Update £	
A	ssets									
	ADB301	3 Welch Way (Town Centre Shop)	36,700	24,700	(12,000)	0	0	0	(12,000)	0
	ADB302	Guildhall	1,300	13,400	12,100	0	0	0	12,100	0
	ADB303	Woodgreen	191,140	186,850	(4,290)	0	0	0	(4,290)	0
	ADB304	Elmfield	156,800	156,800	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ADB305	Corporate Buildings	510,500	398,904	(111,596)	(100,000)	0	844	(12,440)	0
	ADB306	Depot	(39,900)	(41,300)	(1,400)	0	0	0	(1,400)	0
ס	CCC001	Climate Change	320,400	254,728	(65,672)	(200,000)	168,000	378	(34,050)	0
စွဲ	FIE341	Town Centre Properties	(609,200)	(437,864)	171,336	0	0	111	4,250	166,975
age	FIE342	Miscellaneous Properties	(832,000)	(790,895)	41,105	0	0	0	180	40,925
_	FIE343	Talisman	(1,259,400)	(1,131,450)	127,950	0	0	0	15,200	112,750
69	FIE344	Des Roches Square	(499,100)	(498,100)	1,000	0	0	0	1,000	0
	FIE345	Gables at Elmfield	(33,600)	(40,865)	(7,265)	0	0	0	(7,265)	0
	TAC303	Swain Court & Newman Court Ind Est.	(35,000)	(21,535)	13,465	0	0	0	13,465	0
	TAC304	Witney Industrial Estate	(160,000)	(166,350)	(6,350)	0	0	0	(6,350)	0
	TAC305	Carterton Industrial Estate	(217,800)	(221,950)	(4,150)	0	0	0	(4,150)	0
	TAC306	Greystones Industrial Estate	(16,000)	(11,200)	4,800	0	0	0	4,800	0
	TAC308	Other Trading Services - Fairs	(4,000)	0	4,000	0	0	0	4,000	0
	REG023	Environmental Strategy	98,600	80,067	(18,533)	0	0	267	(18,800)	0
	REC003	Play	31,300	31,402	102	0	0	102	0	0
— То	otal Asset	ts	(2,359,260)	(2,214,658)	144,602	(300,000)	168,000	1,702	(45,750)	320,650

West Oxfordshire District Council

Ex	penditure by Service Area / Cost Centre	2020/2021 Budget £	2021/2022 Estimate £	Movement £	2020/21 one- off Growth £	2021/22 one- off Growth £	Inflation / Publica Savings £	BM Review / Corp Finance Update £	Covid Income Contingency £
C	ommissioning Strategy								
	ENI002 Grounds Maintenance	448,325	450,600	2,275	0	0	(18,400)	20,675	0
	ENI303 Landscape Maintenance	800	839	39	0	0	39	0	0
	REG004 Dog Warden	(36,000)	55,320	91,320	0	0	91,280	40	0
	REG018 Pest Control	36,800	14,000	(22,800)	0	0	(31,620)	8,820	0
Ū	REG019 Public Conveniences	173,400	173,426	26	0	0	26	0	0
ag	RYC001 Recycling	2,060,391	2,614,908	554,517	(68,000)	0	453,888	168,629	0
D	RYC002 Green Waste	335,000	197,343	(137,657)	(18,000)	0	(124,657)	5,000	0
17	STC001 Street Cleaning	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	STC004 Environmental Cleansing	1,041,000	1,031,490	(9,510)	0	0	(9,510)	0	0
	TRW001 Trade Waste	85,500	45,560	(39,940)	0	0	(40,040)	100	0
	TRW002 Clinical Waste	(1,100)	(1,100)	0	0	0	0	0	0
	WST001 Household Waste	2,070,500	1,702,393	(368,107)	0	0	(340,207)	(27,900)	0
	WST004 Bulky Household Waste	4,800	13,268	8,468	0	0	8,468	0	0
	WST301 Env. Services Depot, Downs Rd, Witney	35,300	35,300	0	0	0	0	0	0
To	otal Commissioning Strategy	6,254,716	6,333,347	78,631	(86,000)	0	(10,733)	175,364	0

West Oxfordshire District Council

								BM Review	
		2020/2021	2021/2022		2020/21 one-	2021/22 one	Inflation / Publica	/ Corp Finance	
Expen	diture by Service Area / Cost Centre	Budget	Estimate	Movement	off Growth	off Growth	Savings	Update	Contingency
		£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
Comr	nunications and Marketing								
C	OR004 Public Relations	26,200	12,060	(14,140)	0	0	10	(14,150)	0
SU	JP002 Consultation, Policy & Research	115,800	116,276	476	0	0	426	50	0
Total	Communications and Marketing	142,000	128,336	(13,664)	0	0	436	(14,100)	0
T Contr	racts								
U Contr သ Co O RE	CT001 CCTV	122,400	89,100	(33,300)	0	0	0	(33,300)	0
O RE	EC001 Sports Development	54,400	96,746	42,346	0	0	346	(3,000)	45,000
_ ∠ RE	CO02 Recreational Facilities Development	60,400	50,285	(10,115)	0	0	185	(10,300)	0
Z RE	EC301 Village Halls	13,300	13,349	49	0	0	49	0	0
	EC302 Contract Management	(513,425)	599,476	1,112,901	0	0	76	(348,004)	1,460,829
 Total	Contracts	(262,925)	848,956	1,111,881	0	0	656	(394,604)	1,505,829

West Oxfordshire District Council

							I	BM Review	
		2020/2021	2021/2022		2020/21 one-	2021/22 one-	Inflation / Publica	/ Corp Finance	Covid Income
Ex	penditure by Service Area / Cost Centre	Budget	Estimate	Movement	off Growth	off Growth	Savings	Update (Contingency
		£	L	L	L	L	£	L	L
C	orporate Finance								
	COR005 Corporate Finance	154,900	373,688	218,788	0	162,500	6,288	50,000	0
	COR006 Treasury Management	25,200	26,700	1,500	0	0	0	1,500	0
	COR007 External Audit Fees	57,000	57,000	0	0	0	0	0	0
	COR008 Bank Charges	69,200	69,200	0	0	0	0	0	0
ס	COR302 Publica Group	174,400	(17,537)	(191,937)	(177,000)	177,000	(191,937)	0	0
ag	COV019 Corona Virus	0	300,500	300,500	0	300,500	0	0	0
o	COV020 High Street re-opening	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<u> </u>	NDC001 Non Distributed Costs	4,599,100	599,100	(4,000,000)	(4,000,000)	0	0	0	0
72	SUP004 Legal	244,300	245,879	1,579	0	0	1,579	0	0
	otal Corporate Finance	5,324,100	1,654,530	(3,669,570)	(4,177,000)	640,000	(184,070)	51,500	0

West Oxfordshire District Council

									BM Review	
			2020/2021	2021/2022		2020/21 one-	2021/22 one	Inflation / Publica	/ Corp Finance	Covid Income
E.	rnanditura	by Samisa Area / Cost Cantro		Estimate	Movement		off Growth	Savings		Contingency
	penditure	by Service Area / Cost Centre	Budget £	£	£	£	£	£	C puate £	£
c	orporate	Responsibility								
	COR002	2 Chief Executive	291,280	240,563	(50,717)	0	0	2,933	(53,650)	0
	COR003	3 Corporate Policy Making	66,900	67,144	244	0	0	244	0	0
	DRM00	Democratic Representation and Mgmt	97,440	97,440	0	0	0	0	0	0
	DRM002	2 Support To Elected Bodies	415,600	392,050	(23,550)	0	0	0	(23,550)	0
	ELE001	Registration of Electors	59,600	59,600	0	0	0	0	0	0
U	ELE002	District Elections	75,700	75,700	0	0	0	0	0	0
ນັ	ELE004	Parliamentary Elections	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<u> </u>	ELE005	Parish Elections	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
_	ELE007	European Elections	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
73	ELE008	Police & Crime Commissioner Elections	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	EMP001	Emergency Planning	6,700	13,723	7,023	0	0	23	7,000	0
	SUP001	Administration	327,200	327,912	712	0	0	2,462	(1,750)	0
т	otal Corp	orate Responsibility	1,340,420	1,274,132	(66,288)	0	0	5,662	(71,950)	0

								BM Review	
Ex	penditure by Service Area / Cost Centre	2020/2021 Budget	2021/2022 Estimate	Movement		2021/22 one off Growth	Inflation / Publica Savings	/ Corp Finance Undate C	Covid Income Contingency
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
Cı	ıstomer Experience								
	HOM001 Homelessness	331,200	381,306	50,106	(64,900)	0	1,006	114,000	0
	HOM002 Homelessness Grants	0	10,000	10,000	0	0	0	10,000	0
	HOM003 Rent In Advance Scheme	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	HOM004 Refugees	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ū	HOM005 Homelessness Hostel Accomodation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ACE.	PSH001 Private Sector Housing Grants	67,800	46,269	(21,531)	0	0	169	(21,700)	0
D	PSH004 Home Improvement Service	(47,500)	(61,379)	(13,879)	0	0	71	(13,950)	0
17	SUP008 Reception/Customer Services	461,400	462,356	956	0	0	1,656	(700)	0
4	SUP014 Cashiers	12,600	6,400	(6,200)	0	0	0	(6,200)	0
	TOU002 Tourist/Visitor Information Centre	134,500	150,808	16,308	0	0	508	15,800	0
	REG002 Licensing	2,650	3,477	827	0	0	827	0	0
—	otal Customer Experience	962,650	999,237	36,587	(64,900)	0	4,237	97,250	0

								BM Review	
		2020/2021	2021/2022		2020/21 one-	2021/22 one	Inflation / Publica	/ Corp Finance	Covid Income
Ex	penditure by Service Area / Cost Centre	Budget £	Estimate £	Movement £	off Growth		Savings £		Contingency £
D	evelopment M anagement								
	DEV001 Development Control - Applications	(425,600)	(365,613)	59,987	(53,000)	0	2,517	110,470	0
	DEV002 Development Control - Appeals	76,900	76,183	(717)	0	0	283	(1,000)	0
	DEV003 Development Control - Enforcement	156,000	155,578	(422)	0	0	578	(1,000)	0
	ENI301 Landscape Initiatives	51,400	51,588	188	0	0	188	0	0
	FLD001 Flood Defence and Land Drainage	139,000	148,045	9,045	0	0	515	8,530	0
U	HLD315 Growth Board Project (Planning)	21,000	75,784	54,784	0	0	2,066	52,718	0
າ້	PLP003 Implementation	56,700	(917)	(57,617)	0	0	211	(57,828)	0
AD.	PLP004 Conservation	86,600	85,115	(1,485)	0	0	315	(1,800)	0
_	PSM001 Planning - Service Mgmt and Support	166,300	180,407	14,107	0	0	282	13,825	0
75	ENA001 Housing Enabling	143,400	116,178	(27,222)	(74,300)	39,160	218	7,700	0
•	REG005 Public Health Sewerage	3,000	(24)	(3,024)	0	0	6	(3,030)	0
	BUC001 Building Control - Fee Earning Work	(167,400)	(139,924)	27,476	0	0	776	26,700	0
	BUC002 Building Control - Non Fee Earning Work	68,500	68,454	(46)	0	0	254	(300)	0
	otal Development Management	375,800	450,854	75,054	(127,300)	39,160	8,209	154,985	0

							BM Review	
Expenditure by Service Area / Cost Centre	2020/2021 Budget £	2021/2022 Estimate £	Movement £		2021/22 one off Growth	Inflation / Publica Savings £	/ Corp Finance Update £	Covid Income Contingency £
Environmental & Regulatory Services								
ESM001 Environment - Service Mgmt and Support	106,200	106,541	341	0	0	341	0	0
Total Environmental & Regulatory Services	106,200	106,541	341	0	0	341	0	0
⊤ Finance								
HLD302 Miscellaneous Cash HLD304 Insurance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HLD304 Insurance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HLD308 Tracking Vehicles	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HLD309 Newspapers & Periodicals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
HLD313 Lease Cars	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SUP009 Accountancy	324,600	316,466	(8,134)	0	0	1,116	(9,250)	0
SUP010 Internal Audit	94,200	159,725	65,525	0	0	53,425	12,100	0
SUP011 Creditors	43,700	41,478	(2,222)	0	0	128	(2,350)	0
SUP012 Debtors	58,000	55,326	(2,674)	0	0	176	(2,850)	0
SUP016 Finance - Performance Review	101,000	100,269	(731)	0	0	369	(1,100)	0
SUP033 Central Purchasing	34,700	34,830	130	0	0	130	0	0
SUP035 Insurances	8,900	8,933	33	0	0	33	0	0
Total Finance	665,100	717,027	51,927	0	0	55,377	(3,450)	0

								BM Review	
		2020/2021	2021/2022		2020/21	2021/22	Inflation /	/ Corp	Covid
F	- ha Camira Amar / Cart Camtur	2020/2021	2021/2022	M		2021/22 one	Publica	Finance	Income
Expenditure	e by Service Area / Cost Centre	Budget £	Estimate £	Movement £	off Growth £	off Growth £	Savings £	Update £	Contingency £
Insight & I	ntelligence								
ECD00	I Economic Development	119,700	84,733	(34,967)	0	0	283	(35,250)	0
ECD30	I WOSP - West Oxon Strategic Partnership	0	9,000	9,000	0	0	0	9,000	0
PLP001	Planning Policy	336,000	331,158	(4,842)	0	0	1,158	(6,000)	0
Total Insig	ht & Intelligence	455,700	424,891	(30,809)	0	0	1,441	(32,250)	0
ປ ນ Localities									
CCR00	I Community Safety (Crime Reduction)	157,900	67,576	(90,324)	(125,000)	0	76	34,600	0
→ CCR00:	2 Building Safer Communities	3,700	2,401	(1,299)	0	0	1	(1,300)	0
CCR30	I Community Grants	218,520	218,820	300	0	0	0	300	0
	l Cultural Strategy	109,300	89,064	(20,236)	(24,100)	0	264	3,600	0
CUL00	I Arts Development	50,500	54,737	4,237	0	0	137	4,100	0
OPS003	3 Countryside	4,400	0	(4,400)	0	0	0	(4,400)	0
TOU00	I Tourism Strategy and Promotion	188,600	166,824	(21,776)	0	0	524	(22,300)	0
Total Loca	ılities	732,920	599,422	(133,498)	(149,100)	0	1,002	14,600	0

									BM Review	
								Inflation /	/ Corp	Covid
_			2020/2021	2021/2022		2020/21 one-		Publica	Finance	Income
Ex	penditure	by Service Area / Cost Centre	Budget £	Estimate £	Movement £	off Growth	off Growth	Savings £	Update £	Contingency £
0	perationa	l Services	_		_	_	_	_	_	_
·	COR301	Policy Initiatives - Shopmobility	20,900	20,955	55	0	0	55	0	0
	CPK001	Car Parks - Off Street	176,100	171,407	(4,693)	0	0	307	(5,000)	0
	CPK011	On Street Civil Parking Enforcement	22,400	17,942	(4,458)	0	0	642	(5,100)	0
	HBP001	Rent Allowances	260,300	202,419	(57,881)	0	0	912	(58,793)	0
	HBP003	Local Housing Allowance	10,300	(7,000)	(17,300)	0	0	0	(17,300)	0
Ū	HBP005	Benefit Fraud Investigation	131,900	120,144	(11,756)	0	0	444	(12,200)	0
ע ס ס	LLC001	Local Land Charges	(160,600)	(157,968)	2,632	0	0	157	2,475	0
Ď	LTC001	Council Tax Collection	307,200	233,974	(73,226)	0	0	974	(74,200)	0
17	LTC002	Council Tax Support Administration	42,500	31,878	(10,622)	0	0	538	(11,160)	0
$\tilde{\alpha}$	LTC011	NNDR Collection	(59,800)	(59,926)	(126)	0	0	374	(500)	0
	PSH002	Private Sector Housing - Cond'n of Dwellings	3,000	3,000	0	0	0	0	0	0
	REG009	Environmental Protection	173,050	173,632	582	0	0	582	0	0
	REG010	Noise Control	400	400	0	0	0	0	0	0
	REG011	Authorised Process	(10,400)	(11,900)	(1,500)	0	0	0	(1,500)	0
	REG013	Pollution Control	123,800	122,897	(903)	0	0	397	(1,300)	0
	REG016	Food Safety	129,450	129,283	(167)	0	0	483	(650)	0
	REG021	Statutory Burials	2,500	5,000	2,500	0	0	0	2,500	0
	STC011	Abandoned Vehicles	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TAC309	Other Trading Services - Markets	(7,100)	4,000	11,100	0	0	(2,000)	13,100	0
— То	tal Oper	ational Services	1,165,900	1,000,137	(165,763)	0	0	3,865	(169,628)	0

								BM Review	
		2020/2021	2021/2022		2020/21 one-	2021/22 one	Inflation / Publica	/ Corp Finance	Covid Income
E	penditure by Service Area / Cost Centre	Budget £	Estimate £	Movement £	off Growth £	off Growth £	Savings £	Update £	Contingency
P	eople								
	SUP003 Human Resources	175,500	165,245	(10,255)	0	0	545	(10,800)	0
	SUP013 Payroll	59,700	56,679	(3,021)	0	0	179	(3,200)	0
	SUP019 Health & Safety	30,500	30,614	114	0	0	114	0	0
	SUP020 Training & Development	26,500	26,599	99	0	0	99	0	0
о Т	otal People	292,200	279,137	(13,063)	0	0	937	(14,000)	0
צ	echnology								
_	HLD301 ICT Purchases	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
70	SUP005 ICT	787,200	788,549	1,349	0	0	1,149	200	0
	SUP006 Telephones	7,000	7,000	0	0	0	0	0	0
	SUP041 Business Solutions	263,400	284,113	20,713	0	0	913	19,800	0
	TMR001 Street Naming	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TMR002 Street Furniture & Equipment	(4,800)	(4,799)	I	0	0	I	0	0
т	otal Technology	1,052,800	1,074,863	22,063	0	0	2,063	20,000	0
_ T	OTAL COST OF SERVICES	16,248,321	13,676,752	(2,571,569)	(4,904,300)	847,160	(108,875)	(232,033)	1,826,479

Inflation Publica 83,855 Retained Staff 13,490 97, Savings / Income Generation Business Manager Budget Review (229,152) Ubico Contract (17,130) Publica Savings Target (192,590) Rent Allowances / Discretionary HB (76,093) Investment Income (97,900) GLL Leisure Contract (348,004)		(151,70
Climate Change		(151.70
Climate Change	Other Government Grants	,705)
Climate Change	Grants to Town & Parish Councils (LCTS)	,005)
Climate Change	Collection Fund Surplus	,187)
Climate Change	One-off Lower Tier Grant	,
Climate Change		,
Climate Change		
Climate Change	• •	9.004
Climate Change		1,826,47
Climate Change		(960,86
Climate Change	GLL Leisure Contract	,004)
Climate Change	Investment Income	,900)
Climate Change 168,000 - funded from Earmarked Reserves (168,000) Covid Recovery Strategy 300,500 - funded from Earmarked Reserves (207,500) Investment Strategy for Recovery 162,500 Housing Enabling 39,160 Recycling 173,629 468, Inflation Publica 83,855 Retained Staff 13,490 97, Savings / Income Generation Business Manager Budget Review (229,152) Ubico Contract (17,130)	Rent Allowances / Discretionary HB	,093)
Climate Change 168,000 - funded from Earmarked Reserves (168,000) Covid Recovery Strategy 300,500 - funded from Earmarked Reserves (207,500) Investment Strategy for Recovery 162,500 Housing Enabling 39,160 Recycling 173,629 468, Inflation Publica 83,855 Retained Staff 13,490 97, Savings / Income Generation Business Manager Budget Review (229,152)	Publica Savings Target	,590)
Climate Change 168,000 - funded from Earmarked Reserves (168,000) Covid Recovery Strategy 300,500 - funded from Earmarked Reserves (207,500) Investment Strategy for Recovery 162,500 Housing Enabling 39,160 Recycling 173,629 468, Inflation Publica 83,855 Retained Staff 13,490 97, Savings / Income Generation	• •	,
Climate Change 168,000 - funded from Earmarked Reserves (168,000) Covid Recovery Strategy 300,500 - funded from Earmarked Reserves (207,500) Investment Strategy for Recovery 162,500 Housing Enabling 39,160 Recycling 173,629 468, Inflation Publica 83,855 Retained Staff 13,490	•	,152)
Climate Change 168,000 - funded from Earmarked Reserves (168,000) Covid Recovery Strategy 300,500 - funded from Earmarked Reserves (207,500) Investment Strategy for Recovery 162,500 Housing Enabling 39,160 Recycling 173,629 468, Inflation Publica 83,855	Suitant Union Conti	97,34
Climate Change 168,000 - funded from Earmarked Reserves (168,000) Covid Recovery Strategy 300,500 - funded from Earmarked Reserves (207,500) Investment Strategy for Recovery 162,500 Housing Enabling 39,160 Recycling 173,629 468, Inflation	Retained Staff	3,490
Climate Change 168,000 - funded from Earmarked Reserves (168,000) Covid Recovery Strategy 300,500 - funded from Earmarked Reserves (207,500) Investment Strategy for Recovery 162,500 Housing Enabling 39,160 Recycling 173,629	Publica	3,855
Climate Change 168,000 - funded from Earmarked Reserves (168,000) Covid Recovery Strategy 300,500 - funded from Earmarked Reserves (207,500) Investment Strategy for Recovery 162,500 Housing Enabling 39,160	Inflation	468,28
Climate Change 168,000 - funded from Earmarked Reserves (168,000) Covid Recovery Strategy 300,500 - funded from Earmarked Reserves (207,500) Investment Strategy for Recovery 162,500	Recycling	3,629
Climate Change 168,000 - funded from Earmarked Reserves (168,000) Covid Recovery Strategy 300,500 - funded from Earmarked Reserves (207,500)	Housing Enabling	9,160
Climate Change 168,000 - funded from Earmarked Reserves (168,000) Covid Recovery Strategy 300,500		2,500
Climate Change 168,000 - funded from Earmarked Reserves (168,000) Covid Recovery Strategy 300,500	- funded from Earmarked Reserves	,500)
Climate Change 168,000		
Climate Change 168,000	- funded from Earmarked Reserves	,000)
	*	
		2 000
Reverse 2020/21 one-off growth / funding (988,5	Reverse 2020/21 one-off growth / funding	(988,90
Original Budget Funding Requirement 4,622,	Original Budget Funding Requirement	4,622,49
t Pressures / Savings Annex C		

West Oxfordshire District Council

Fees and Charges

2021/2022

Planning Services Annex D

	2020/2021 Basic Charge £ p	2021/2022 Basic Charge £ p	VAT £ p	2021/2022 Total charge £ p	VAT Status
General Administration					
Access to Information/Inspection of Background Documents					
a Charge per document (after Committee date)	0.65	0.68	-	0.68	Non Business
b Where documents are listed under a general description (after Committee date)	5.85	6.15	-	6.15	Non Business
c During 5 days prior to Committee date only Note: Members of the public may only inspect background documents 3 days prior to Committee date or thereafter.					
Administration Charge for Services Rendered	30 percent	30 percent		30 % + VAT	Standard
Minutes/Agendas					
Per Annum	186.95	196.30	39.26	235.56	Standard
Single Agenda	4.90	5.15	1.03	6.17	Standard
Parish/Town Councils Per Annum	20.40	21.42	4.28	25.70	Standard
Libraries			-	Free	-
Dyeline Prints (Any type, with due regard to copyright restrictions)					
A2 Size	7.75	8.14	1.63	9.76	Standard
A1 Size	9.75	10.23	2.05	12.28	Standard
From Paper Roll Larger than A1 Size	12.50	13.12	2.62	15.74	Standard
Photocopying - (per sheet)					
A4 size and foolscap	0.15	0.16	0.03	0.19	Standard
A3 size	0.15	0.16	0.03	0.19	Standard
A4 & A3 Colour Copies	0.30	0.31	0.06	0.37	Standard
Local Plan	20.00	21.00	-	21.00	Zero-rated

Planning Services Increase % 1.050 Annex D

	2020/2021 Basic Charge £ p	2021/2022 Basic Charge £ p	VAT £ p	2021/2022 Total Charge £ p	VAT Status
Planning Applications – Maps Up to 6 maps (one charge for the set): 1:500 scale*	4.00	4.20	-	4.20	Zero rated
plus admin fee #	10.65	11.18	2.24	13.42	Standard
1:1250 scale* plus admin fee #	14.15 10.35	14.85 10.87	- 2.17	14.85 13.04	Zero rated Standard
1:2500 scale* plus admin fee #	58.65 10.65	61.58 11.18	- 2.24	61.58 13.42	Zero rated Standard
*All maps are provided by the National maps Centre and are subject to change it # Only one admin fee is charged regardless of the number of maps purchased.	f the O.S. increas	se their fees			
Planning Applications - Weekly Press Lists	178.65	187.58	37.52	225.10	Standard
Planning Decision Notices Notice requested	10.65	11.18	2.24	13.42	Standard
Section 52 Agreement Per copy of Agreement	19.50	20.47	4.09	24.56	Standard
Section 106 Agreements Per copy of Agreement	17.20	18.06	3.61	21.67	Standard
Compilation of Agreement. Minimum charge increased at Officer's discretion					
Tree Preservation Orders Per copy of order	16.70	17.53	3.51	21.04	Standard
Valuation Fee	At Cost		-	At Cost	Standard

Planning application fees are set by central government. Use this link to CLG planning portal.

http://ecab.planningportal.co.uk/uploads/english_application_fees.pdf

Planning Services Increase % 1.020 Not updated with % waiting feedback Annex D

2020/2021

Basic

2021/2022

Basic

2021/2022

Total

	Charge £ p	Charge £ p	VAT £ p	Charge £ p	VAT Status
ocal Search Fees					
Con29 only	122.66	144.20	25.02	150.14	Standard
Each additional enquiry (own questions)	19.28	20.45	4.09	24.54	Standard
Each extra parcel of land (no VAT applied of LLC1 only)	20.60	21.85	4.37	26.22	Standard
Each optional standard question, except question 4, 5 and 22	16.01	17.00	3.40	20.40	Standard
Each optional standard question 4	21.42	22.75	4.55	27.30	Standard
Each optional standard question 5	19.28	20.45	4.09	24.54	Standard
LLC1 search only	12.80	13.60	-	13.60	Non Business
	Each additional enquiry (own questions) Each extra parcel of land (no VAT applied of LLC1 only) Each optional standard question, except question 4, 5 and 22 Each optional standard question 4 Each optional standard question 5	Con29 only Each additional enquiry (own questions) Each extra parcel of land (no VAT applied of LLC1 only) Each optional standard question, except question 4, 5 and 22 Each optional standard question 4 Each optional standard question 5	Con29 only 122.66 144.20 Each additional enquiry (own questions) 19.28 20.45 Each extra parcel of land (no VAT applied of LLC1 only) 20.60 21.85 Each optional standard question, except question 4, 5 and 22 16.01 17.00 Each optional standard question 4 21.42 22.75 Each optional standard question 5 19.28 20.45	Con29 only 122.66 144.20 25.02 Each additional enquiry (own questions) 19.28 20.45 4.09 Each extra parcel of land (no VAT applied of LLC1 only) 20.60 21.85 4.37 Each optional standard question, except question 4, 5 and 22 16.01 17.00 3.40 Each optional standard question 4 21.42 22.75 4.55 Each optional standard question 5 19.28 20.45 4.09	Con29 only 122.66 144.20 25.02 150.14 Each additional enquiry (own questions) 19.28 20.45 4.09 24.54 Each extra parcel of land (no VAT applied of LLC1 only) 20.60 21.85 4.37 26.22 Each optional standard question, except question 4, 5 and 22 16.01 17.00 3.40 20.40 Each optional standard question 4 21.42 22.75 4.55 27.30 Each optional standard question 5 19.28 20.45 4.09 24.54

Local Search fees became subject to VAT from 1/1/17.

Planning Services Annex D

Increase % 1.050

Pre Application Planning Advice

Service	Written Advice	Meeting & Written Advice
1-2 dwellings less than 0.5ha (outline) less than 500m² floorspace Change of use	£174 + VAT	£349 + VAT Meeting up to 1 hour Each additional meeting £174 per hour
3-14 dwellings 0.5-0.99ha (outline) 500-999m² floorspace	£349 + VAT	£698 + VAT Meeting up to 1 hour Each additional meeting £174 per hour
15-100 dwellings 1-3.0 ha (outline) 1000-2999m² floorspace	£698 + VAT	£1395 + VAT Meeting(s) up to 2 hours Each additional meeting £174 per hour
More than 100 dwellings or 3.0ha (outline) or 3000m2 floorspace	£1,395 + VAT	£2793 + VAT Meeting(s) up to 3 hours Each additional meeting £174 per hour
Strategic Development sites.	N/A	Meetings held in the context of an emerging Development Plan as an intrinsic part of the decision as to whether to allocate the site or not will be free. At the point detailed site/design matters are discussed a fee of £2855 + VAT is payable to cover a further 3 hours of meetings. Each additional meeting £174 per hour.
Design Supplement.	£58 + VAT	For all non-Listed Building enquiries where a design input is required before a response can be made. This does <u>not</u> apply to enquiries relating solely to applications for listed building consent.
Advertisement Consent.	£174 + VAT	£232 + VAT
Informal quick responses.	N/A	An e-mail description of the proposals along with payment of the £ 29 fee will be required. An informal response will be given by phone or e-mail within 3 working days of receipt. No meetings/ letters will be produced.
Season Ticket.	N/A	Regular developers, agents or landowners may wish to negotiate a "season ticket" where, upon payment of an up front fee to cover the estimated cost of enquiries likely to be made during the coming year the need to complete the forms and payments for each enquiry can be avoided NB If the estimate is materially exceeded subsequent meetings will be charged at the standard rates above.
Solicitor/agent letters requiring confirmation that conditions have been discharged or satisfied.	£174 + VAT	N/A

Resources Annex D

	Administration	2020/2021 Basic Charge £ p	2021/2022 Basic Charge £ p	VAT £ p	2021/2022 Total Charge £ p	VAT Status
	Freedom of Information enquiries (charge per hr for search costs over the £450 'Appropriate Limit'):	25.00	25.00	-	25.00	Non Business
	Freedom of Information photocopying - per sheet	0.14	0.14	0.03	0.17	Standard
	Summons Costs - Council Tax/NNDR					
Dage	Council Tax - Summons on application for Liability Order* Council Tax - Costs of Liability Order hearing* NNDR - Summons on application for Liability Order* NNDR - Costs of Liability Order hearing*	65.00 45.00 75.00 45.00	65.00 45.00 75.00 45.00	- - -	65.00 45.00 75.00 45.00	Non Business Non Business Non Business Non Business
186	* As approved by the Magistrates Court Miscellaneous properties Garage rents	12.00	12.60	2.52	15.12	Standard

Environmental & Regulatory Services	Annex D		Increase
ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION	2020/2021	2021/2022	
Private Water Supplies Risk Assessment or Investigation (fee per hour) Sampling – each visit – fixed fee Granting and Authorisation - fixed fee plus hourly rate applies	£51.00 £100.00 £100.00	£53.55 £105.00 £105.00	
Sample Analysis Taken under Regulation 10 Taken during check monitoring Taken during audit monitoring	at cost	at cost	

1.050

Regulation of Pollution from Industrial Sources

- Environmental Permitting Regulations 2010

Fees as laid down by the Secretary of State

Please refer to www.gov.uk/local-authority-environmental-permit

Environmental Information Regulations – Search Fees

Basic administration charge	£25.00	£26.25
Contaminated Land information request	£80.00	£84.00

Environmental & Regulatory Services	Annex D		Increase	1.050
FOOD HEALTH & SAFETY	2020/21	2021/22		
Export of Food Products Food Export Health Certificate (including first hour of officer time) Officer hourly rate after first hour	£50.00 £35.00	£52.50 £36.75		
Other Products & Services E-learning Safer Food, Better Business Information Pack Food Hygiene Rating Re-visit Condemned Food Certificate	£35.00 £8.00 £160.00 £80.00	£36.75 £8.40 £168.00 £84.00		

Environmental & Regulatory Services	Annex D	
LICENSING – ANIMAL WELFARE	2020/21	2021/22
Breeding of Dogs ¹		
New Application	£350.00	£367.50
Renewal (1 to 3 years depending on rating + annual inspection)	£275.00	£288.75
Horse Riding Establishments ¹		
New Application	£400.00	£420.00
Renewal (1 to 3 years depending on rating + annual inspection)	£275.00	£288.75
Pet Shops		
New Application	£270.00	£283.50
Renewal (1 to 3 years depending on rating)	£230.00	£241.50
Keeping or Training Animals for Exhibition		
New Application	£270.00	£283.50
Renewal (3 years)	£230.00	£241.50
Home Boarding for Dogs (Day-time or overnight care within the home env	vironment)	
New Application	£270.00	£283.50
Renewal (1 to 3 years depending on rating)	£230.00	£241.50
Providing Boarding in Kennels		
Dogs - New Application – up to 50 dogs	£270.00	£283.50
Dogs - Renewal (1 to 3 years depending on rating) – up to 50 dogs	£230.00	£241.50
Dogs - New Application – over 50 dogs	£315.00	£330.75
Dogs - Renewal (1 to 3 years depending on rating)— over 50 dogs	£275.00	£288.75
Cats - New Application – up to 50 cats	£270.00	£283.50
Cats - Renewal (1 to 3 years depending on rating) – up to 50 cats	£230.00	£241.50
Cats - New Application – over 50 cats	£315.00	£330.75
Cats - Renewal (1 to 3 years depending on rating)— over 50 cats	£275.00	£288.75
Total charge is the amount as shown plus veterinary fees		

Increase

1.050

Environmental & Regulatory Services	Annex D		Increase	1.0
LICENSING – ANIMAL WELFARE	2020/21	2021/22		
Providing Day Care for Dogs				
New Application – up to 50 dogs	£220.00	£231.00		
Renewal (1 to 3 years depending on rating) – up to 50 dogs	£230.00	£241.50		
New Application – over 50 dogs	£315.00	£330.75		
Renewal (1 to 3 years depending on rating)— over 50 dogs	£275.00	£288.75		
Supplementary Fees				
Franchise Licence – Dog Boarding only ¹	£110.00	£115.50		
Host Fee ²	£130.00	£136.50		
Additional Activity ³	£45.00	£47.25		
Variation Fee e.g. amendment to a licence	£25.00	£26.25		
Inspection Fee ⁴	£120.00	£126.00		
Re-Rating Fee⁵	£125.00	£131.25		
¹ Host fees will be required in addition to this licence				
25				

² Required per host family of a dog boarding franchise

Dangerous Wild Animals

New Application ¹	£335.00 £351.75
Renewal (2 years) ¹	£295.00 £309.75
Zoos	
s14(2) dispensation - New Application ¹	£1,165.00 £1,223.25
s14(2) dispensation - Renewal (6 years) ¹	£1,575.00 £1,653.75
No dispensation - New Application ¹	£1,860.00 £1,953.00
No dispensation - Renewal (6 years) ¹	£2,620.00 £2,751.00

¹ Total charge is the amount as shown plus veterinary fees

³ Payable in addition to the appropriate licence fees where more than one activity is undertaken at the same premises

⁴ Payable if an inspection is required in addition to the initial inspection required included within the licence fee

⁵ Inspection and licence amendment for re-rating of the current star rating

Environmental & Regulatory Services	Annex D		Increase	1.050
LICENSING – TAXIS	2020/21	2021/22		
Drivers Licence				
Hackney Carriage / Private Hire / Dual - 3 year – new application	£250.00	£262.50		
Hackney Carriage / Private Hire / Dual - 3 year – renewal	£185.00	£194.25		
Single Private Hire to Dual Licence transfer	£53.00	£55.65		
Vehicle Licence – all 1 year				
Hackney Carriage vehicle – new application	£250.00	£262.50		
Hackney Carriage vehicle – renewal	£185.00	£194.25		
Private Hire vehicle – new application	£250.00	£262.50		
Private Hire vehicle – renewal	£185.00	£194.25		
Transfer of vehicle licence – to another person	£25.00	£26.25		
Transfer of vehicle licence – to another vehicle (1 year)	£180.00	£189.00		
Transfer of vehicle licence – to another vehicle (remainder of plate)	£86.00	£90.30		
Temporary vehicle (Insurance Company)	£250.00	£262.50		
Change of registration number	£86.00	£90.30		
Private Hire Operators				
Operator Licence – 5 year – new application	£400.00	£420.00		
Operator Licence – 1 year – new application / renewal	£100.00	£105.00		
Other Fees				
Knowledge Test	£75.00	£78.75		
Replacement driver's badge	£28.00	£29.40		
Replacement external plate	£33.00	£34.65		
Replacement internal plate	£28.00	£29.40		
Vehicle bracket	£10.00	£10.50		
Administration charge for any other requests	£25.00	£26.25		

Environmental & Regulatory Services	Annex D	Increase	1.050
LICENSING – STREET TRADING	2020/21 2021/22		
West Oxfordshire District Council			
Witney & Chipping Norton – annual	£2,623.87 £2,755.06		
Witney & Chipping Norton – 3 months	£781.99 £821.09		
All other consents – annual	£1,754.19 £1,841.90		
All other consents – 3 months	£563.09 £591.24		
Individual Trader Day Rate (per stall)	£60.93 £63.98		

Environmental & Regulatory Services	Ar	nex D	Increase	1.050
LICENSING - CARAVAN AND CAMPSITES	2020/21	2021/22		
All previous charging schedules to be replaced by the following:				
New site application				
– 5 or less units	£315.00	£330.75		
– 6 to 24 units	£420.00	£441.00		
– 25 to 99 units	£505.00	£530.25		
– 100 to 199 units	£580.00	£609.00		
– 200 units and over	£665.00	£698.25		
Annual Fee for existing site licence				
– 5 or less units	£265.00	£278.25		
– 6 to 24 units	£350.00	£367.50		
– 25 to 99 units	£435.00	£456.75		
– 100 to 199 units	£505.00	£530.25		
– 200 units and over	£585.00	£614.25		
Other Fees				
Transfer / amendment of existing site licence	£100.00	£105.00		
Change Site Conditions	£100.00	£105.00		
Site Rules Deposit	£50.00	£52.50		
Administrative and other expenses to serve notice under the Mobile Homes Act 2013	£300.00	£315.00		

	Environmental & Regulatory Services	A	Annex D	Increase
	LICENSING – GAMBLING ACT	2020/21	2021/22	
	Betting Premises (excluding Tracks)			
	New Premises	£427.83	£449.22	
	Vary Premises	£427.83	£449.22	
	Transfer of Premises	£95.72	£100.51	
	Reinstatement of Premises	£191.39	£200.96	
	Provisional Statement	£427.83	£449.22	
	New Premises with Provisional	£78.80	£82.74	
	Annual Fee	£168.89	£177.33	
	Notification of change	£28.12	£29.53	
αĬ	For all other premises licence fees, please contact ers@publicagroup.uk. The fees for gaming machine permits are set nationally – please refer to www.gambingcommission.	n.gov.uk		
ge	Lotteries and Amusements (Fees set nationally)			
$\frac{1}{2}$	Small Lottery – new application	£40.00	£42.00	
4	Small Lottery – renewal	£20.00	£21.00	

1.050

Environmental & Regulatory Services	nental & Regulatory Services Annex D		Increase 1.050
LICENSING – OTHER	2020/21	2021/22	
Alcohol & Entertainment (Licensing Act 2003) Fees as laid down by the Secretary of State – please refer to www.gov.uk			
Scrap Metal Dealer (Site) Licence – New Application / Renewal Collector's Licence – New Application / Renewal	£532.55	£559.18	
Cosmetic Piercing (Accupuncture, Tattoo, Ear Piercing & Electrolysis)			
Premises registration (includes 1 practitioner)	£187.54	£196.92	
Personal registration (each additional practitioner at a registered premises)	£138.96	£145.91	
Sex Shop, Sex Cinema or Sexual Entertainment Venue Please contact ers@publicagroup.uk to discuss your requirements Houses in Multiple Occupation HMO Licence (3 years)	£620.00	£651.00	
Advisory Services The council offers regulatory service support and advice as part of the Better Busines please contact ers@publicagroup.uk to discuss your requirements.	s for all partnership (h	ttps://www.thegrov	wthhub.biz/support-hub/better-business

Basic Charge Total	•
£p £p	£р
*Events that exceed 5,000 people will be liable for an additional fee to be charged on an application for a premises licence authorising the event.	
Number of people	
5 000	1,000.00 Non Business
40,000,44,000	2,000.00 Non Business
15,000-19,999 4,000.00 4,000.00 - 2	4,000.00 Non Business
20,000-29,999 8,000.00 8,000.00 -	8,000.00 Non Business
30,000-39,999 16,000.00 16,000.00 - 16	6,000.00 Non Business
40,000-49,999 24,000.00 24,000.00 - 24	4,000.00 Non Business
50,000-59,999 32,000.00 32,000.00 - 32	2,000.00 Non Business
60,000-69,999 40,000.00 40,000.00 - 40	0,000.00 Non Business
70,000-79,999 48,000.00 48,000.00 - 48	8,000.00 Non Business
80,000-89,999 56,000.00 56,000.00 - 56	6,000.00 Non Business
90,000 and over 64,000.00 64,000.00 - 64	4,000.00 Non Business

Note: Fees are determined by Government

Environmental & Regulatory Services

Annex D

Community Safety & Licensing (Licensing Act 2003)

	remises Licences ees relating to applications for premises licences, club premises certificates, variations,	2020/2021	2021/2022	VAT	2021/2022 Total Charge	VAT Status
•	ut not changes of name and address etc or changes of designated premises supervisor) e conversion of existing licences, and conversion/variations should be graduated using	Basic Charge £ p	Basic Charge £ p	£р	£ p	
	re bands as shown: BAND A	100.00	100.00	_	100.00	Non Business
	BAND B	190.00	190.00	_	190.00	Non Business
	BAND C	315.00	315.00	_	315.00	Non Business
	BAND D	450.00	450.00	_	450.00	Non Business
	BAND E	635.00	635.00	-	635.00	Non Business
	The annual charges payable by those holding licences and club premises certificates:					
	BAND A	70.00	70.00	-	70.00	Non Business
	BAND B	180.00	180.00	-	180.00	Non Business
	BAND C	295.00	295.00	-	295.00	Non Business
J	BAND D	320.00	320.00	-	320.00	Non Business
	BAND E	350.00	350.00	-	350.00	Non Business
5	Particular types of premises which do not have non-domestic rateable values would be allocated to B	and A				
5	The various non-domestic rateable values should be allocated to bands in the following way:					
1	Note:*Non-Domestic rateable value					
	BAND A				*£0-£4,300	Non Business
	BAND B			*:	£4,301-£33,000	Non Business
	BAND C			*£:	33,001 - £87,000	Non Business
	BAND D			*£8	7,001-£125,000	Non Business
	BAND E				25,001 and over	Non Business
	*No fee or annual charge would be payable by church halls, chapel halls or other premises of a simila	r nature and village ha	ılls, parish and con	nmunity hal	lls or other	
	Temporary Events Notice	21.00	21.00	-	21.00	Non Business
	Personal Licence	37.00	37.00	-	37.00	Non Business
	Minor Variations procedure Note: Fees determined by Government	89.00	89.00	-	89.00	Non Business
	•					

Community Safety & Licensing (Licensing Act 2003)

	Miscellaneous Fees	2020/2021 Basic Charge	2021/2022	VAT	2020/2021 Total Charge	VAT Status
		£р	£р	£р	£р	
	Application for a grant or renewal of personal licence	37.00	37.00	-	37.00	Non Business
	Temporary event notices	21.00	21.00	-	21.00	Non Business
	Theft, loss etc of premises licence or summary	10.50	10.50	-	10.50	Non Business
	Application for a provisional statement where premises being built, etc	195.00	195.00	-	195.00	Non Business
	Notification of change of name or address	10.50	10.50	-	10.50	Non Business
	Application to vary to specify individual as premises supervisor	23.00	23.00	-	23.00	Non Business
℧	Application for transfer of premises licence	23.00	23.00	-	23.00	Non Business
a	Interim authority notice following death etc. of licence holder	23.00	23.00	-	23.00	Non Business
ge	Theft, loss etc of certificate or summary	10.50	10.50	-	10.50	Non Business
	Notification of change of name or alteration of club rules	10.50	10.50	-	10.50	Non Business
19	Change of relevant registered address of club	10.50	10.50	-	10.50	Non Business
8	Theft, loss etc of temporary event notice	10.50	10.50	-	10.50	Non Business
	Theft, loss etc of personal licence	10.50	10.50	-	10.50	Non Business
	Duty to notify change of name or address	10.50	10.50	-	10.50	Non Business
	Right of freeholder etc to be notified of licensing matters	21.00	21.00	-	21.00	Non Business

Note: Fees determined by Government

Environmental Services

		2020/2021	2021/2022	VAT	2021/2022 Total	VAT Status
		Basic Charge £ p	Basic Charge £ p	£р	Charge £ p	
Penalty Notices						
Fine for Dog Fouling	statutory fee	50.00	50.00	-	50.00	Non business
Parking enforcement pending introduction of Civil Parking Enforcement (currently sci Operational Guidance to Local Authorities: Parking Policy and enforcement. Department for	•	•	ct 2004			
Higher Level Contravention paid after service of charge certificate	statutory fee	105.00	105.00	-	105.00	Non-business
Higher Level Contravention paid after 14 days but before service of charge certificate	statutory fee	70.00	70.00	-	70.00	Non-business
Higher level contravention paid within 14 days	statutory fee	35.00	35.00	-	35.00	Non-business
Lower Level Contravention paid after service of charge certificate	statutory fee	75.00	75.00	-	75.00	Non-business
Lower level contravention paid within 14 days	statutory fee	50.00	50.00	-	50.00	Non-business
Lower level contravention paid within 14 days	statutory fee	25.00	25.00	-	25.00	Non-business
Nuisance parking Fixed penalty notices (FPN's) If paid within 14 days	statutory fee	100.00 75.00	100.00 75.00	-	100.00 75.00	Non-business Non-business
Abandoned vehicles Fixed penalty notices (FPN's)	statutory fee	200.00	200.00	-	200.00	Non-business

Environmental Services			2020/2021	2021/2022	VAT	2021/2022 Total	VAT Status
			Basic Charge £ p	Basic Charge £ p	£р	Charge £ p	
Penalty Notices (continued)			~ P	~ P	~ P	~ 6	
Depositing litter	Fixed penalty notices (FPN's) If paid within 14 days	statutory fee	80.00 60.00	80.00 60.00	-	80.00 60.00	Non-business Non-business
Graffiti & Fly-posting	Fixed penalty notices (FPN's) If paid within 14 days	statutory fee	80.00 60.00	80.00 60.00	-	80.00 60.00	Non-business Non-business
Unauthorised distribution of free printed matter	Fixed penalty notices (FPN's) If paid within 14 days	statutory fee	80.00 60.00	80.00 60.00	-	80.00 60.00	Non-business Non-business
Failure to comply with a waste receptacles notice	Fixed penalty notices (FPN's) If paid within 14 days	statutory fee	80.00 60.00	80.00 60.00	-	80.00 60.00	Non-business Non-business
Failure to comply with a street litter control notice	Fixed penalty notices (FPN's) If paid within 14 days	statutory fee	110.00 83.00	110.00 83.00	-	110.00 83.00	Non-business Non-business
Failure to comply with a litter clearing notice	Fixed penalty notices (FPN's) If paid within 14 days	statutory fee	110.00 83.00	110.00 83.00	-	110.00 83.00	Non-business Non-business
Failure to produce waste documents	Fixed penalty notices (FPN's) If paid within 14 days	statutory fee	300.00 180.00	300.00 180.00	-	300.00 180.00	Non-business Non-business
Failure to produce authority to transport waste	Fixed penalty notices (FPN's) If paid within 14 days	statutory fee	300.00 180.00	300.00 180.00	-	300.00 180.00	Non-business Non-business
Smoking in smoke free premises or work vehicles	Fixed penalty notices (FPN's) If paid within 14 days	statutory fee	50.00 30.00	50.00 30.00	-	50.00 30.00	Non-business Non-business
Failure to display no smoking signs	Fixed penalty notices (FPN's) If paid within 14 days	statutory fee	200.00 150.00	200.00 150.00	-	200.00 150.00	Non-business Non-business

THE BUILDING ACT 1984: THE BUILDING REGULATIONS 2010 (As amended)

The building owner or agent must make a building regulations application and pay a fee for the construction of new works. All work must comply with the 2010 Building Regulations (as amended).

The person carrying out the building works is to liaise with and meet the requirements of the Local Authority Building Control and give the required notice for certain key stages of works as detailed in the guidance below.

The charges set out on the following pages have been set in accordance with the Building (Local Authority Charges) Regulations 2010. The tables give the charges for various categories of work.

Full Plans Applications Charges

The 'charges' shown in the following tables relate to Full Plans Applications. For the definition and details of Full Plans Applications please visit the respective Council's website.

Building Notice Applications Charges

Where building work is of a relatively minor nature, the Building Notice charge is the same for the Full Plans Application charge except for Cotswold District Council where the Building Notice charge is as shown on the relevant Tables.

For the definition and details of Building Notice Applications please visit the respective Council's website.

A Building Notice Application will not, in the majority of situations, be accepted for new dwellings. It is also likely that new dwellings may potentially attract additional charges depending on what level of design input has been achieved by the applicant.

Regularisation Applications (Retrospective Works) Charges

The charge required when depositing an application for regularisation (or reversion) is 100% of the appropriate charge as listed in the following tables **excluding VAT**, with an additional 50% premium added to it. This type of application is exempt from VAT.

For the definition and details of Regularisation Applications please visit the respective Council's website.

Works to provide access and facilities for disabled persons

Charges are not payable when the proposed work is to provide access and facilities in an existing dwelling or an extension to store equipment or provide medical treatment for a disabled person. In order to claim exemption, the appropriate evidence as to the relevance of the adaptation for the person's disability must accompany the application.

TABLE A – NEW DWELLINGS e.g. flats, houses with total floor area of less than 300m ²)					
No. of dwellings	Charge (excl. VAT)	Charge (incl. VAT)			
1	£582.00	£698.40			
2+	Price on ap	plication			

Notes:

- a) Where more than 1 dwelling is proposed, charges will be calculated on an individual application
- **b)** New dwellings over 300m^2 in floor area charges to be negotiated.
- c) No additional fees are payable for different associated garages, built at the same time as the
- d) Local Authority Building Control (LABC) can provide competitively priced 10 year Structural

TABLE B – DOMESTIC AND COMMERCIAL EXTENSIONS TO A SINGLE BUILDING					
Description	Charge	Charge			
Description	(excl. VAT)	(incl. VAT)			
Erection / Extension of a garage (30m ² to 60m ²)	£284.00	£340.80			
Garage conversion to habitable accommodation	£213.00	£255.60			
Loft conversion up to 100m ²	£568.00	£681.60			
Loft conversion over 100m ²	Price on ap	plication			
Extension up to 20m ²	£440.00	£528.00			
Extension 20m ² up to 60m ²	£582.00	£698.40			
Extension 60m ² up to 100m ²	£732.00	£878.40			
Extension over 100m ²	Price on ap	plication			

Notes:

- a) References to floor area relate to the total internal area of all storeys.
- b) Where more than one extension is proposed, the floor areas must be added together to determine
- c) Some alterations to buildings to improve facilities for disabled persons are exempt from charges.

TABLE C – ALL OTHER WORK		
Description	Charge	Charge
Description	(excl. VAT)	(incl. VAT)
Under £1,000	£106.00	£127.20
£1,001 to £5,000	£213.00	£255.60
£5,001 to £10,000	£284.00	£340.80
£10,001 to £20,000	£391.00	£469.20
£20,001 to £30,000	£554.00	£664.80
£30,001 to £40,000	£676.00	£811.20
£40,001 to £50,000	£781.00	£937.20
£50,001 to £60,000	£959.00	£1,150.80
£60,001 to £70,000	£1,030.00	£1,236.00
£70,001 to £80,000	£1,136.00	£1,363.20
Over £80,000	Price on a	oplication

For competitive quotations for projects over £80,000 please contact the building control team on

01993 861651 or by emailing building.control@westoxon.gov.uk

TABLE C – ALL OTHER WORK continued				
Description	Charge	Charge		
Description	(excl. VAT)	(incl. VAT)		
Electrical installations if not using a competent electrical engineer	£437.00	£524.40		
New windows install by non FENSA opp – up to 8 windows	£106.00	£127.20		
New windows install by non FENSA opp – over to 8 windows	Price on application			

Notes on additional services:

- a) Local Authority Building Control (LABC) can provide competitively priced 10 year Structural
- **b)** SAP/EPC and SBEM calculations can be provided price on application.
- c) Air pressure testing can be provided price on application.

For more information please contact:

The building control team on 01993 861651 Email: building.control@westoxon.gov.uk

TABLE D - ADDITIONAL SERVICES

Other relevant services not covered by the previous tables may be undertaken on a 'cost recovery' basis. The following are examples of additional services which the Council may provide:

- Provision of Completion Certificates e.g. where requested more than six months after completion of the building work
- Advisory work in connection with i) demolition of buildings and ii)
 dangerous structures
- There is a charge of £132 to administer an application which has not been visited for 10 years.

Services will be charged on an hourly rate of £66.00 per hour (including VAT).

		2020/2021 Basic Charge £ p	2021/2022 Basic Charge £ p	VAT £ p	2021/2022 Total Charge £ p	VAT Status
	Dog Control (Release of an impounded Stray Dog)					
	Statutory Fee Kennelling per day Administration Fee Delivery Charge (Optional return of dog to owner by the kennels)	25.00 20.00 33.20 49.00	25.00 22.00 36.50 53.90	- - - 10.78	25.00 22.00 36.50 64.67	Non business Non business Non business Standard
	Note: The cost of veterinary treatment will be passed on in full to the dog owner. Owners it	n receipt of an incor	me-related benefit si	hall only be c	harged for kennellii	ng and
	Dog Chipping - Standard (subject to availibility) Dog Chipping - Concessionary (subject to availibility)	16.55 16.55	18.20 18.20	3.64 3.64	21.84 21.83	Standard Standard
Pa	Other Services Radar keys	4.00	4.40	0.88	5.28	Standard
age	Public Sewer Searches statutory fee	30.00	30.00	-	30.00	Non business
204	Fairs Chipping Norton Mop Fair Woodstock Fair	5,000.00 2,500.00	5,250.00 2,625.00		5,250.00 2,625.00	Exempt Exempt
	Home Improvement Agency:					
	Agency Fees for Grant-aided Works up to £5,000 Agency Fees for balance of Grant-aided Works Above £5,000 Small Repairs Fee - Estimates quoted at £20 per hour plus VAT (if applicable) plus cost of	17% of cost 14% of cost of materials used	15% of cost 15% of cost			As Applicable As Applicable As Applicable
	Agency Fees for balance of Grant-aided Works Above £5,000 Small Repairs Fee - Estimates quoted at £20 per hour plus VAT (if applicable) plus cost of	14% of cost of materials used	15% of cost			As Applicable As Applicable

Environmental Services

		2020/2021 Basic Charge	2021/2022 Basic Charge	VAT	2021/2022 Total Charge	VAT Status
		£р	£р	£р	£р	
Street Naming and Numbering						
Change of an existing property name		60.50	63.52	-	63.52	Non Business
Allocating a name to a property or allocating a number to a named property		60.50	63.52	-	63.52	Non Business
Change of a commercial building address		60.50	63.52	-	63.52	Non Business
Change of street name at residents, developers or parish/town council request		362.25	380.36	-	380.36	Non Business
Plus additional charge per property/unit where consultation with existing residen	ts is to be carried out by WODC	40.00	41.99	-	41.99	Non Business
Naming and numbering of a block of flats		180.90	189.95	-	189.95	Non Business
Naming and numbering of new properties including commercial buildings	Per Unit up to 5 plots	60.50	63.52	-	63.52	Non Business
5 5 , ,gg-	6 - 25 plots	511.80	537.39	-	537.39	Non Business
	26 - 75 plots	796.00	835.79	-	835.79	Non Business
	76 - 150 plots	1,137.25	1,194.11	-	1,194.11	Non Business
	151 - 250 plots	1,421.55	1,492.63	-	1,492.63	Non Business
	251 - 350 plots	1,705.90	1,791.19	-	1,791.19	Non Business
	351 - 500 plots	1,990.15	2,089.66	-	2,089.66	Non Business
	501 or more plots	2,274.50	2,388.22	-	2,388.22	Non Business
Additional charges where new street names are required:						
	1 - 5 new street names	227.50	238.87	-	238.87	Non Business
	6 - 10 new street names	454.90	477.64	-	477.64	Non Business
	10 or more new street names	568.75	597.19	-	597.19	Non Business
Charge for a developer amending plans after naming and numbering has comm	enced	120.95	127.00	-	127.00	Non Business
Charges for preparing site location plans and supervising the installation of stree	et nameplates					
	1-4 Nameplates	190.40	199.90	39.98	239.88	Standard Rate
	5-8 Nameplates	244.75	257.00	51.40	308.40	Standard Rate
	9-12 Nameplates	299.10	314.10	62.82	376.92	Standard Rate
	13-16 Nameplates	353.50	371.20	74.24	445.44	Standard Rate
	17-20 Nameplates	407.95	428.40	85.68	514.08	Standard Rate
	21-24 Nameplates	462.30	485.40	97.08	582.48	Standard Rate
	25-28 Nameplates	516.70	542.50	108.50	651.00	Standard Rate
	29+ Nameplates	543.85	571.00	114.20	685.20	Standard Rate
Note:						

Annex D

Note

The charges above include all necessary administration, site visits to carry out existing address checks, establishing any new street names required and the publishing of the new addresses to relevant organisations

Environmental Services Annex D

	Services Rendered or Performed		2020/2021 Basic Charge £ p	2021/2022 Basic Charge £ p	VAT £ p	2021/2022 Total Charge £ p	VAT Status
	Pest Control - Domestic						
	Rats & Mice (per course of treatment)		53.40	56.10	11.22	67.32	Standard
	Note: Pest Control for rats and mice will be o occupiers of domestic premises in receipt of	,	17.75	18.60	3.72	22.32	Standard
	Wasps		51.30	53.90	10.78	64.68	Standard
_	Second & Subsequent wasps nests treated	during the same visit	25.50	26.80	5.36	32.16	Standard
Ώ.	Other Insects		67.25	70.60	14.12	84.72	Standard
אַ	Other Insects - all following visits		35.85	37.70	7.54	45.24	
a D P	Abortive Calls and Surveys		17.75	18.60	3.72	22.32	Standard
2	Pest Control - Commercial						
2	All pests (except wasps)	per hour (min 1 hour)	85.45	89.70	17.94	107.64	Standard
	Wasps	(includes materials)	85.45	89.70	17.94	107.64	Standard
	Abortive Calls and Surveys	per ½ hour (min ½ hour)	42.75	44.90	8.98	53.88	Standard

Environmental Services Annex D

	2020/2021 Basic Charge £ p	2021/2022 Basic Charge £ p	VAT £ p	2021/2022 Total Charge £ p	VAT Status
Services Rendered or Performed	~ P	~ F	- F	~ r	
Commercial & Schedule 1 Waste (Refuse)					
Cost per collection					
180 Litre Bin (Schedule 1 only)	4.92	5.17	-	5.17	Non Business
240 Litre Bin	6.59	6.92	-	6.92	Non Business
360 Litre Bin	10.17	10.68	-	10.68	Non Business
660 Litre Bin	13.25	13.92	-	13.92	Non Business
1,100 Litre Bin	18.78	19.72	-	19.72	Non Business
660 Litre Bin - Clinical	13.09	13.74	-	13.74	Non Business
Annual once per week collection					
180 Litre Bin (Schedule 1 only)	255.84	268.63	-	268.63	Non Business
240 Litre Bin	342.68	359.85	-	359.85	Non Business
360 Litre Bin	528.84	555.17	-	555.17	Non Business
660 Litre Bin	689.00	723.63	-	723.63	Non Business
1,100 Litre Bin	976.56	1,025.28	-	1,025.28	Non Business
660 Litre Bin - Clinical	680.68	714.68	-	714.68	Non Business
Commercial & Schedule 1 Waste (Recycling)					
Cost per collection					
180 Litre Bin (Schedule 1 only)	3.21	3.37	-	3.37	Non Business
240 Litre Bin	4.31	4.52	-	4.52	Non Business
360 Litre Bin	6.67	7.01	-	7.01	Non Business
660 Litre Bin	9.23	9.69	-	9.69	Non Business
1,100 Litre Bin	13.10	13.75	-	13.75	Non Business
Commercial & Schedule 1 Waste (Food)					
23 Litre Caddy	3.55	3.72	-	3.72	Standard
140 Litre Bin	4.41	4.63	-	4.63	Standard
240 Litre Bin	5.17	5.42	-	5.42	Standard
360 Litre Bin	6.07	6.37	-	6.37	Standard
660 Litre Bin	8.31	8.73	-	8.73	Standard

These charges are net of VAT as per a change in HMRC policy but may be subject to future review

Environmental Services

		2020/2021 Basic Charge	2021/2022 Basic Charge	VAT	2021/2022 Total Charge	VAT Status
		£р	£р	£р	£р	
S	Services Rendered or Performed					
	*Pre paid plastic sacks - per sack (Refuse)	2.65	2.80	-	2.80	Non Business
	*Pre paid stickers - per sticker (Refuse)	2.65	2.80	-	2.80	Non Business
	*Pre paid plastic sacks - per sack (Recycling)	2.15	2.30	-	2.30	Non Business
	*Pre paid stickers - per sticker (Recycling)	2.15	2.30	-	2.30	Non Business
	*Service to be available where wheeled bins are unsuitable					
	For Domestic use only:-					
	Bulky household waste charges					
T	Contaminated bin	96.70	101.50	-	101.50	Non Business
Ø	Waste collection from commercial establishments					
Page	(See page 12.17 for chargeable items)					
N	Green Waste Collection	30.00	35.00	-	35.00	Non-business
80	Recovery of Abandoned Trolleys (per trolley)	50.24	52.75	10.55	63.30	Standard

Bulky Household Waste Collection Service

Annex D Increase %	1.050

1.084 1.066

Normal Items	2020/2021 Basic Charge £ p	2021/2022 Basic Charge £ p	VAT £ p	2021/2022 Total Charge £ p	VAT Status	
Normal Household items* Up to 4 items Each additional item with a limit of up to two additional items	27.68 9.22	27.68 9.22	- -	27.68 9.22	Non business Non business	Scott Willia Scott Willia
Please refer to www.Westoxon.gov.uk for the up to date list of	collectable items					
Non - standard household items Non - standard household items	27.68	27.68	-	27.68		Scott Willia

Please refer to www.Westoxon.gov.uk for the up to date list of collectable items.

Note: The Council will not collect the following items:

Asbestos, Bricks, Builders Rubble, Car Shells, Chemicals, Gas Bottles, Oil Drums, Paint, Trailers, Vehicle Engines (or other parts) or Vehicle wheels/tyres

Annex E

CALCULATION OF DISTRICT COUNCIL TAXBASE 2021/22

BAND	CHARGEABLE DWELLINGS IN BAND	LESS TOTAL RELIEFS	PLUS FORECAST NEW BUILD	NET CHARGEABLE DWELLINGS	BAND 'D' CONVERSION	TRADITIONAL BAND 'D' EQUIVALENT CHARGEABLE DWELLINGS	NEW DISCOUNT ADJUSTMENTS	NEW BAND D EQUIVALENT CHARGEABLE DWELLINGS AT 98.5%	ADJUSTMENT FOR MOD CONTRIB IN LIEU	TAX BASE FOR COUNCIL SETTING PURPOSE
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7) (COL 5 × 6)	(8)	(9) (COL7+8)*0.985		
Pagé Agé	3	-0.25	0.00	2.75	5/9	1.53	0.00	1.50		1.50
	1,453	-271.25	0.00	1,181.75	6/9	787.83	42.33	817.71		817.71
240	4,891	-799.50	0.00	4,091.50	7/9	3,182.28	27.22	3,161.36		3,161.36
С	16,500	-1,632.75	0.00	14,867.25	8/9	13,215.33	87.56	13,103.35		13,103.35
D	10,819	-938.25	877.29	10,758.04	I	10,758.04	-2,424.77	8,208.27	932.50	9,140.77
E	7,218	-541.25	0.00	6,676.75	11/9	8,160.47	101.45	8,137.99		8,137.99
F	4,123	-248.75	0.00	3,874.25	13/9	5,596.14	80.16	5,591.15		5,591.15
G	2,726	-192.50	0.00	2,533.50	15/9	4,222.50	129.17	4,286.39		4,286.39
Н	356	-40.50	0.00	315.50	2	631.00	57.00	677.68		677.68
TAXBASI	E FOR TAX SETTIN	IG PURPOSES			46,555.12	-1,899.88	43,985.41	932.50	44,917.91	

PARISH PRECEPTS AND TAXBASE 2020/21 & 2021/22

PARISH	4——	TAXBASE		—	PRECEPT	→	← BAND	D COUNCI	L TAX—▶
	2020/2021	2021/2022	%	2020/2021	2021/2022	%	2020/2021	2021/2022	%
			CHANGE			CHANGE			CHANGE
	No.	No.		£	£		£	£	
ALVESCOT	202.03	202.67	0.32	14,436	14,500	0.44	71.45	71.54	0.13
ASCOTT-UNDER-WYCHWOOD	252.92	252.68	(0.09)	22,162		(100.00)	87.62	0.00	(100.00)
ASTHAL	151.88	154.32	1.61	3,684		(100.00)	24.26	0.00	(100.00)
ASTON,COTE,SHIFFORD & CHIMNEY	582.80	589.42	1.14	28,988		(100.00)	49.74	0.00	(100.00)
BAMPTON	1,204.64	1,231.20	2.20	134,349	141,000	4.95	111.53	114.52	2.68
BLACK BOURTON	126.22	122.21	(3.18)	13,119		(100.00)	103.94	0.00	(100.00)
BLADON	391.56	388.08	(0.89)	40,393	40,287	(0.26)	103.16	103.81	0.63
BLENHEIM	24.52	24.68	0.65	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
BRIZE NORTON	380.25	468.06	23.09	25,039	31,256	24.83	65.85	66.78	1.41
BROADWELL	71.06	67.75	(4.66)	497		(100.00)	6.99	0.00	(100.00)
BRUERN	36.80	37.07	0.73	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
BURFORD	741.55	758.23	2.25	75,542		(100.00)	101.87	0.00	(100.00)
CARTERTON	5,300.63	5,347.73	0.89	391,929		(100.00)	73.94	0.00	(100.00)
CASSINGTON	318.97	327.54	2.69	14,354	22,050	53.62	45.00	67.32	49.60
CHADLINGTON	379.94	380.56	0.16	14,916		(100.00)	39.26	0.00	(100.00)
CHARLBURY	1,336.23	1,339.02	0.21	105,209	106,096	0.84	78.74	79.23	0.62
CHASTLETON	65.29	63.81	(2.27)	0		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CHILSON	56.89	57.46	1.00	300	300	0.00	5.27	5.22	(0.95)
CHIPPING NORTON	2,711.99	2,737.46	0.94	312,188		(100.00)	115.11	0.00	(100.00)
CHURCHILL & SARSDEN	335.66	341.72	1.81	28,800		(100.00)	85.80	0.00	(100.00)
CLANFIELD	358.75	358.70	(0.01)	19,077		(100.00)	53.18	0.00	(100.00)
СОМВЕ	330.05	335.65	1.70	13,453	13,686	1.73	40.76	40.77	0.02
CORNBURY & WYCHWOOD	27.14	27.58	1.62	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CORNWELL	27.72	27.96	0.87	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CRAWLEY	76.41	80.83	5.78	1,833		(100.00)	23.99	0.00	(100.00)
CURBRIDGE & LEW	250.11	309.69	23.82	14,658	17,500	19.39	58.61	56.51	(3.58)
DUCKLINGTON	638.08	635.01	(0.48)	3 4 ,001	35,701	5.00	53.29	56.22	5.50
ENSTONE	593.71	579.54	(2.39)	33,056	33,214	0.48	55.68	57.31	2.93
EYNSHAM	1,976.23	2,039.58	3.21	124,165		(100.00)	62.83	0.00	(100.00)

PARISH PRECEPTS AND TAXBASE 2020/21 & 2021/22

PARISH	-	TAXBASE		PRECEPT	PRECEPT		← BAND	← BAND D COUNCIL TA		
	2020/2021	2021/2022	%	2020/2021	2021/2022	%	2020/2021	2021/2022	%	
			CHANGE			CHANGE			CHANGE	
	No.	No.		£	£		£	£		
FAWLER	44.34	45.19	1.92	0		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
FIFIELD	107.85	107.28	(0.53)	5,961		(100.00)	55.27	0.00	(100.00)	
FILKINS & BROUGHTON POGGS	215.62	215.14	(0.22)	17,757		(100.00)	82.35	0.00	(100.00)	
FINSTOCK	293.40	293.39	(0.00)	22,617		(100.00)	77.09	0.00	(100.00)	
FREELAND	667.43	693.37	3.89	62,494		(100.00)	93.63	0.00	(100.00)	
FULBROOK	241.93	241.97	0.02	7,383		(100.00)	30.52	0.00	(100.00)	
GLYMPTON	39.60	42.48	7.27	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
GRAFTON & RADCOT	31.77	31.25	(1.6 4)	0		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
GREAT TEW	88.23	89.94	1.94	149		(100.00)	1.69	0.00	(100.00)	
HAILEY	491.60	499.88	1.68	34,669	35,266	1.72	70.52	70.55	0.04	
HANBOROUGH	1,321.14	1,352.42	2.37	92,295	94,481	2.37	69.86	69.86	0.00	
HARDWICK WITH YELFORD	52.51	52.35	(0.30)	0		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
HEYTHROP	69.12	65.49	(5.25)	1,190	1,200	0.84	17.22	18.32	6.39	
HOLWELL	25.47	25.31	(0.63)	0		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
IDBURY	74.16	74.79	0.85	0		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
KELMSCOTT	42.92	40.81	(4.92)	0		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
KENCOT	64.30	63.34	(1.49)	0		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
KIDDINGTON WITH ASTERLEIGH	52.46	54.95	4.75	0		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
KINGHAM	392.15	390.32	(0.47)	27,606		(100.00)	70.40	0.00	(100.00)	
LANGFORD	158.83	155.62	(2.02)	3,954		(100.00)	24.89	0.00	(100.00)	
LEAFIELD	372.18	372.79	0.16	61,945		(100.00)	166.44	0.00	(100.00)	
LITTLE FARINGDON	40.58	41.68	2.71	0		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
LITTLE TEW	102.41	104.62	2.16	1,295		(100.00)	12.65	0.00	(100.00)	
LYNEHAM	87.71	88.89	1.35	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
MILTON-UNDER-WYCHWOOD	754.25	766.01	1.56	48,958		(100.00)	64.91	0.00	(100.00)	
MINSTER LOVELL	647.36	636.22	(1.72)	37,439		(100.00)	57.83	0.00	(100.00)	
NORTH LEIGH	828.40	891.59	7.63	40,563	30,000	(26.04)	48.97	33.65	(31.28)	
NORTHMOOR	185.95	185.68	(0.15)	4,048		(100.00)	21.77	0.00	(100.00)	
OVER NORTON	198.11	196.69	(0.72)	20,803		(100.00)	105.01	0.00	(100.00)	

PARISH PRECEPTS AND TAXBASE 2020/21 & 2021/22

PARISH	-	TAXBASE		-	PRECEPT		← BAND	D COUNCI	L TAX—►
	2020/2021	2021/2022	%	2020/2021	2021/2022	%	2020/2021	2021/2022	%
			CHANGE			CHANGE			CHANGE
	No.	No.		£	£		£	£	
RAMSDEN	179.11	182.04	1.64	16,610	20,275	22.07	92.74	111.38	20.10
ROLLRIGHT	243.84	244.73	0.36	11,500	12,006	4.40	47.16	49.06	4.03
ROUSHAM	25.86	25.91	0.19	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
SALFORD	129.16	125.01	(3.21)	6,621		(100.00)	51.26	0.00	(100.00)
SANDFORD ST MARTIN	149.69	144.97	(3.15)	9,468		(100.00)	63.25	0.00	(100.00)
SHILTON	282.67	287.62	1.75	7,914		(100.00)	28.00	0.00	(100.00)
SHIPTON-UNDER-WYCHWOOD	657.89	675.69	2.71	35,240	36,332	3.10	53.57	53.77	0.37
SOUTH LEIGH	167.23	167.11	(0.07)	7,272		(100.00)	43.49	0.00	(100.00)
SPELSBURY	148.98	149.84	0.58	6,718		(100.00)	45.09	0.00	(100.00)
STANDLAKE	664.41	665.66	0.19	24,698	25,000	1.22	37.17	37.56	1.05
STANTON HARCOURT	420.02	447.71	6.59	21,784		(100.00)	51.86	0.00	(100.00)
STEEPLE BARTON	582.81	592.59	1.68	20,773		(100.00)	35.64	0.00	(100.00)
STONESFIELD	685.75	688.86	0.45	31,960		(100.00)	46.61	0.00	(100.00)
SWERFORD	88.12	89.30	1.34	3,163	3,200	1.17	35.89	35.83	(0.17)
SWINBROOK & WIDFORD	96.85	91.47	(5.55)	1,490		(100.00)	15.38	0.00	(100.00)
TACKLEY	460.99	480.03	4.13	26,046		(100.00)	56.50	0.00	(100.00)
TAYNTON	78.03	78.53	0.64	3,989	4,000	0.28	51.12	50.94	(0.35)
WESTCOT BARTON	86.87	82.68	(4.82)	996		(100.00)	11.47	0.00	(100.00)
WESTWELL	48.27	47.47	(1.66)	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
WITNEY	10,548.84	10,638.06	0.85	1,628,699		(100.00)	154.40	0.00	(100.00)
WOODSTOCK	1,559.98	1,563.18	0.21	98,842	122,800	24.24	63.36	78.56	23.99
WOOTTON	288.79	295.45	2.31	8,723		(100.00)	30.21	0.00	(100.00)
WORTON	49.25	48.38	(1.77)	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
TOTAL TAXBASE (No.)	44,285.22	44,917.96	1.43						
TOTAL PRECEPT(£)				3,929,780	840,150	(78.62)			
AVERAGE 'BAND D' COUNCIL TAX (£)							88.74	18.70	(78.93)

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Agenda Item 11

By virtue of paragraph(s) 3 of Part 1 of Schedule 12A of the Local Government Act 1972.

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